

2025 OFC Conference and Exhibition Session Guide

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Monday, 30 August

08:00 -- 10:00

Room 207

M1D • Multi-Mode and Polarization-Dependent Devices

M1D.1 • 08:00

Ultra-Compact and Low-Loss Pixelated Mode (De)-Multiplexer for Mode-Division

Multiplexed Coherent-Lite Optical Interconnects, Aolong Sun^{1,2}, Hua Tan^{1,2}, Xuyu Deng¹, An Yan¹, Qiyuan Li³, Zengfan Shen³, Sizhe Xing¹, Yuqin Yuan¹, Junhao Zhao¹, Yongzhu Hu¹, Zhongya Li¹, Boyu Dong¹, Fangchen Hu², Ziwei Li¹, Jianyang Shi¹, Chao Shen¹, Li Shen³, Wei Chu², Haiwen Cai², Nan Chi¹, Junwen Zhang¹; ¹*Fudan Univ., China*; ²*Zhangjiang Laboratory, China*; ³*Huazhong Univ. of Science and Technology, China*. We demonstrate an ultra-compact and low-loss pixelated four-TE-mode (de)multiplexer with sub-1 dB insertion loss for all modes at 1550 nm, enabling net 1.09 Tb/s/λ SCM-32QAM signal transmission across 16 wavelengths in mode-division-multiplexed coherent-lite optical interconnects.

M1D.2 • 08:15

Orbital Angular Momentum Beam Generation with Inversedesigned Multimode Meta-

Waveguides, Tiange Wu¹, Kaiyuan Wang¹, Jing Luan¹, Yifei Chong¹, Shuang Zheng¹, Minming Zhang¹; ¹*Huazhong Uni of Science and Technology, China*. We design, fabricate and demonstrate chip-scale inverse-designed multimode meta-waveguides to generate OAM beam. By experimental measurement, eight kinds of optical vortex beams can be generated in the wavelength range of 1530 nm to 1570 nm.

M1D.3 • 08:30

High-Performance and Scalable Four-Mode Cyclic Mode Converter Enabled by Semi-

Inverse Designed Directional Couplers, Yongchen Wang¹, Zhe Yuan¹, Hangming Fan¹, Junlin Pan¹, Xiaoyang Liu¹, Mengfan Cheng^{1,2}, Qi Yang^{1,3}, Deming Liu^{1,3}, Lei Deng^{1,2}; ¹*Wuhan National Laboratory for Optoelectronics and School of Optical and Electronic Information, Huazhong Univ. of Science and Techn, China*; ²*Shenzhen Huazhong Univ. of Science and Technology Research Inst., China*; ³*JinYinHu Laboratory, China*. We present a high-scalability, wide-bandwidth, and high-performance four-mode cyclic-mode converter based on efficient semi-inverse design with variable-length segments. The measured insertion loss is <1.8dB, the crosstalk is <-15dB, and 110Gbps-PAM4 signal transmission is experimentally achieved.

M1D.4 • 08:45

Ultra-Broadband Double-Layered Polarization Rotator by Inverse Design and 193-nm

DUV Lithography, Hao Chen¹, Zengqi Chen¹, Yipeng Zang², Qinfen Hao³, Yeyu Tong¹; ¹*Hong Kong Univ of Sci & Tech (Guangzhou), China*; ²*Wuxi Inst. of Interconnect Technology Ltd, China*; ³*Inst. of Computing Technology, Chinese Academy of Sciences, China*. We experimentally demonstrated an integrated polarization rotator using always-feasible inverse design and 193-nm DUV lithography. An experimental peak insertion loss of -0.41 dB and 1-dB bandwidth of >100 nm can be obtained.

M1D.5 • 09:00

Spatial and Polarization Mode Multiplexer Using a Reflective Metasurface Chip, Go

Soma¹, Kento Komatsu¹, Yoshiaki Nakano¹, Takuo Tanemura¹; ¹*School of Engineering, The Univ. of Tokyo, Japan*. We demonstrate a spatial and polarization mode multiplexer based on

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reflective metasurface. Using a compact device with $\sim 0.65\text{-mm}^2$ chip size, we achieve simultaneous conversion of six input modes to the desired spatial and polarization modes.

M1D.6 • 09:15 (Top-Scored)

Multimode-Enabled Silicon Photonic Delay Line, Shihan Hong¹, Long Zhang¹, Jiachen Wu¹, Yingying Peng¹, Linyan Lyu¹, Yinpeng Hu¹, Yiwei Xie¹, Daoxin Dai¹; ¹*Zhejiang Univ., China*. We demonstrated a multimode-enabled silicon photonic delay line by supporting multiple modes propagating in parallel in a single ultralow-loss multimode waveguide spiral, towards an ultra-large delay range and ultra-high delay density time delay system.

M1D.7 • 09:30 (Invited)

Mode Control Devices Based on Silica-PLC for SDM, Kunimasa Saitoh¹, Takanori Sato¹, Takayoshi Mori², Taiji Sakamoto², Takashi Matsui², Kazuhide Nakajima²; ¹*Hokkaido Univ., Japan*; ²*NTT Corporation, Japan*. Recent advances in silica-based planar lightwave circuit (PLC) devices for spatial mode control in space division multiplexing (SDM) are presented, focusing on device designs achieving low loss, tunability, and broadband performance for mode-division-multiplexing (MDM) transmission.

08:00 -- 10:00

Room 208

M1E • System Characterization and Monitoring

Presider: Zhixin Liu; Univ. College London, UK

M1E.1 • 08:00

An Accurate, Sensitive, and Wide-Range Skew Calibration Method for Transmitter with Segmented Modulator Using Probability-Maintained Multi-Notch Sequence, Tong Ye¹, Jingnan Li¹, Ke Zhang¹, Xiaofei Su¹, Shinsuke Tanaka², Yohei Sobu², Hisao Nakashima², Takeshi Hoshida², Zhenning Tao¹; ¹*Fujitsu R&D Center, China*; ²*Fujitsu Ltd., Japan*. Probability-maintained multi-notch sequence is proposed for skew calibration in segmented modulator. For fine calibration, the sensitivity is 4 times that of conventional method. The estimation error of coarse calibration that covers 0.5-3 UI is only 0.023 UI.

M1E.2 • 08:15

In-Field Self-Calibration Scheme Enabling Separation of Frequency Response/IQ Skew of Coherent Optical Transceivers, Hongyu Li¹, Mengfan Cheng¹, Qi Yang¹, Ming Tang¹, Deming Liu¹, Lei Deng¹; ¹*huazhong Univ. Of Science and Technology, China*. The in-field self-calibration scheme is proposed for coherent optical transceivers separating the frequency-response/IQ-skew characterization of Tx/Rx without extra optical equipment. Sub-ps timing correction ($<0.2\text{ps}$) and frequency-response ($<1\text{dB}$, $<0.25\text{rad}$) correction enable the 40/20GBaud 16/64QAM signals transmissions.

M1E.3 • 08:30

Low-Complexity Digital Twinning of Optical I/Q Modulator by Direct-Detection With Widely Non-Linear Phase Retrieval, Yuki Yoshida¹, Shoichiro Oda², Naokatsu Yamamoto¹, Takeshi Hoshida², Kouichi Akahane¹; ¹*National Inst of Information & Comm Tech, Japan*; ²*Fujitsu Limited, Japan*. A direct-detection based simultaneous monitoring and modeling of I/Q-dependent frequency responses and Volterra-type high-order nonlinearities in an optical

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I/Q modulator is proposed and demonstrated experimentally in a 10-Gbaud 128-QAM system.

M1E.4 • 08:45

Characterizing Devices Nonlinearity in Optical Communications: a Notch-Free Approach, Xiang Lin¹, Zhiping Jiang¹, Meng Qiu¹, Xuefeng Tang¹; ¹*Huawei Technologies Canada Co. Ltd, Canada*. In high-speed optical communications, device imperfections, especially nonlinear ones, significantly degrade signals. We experimentally proved that the nonlinear noise-to-signal ratio can be characterized through frequency subband analysis, without altering the nonlinear system's transfer function.

M1E.5 • 09:00 (Top-Scored)

In-Service Monitor and Pre-Compensation of 100 Gbaud-Class Coherent Transmitter by a 5 GHz Photodetector, Ke Zhang¹, Jingnan Li¹, Tong Ye¹, Hisao Nakashima², Takeshi Hoshida², Zhenning Tao¹; ¹*Fujitsu Research & Development Center CO., LTD, China*; ²*Fujitsu Limited, Japan*. We experimentally verify that the inherent imperfection of a 100 Gbaud-class coherent transmitter can be accurately monitored and pre-compensated in the background merely by a single photodetector of 5GHz-bandwidth based on error backpropagation scheme.

M1E.6 • 09:15

Experimental Demonstration of a Precision-Enhanced ADC Using a Dual-Stage Quantization, Qiuyan Li¹, Jifang Qiu¹, Ziqi Zhang¹, Yuepeng Wu¹, Bowen Zhang¹, Yan Li¹, Jian Wu¹; ¹*Beijing Univ. of Posts & Telecom, China*. We propose a precision-enhanced ADC scheme combining optical phase quantization and electrical amplitude quantization. Experimental results show a 2-bit improvement in ENOB compared to an unenhanced ADC at a sampling rate of 10Gs/s.

M1E.7 • 09:30

A Modulation-Agnostic Pilot-Aided Fiber Length Estimator for High-Speed Coherent Links, Nestor D. Campos¹, Marcos Olmos Rebellato¹, Agustin Martinez Balsa¹, Damian Morero¹; ¹*Marvell Semiconductor Inc., Argentina*. We propose and validate an algorithm for estimating the optical fiber length in a 375 km (max) coherent link. The algorithm uses a tailored pilot symbol sequence, assessed with QAM16 at 90GBd.

M1E.8 • 09:45

Localization of Multipath Interference in IM/DD Systems by Receiver-Side DSP Using Signal and Noise Correlation, Leyan Fei¹, Mengfan Fu¹, Yicheng Xu¹, Yu Guo¹, Xi Chen¹, Weisheng Hu¹, Qunbi Zhuge¹; ¹*Shanghai Jiao Tong Univ., China*. We propose and experimentally demonstrate an MPI localization scheme based on signal and noise correlation (SNC) and cyclic accumulation (CA), achieving localization accuracy of 3m and a 4000-fold reduction in storage requirement for correlation operations.

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08:00 -- 10:00

Room 215

M11 • Optical X-Haul and In-Door Architectures

Presider: Lihua Ruan; Peng Cheng Laboratory, China

M11.1 • 08:00

Cloned-Comb Enabled Communication & Clock Distribution Integrated Fronthaul

Architecture, Jingjing Lin¹, Chenbo Zhang¹, Weihan Liang¹, Yixiao Zhu², Weisheng Hu², Zhangyuan Chen¹, Weiwei Hu¹, Xiaopeng Xie¹; ¹*Peking Univ., China*; ²*Shanghai Jiaotong Univ., China*. We propose an integrated fronthaul architecture that simultaneously realizes 1-ps timing jitter clock distribution and DSP-simplified 2.88-Tb/s self-homodyne transmission by comb cloning, yielding simple, low-cost solution for multi-functional 6G-network, empowering both large-capacity communication and high-precision positioning.

M11.2 • 08:15

First Demonstration of OTFS in a D-Band Indoor Wireless Communication System Based on Photonics-Aided Scheme, Mingxu Wang¹, Jianjun Yu¹, Xianming Zhao², Xiongwei Yang¹, Chengzhen Bian¹, Qitong Zhang¹, Wen Zhou¹, Kaihui Wang¹, Weiping Li¹; ¹*Fudan Univ., China*; ²*Harbin Inst. of Technology, China*. First experimental demonstration of OTFS is achieved in a photonics-aided D-band indoor wireless communication system, achieving better BER performance, >2 dB power sensitivity improvement and higher capacity over OFDM in both static and mobile channels.

M11.3 • 08:30

Optical X-Haul for Beyond 5G: Cost-Effective Deployment Strategies, Brianna Laird¹, Chathurika Ranaweera¹, Julien Ugon¹; ¹*Deakin Univ., Australia*. We introduce a scalable optimization framework for cost minimized network planning in beyond 5G. The results demonstrate how scalable optical x-haul networks can be designed across different deployment scenarios, optimizing cost and performance for B5G infrastructure.

M11.4 • 08:45

Cross-Layer Resource Optimization for Energy Minimization in Reconfigurable Optical Crosshaul Architecture, Yijie Tao¹, Chathurika Ranaweera², Sampath Edirisinghe³, Christina Lim¹, Ampalavanapillai Nirmalathas¹, Lena Wosinska⁴, Tingting Song¹; ¹*Univ. of Melbourne, Australia*; ²*Deakin Univ., Australia*; ³*Univ. of Sri Jayewardenepura, Sri Lanka*; ⁴*Chalmers Univ. of Technology, Sweden*. We formulated a cross-layer optimization framework for next-generation reconfigurable optical crosshaul architecture in Radio Access Networks (RAN) that jointly optimizes optical, packet, and RAN function-layer resources to minimize power consumption while meeting service demands.

M11.5 • 09:00 (Invited)

From Artificial Intelligence to Active Inference: "Natural Intelligence" - the Future of AI-Native 6G, Martin Maier¹; ¹*INRS-Energie Materiaux et Telecom, Canada*. Today's complex networks increasingly resemble biological superorganisms with brain-like cognitive capabilities. This paper elaborates on today's AI and what it can become by using active inference to biomimic key elements found in living intelligent systems.

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M11.6 • 09:30 (Invited)

Optical Home LAN Innovations to Meet Current and Future Needs, Philippe Chanclou¹, Fabienne Saliou¹, Gael Simon¹, Jeremy Potet¹, Stephane Le Huerou¹, Hugues Le Bras¹; ¹*Orange Labs, France*. Optical Home LAN, utilizing PON and PtP technologies, offers a "FTTH-like" experience with high throughput, low latency, and improved Wi-Fi coverage. It ensures seamless connectivity and enhances the overall user experience within the home network.

08:00 -- 10:00

Room 301

M1J • Intelligent and Autonomous Network Management

Presider: Ricard Vilalta; Centre Tecnològic Telecom de Catalunya, Spain

M1J.1 • 08:00

ML-Assisted Traffic Grooming with Low Design Margins, Oleg Karandin¹, Francesco Musumeci¹, Yvan Pointurier², Massimo Tornatore¹; ¹*Politecnico di Milano, Italy*; ²*Huawei Technologies, Paris Research Center, France*. Low-margin design allows significant resource savings, but synergy with traffic grooming is unexplored. We propose a new low-margin-design procedure with traffic grooming and show up to 12% throughput increase from lower margins estimated via ML.

M1J.2 • 08:15

Demonstration of Flexible Congestion Control Mechanism for Distributed ML Traffic in Metro All-Optical Collaborative Switching Networks, Huitao Zhou¹, Jiawei Zhang¹, Haoyang Chen¹, Yuanhang Shi¹, Ruikun Wang¹, Yuefeng Ji¹; ¹*Beijing Univ. of Posts and Teles, China*. We demonstrate a flexible congestion control mechanism for distributed ML traffic in an all-optical collaborative switching network through an FPGA-based testbed. Experimental results show that it accelerates flow completion time and provides low latency jitter.

M1J.3 • 08:30 (Invited)

Scalable Machine Learning Models for Optical Transmission System Management, Zehao Wang^{1,3}, Agastya Raj², Giacomo Borraccini³, Shaobo Han³, Yue-Kai Huang³, Ting Wang³, Marco Ruffini², Daniel C. Kilper², Tingjun Chen¹; ¹*Duke Univ., USA*; ²*Trinity College Dublin, Ireland*; ³*NEC Laboratories America, Inc., USA*. Optical transmission systems require accurate modeling and performance estimation for autonomous adaption and reconfiguration. We present efficient and scalable machine learning (ML) methods for modeling optical networks at component- and network-level with minimized data collection.

M1J.4 • 09:00

Enhancing EDFAs Greybox Modeling in Optical Multiplex Sections Using Few-Shot Learning, Rocco D'Inghillo¹, Andrea D'Amico², Renato Ambrosone¹, Hideki Nishizawa³, Toru Mano³, Tatsuya Matsumura³, Stefano Straullu⁴, Francesco Aquilino⁴, Vittorio Curri¹; ¹*Politecnico di Torino, Italy*; ²*NEC Labs America, USA*; ³*NTT Network Innovation Labs, Japan*; ⁴*LINKS Foundation, Italy*. We combine few-shot learning and grey-box modeling for EDFAs in optical lines, training a single EDFA model on 500 spectral loads and transferring it to other EDFAs using 4-8 samples, maintaining low OSNR prediction error.

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M1J.5 • 09:15

QoT Estimation with Margin-Driven Transfer Learning in Time-Varying Optical Networks, Piotr T. Lechowicz¹, Carlos Natalino¹, Paolo Monti¹; ¹*Chalmers Univ. of Technology, Sweden*. Estimating transmission quality in an optical network is critical for resource efficiency but challenging due to the infrastructure time-varying state. We propose a transfer learning solution to adapt a data-driven model to network changes.

M1J.6 • 09:30

Transceiver Penalty and Amplifier Noise Figure Characterization for Accurate QoT Estimation in Hyperscale Disaggregated DCI Networks, Yan He¹, Zhiqun Zhai², Sai Chen², Huan Zhang², Chuang Xu¹, Liang Dou³, Yuanhao Su⁴, Chao Lu¹, Alan Pak Tao Lau¹; ¹*The Hong Kong Polytechnic Univ., Hong Kong*; ²*Alibaba Cloud, China*; ³*Alibaba Cloud, China*; ⁴*Alibaba Cloud, China*. We demonstrated that experimentally characterizing the input/frequency-dependent amplifier noise figure and input power dependent transceiver penalty can reduce the RMSE of QoT estimation from 0.662dB to 0.287dB in hyperscale disaggregated DCI production networks.

M1J.7 • 09:45

Autonomous Closed-Loop Operations to Ensure QoT Connections in SDN-Controlled Elastic Optical Networks, Ricardo Martínez¹, Josep Maria Fàbrega¹, Ramon Casellas¹, Ricard Vilalta¹, Raul Muñoz¹, Henry Yu², Yanpeng Wang², Mahdi Hemmati², Christopher Janz², Hao Li³, Haoyu Feng³; ¹*Centre Tecnològic Telecom de Catalunya, Spain*; ²*Huawei Technologies Canada Co, Ltd., Canada*; ³*Huawei Technologies, China*. This work presents an autonomous SDN controller for EONs, detailing closed-loop QoT management with telemetry, a QoT tool, and a Path Computation Server. Two recovery strategies for QoT-degraded services are proposed and numerically compared.

08:00 -- 10:00

Room 304

M1K • Light-Source and Integration I

Presider: Connie Chang-Hasnain; HC Meta Ple. Ltd., USA

M1K.1 • 08:00

Ultra-Wideband Precision Tunable Laser with Wavelength Locking Based on a High-Density Integrated DFB Laser Array, Yaqiang Fan¹, Haolin Xia¹, Zilong He¹, Yuan Lv¹, Pan Dai¹, Wei Yuan¹, Jingxuan Zhang¹, Zhenxing Sun¹, Xiangfei Chen¹; ¹*Nanjing Univ., China*. This paper presents an ultra-wideband DFB laser array with an 80 nm tuning range, employing a wavelength-locking and feedback control mechanism for rapid and precise wavelength control, suitable for future data centers and access networks.

M1K.2 • 08:15

Power-Efficient Tuning (<150 mW) of Electro-Optically Tunable RTF Laser with Control Board for Digital Coherent Communications, Yuta Ueda¹, Yusuke Saito¹, Takahiko Shindo¹, Shigeru Kanazawa¹, Makoto Shimokozono¹, Fumito Nakajima¹; ¹*NTT Device Innovation Center, Japan*. We developed an electro-optically tunable RTF laser with a control board composed of commercially available ICs. A tuning power of <150 mW at 75°C and practical light-source

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performance for a 400G-coherent system was demonstrated.

M1K.3 • 08:30 (Tutorial)

Laser Source for Silicon Photonics System, Di Liang¹; ¹*Univ. of Michigan, USA*. This tutorial covers advancements in laser sources for silicon photonics, including hybrid, heterogeneous, and monolithic integration of diode lasers and frequency combs, addressing progresses and challenges in efficiency, scalability, and stability for interconnects and emerging applications.

M1K.4 • 09:30

High-Temperature Silicon-Based InAs QD Laser for Optical Interconnects, Jiajian Chen^{2,1}, Wenqi Wei², Shihuan Ran⁴, Yuanhang Wang⁵, Jiale Qin³, Bo Yang³, Xiangru Cui³, Liangjun Lu⁴, Linjie Zhou⁴, Yu Li⁴, Zihao Wang³, Ting Wang³, Changyuan Yu¹, Jianjun Zhang^{3,2}; ¹*Hong Kong Polytechnic Univ., Hong Kong*; ²*Songshan Lake Materials Laboratory, China*; ³*Inst. of Physics, Chinese Academy of Sciences, China*; ⁴*State Key Laboratory of Advanced Optical Communication Systems and Networks, China*; ⁵*State Key Laboratory of Optical Communication Technologies and Networks, China*. This paper presents a silicon-based InAs quantum dot laser for optical transmitter, operating up to 80 C, supports 4λ× 32 Gbps data transmission, making it ideal for high-efficiency, cost-effective optical interconnects.

M1K.5 • 09:45

Flip-Chip Bonded 450-nm InGaN Laser Diodes in a Foundry Fabricated Visible-Light Silicon Photonics Platform, Xin Mu^{1,2}, Frank Weiss¹, Hongyao Chua³, Robert Lawrowski⁴, Jared Mikkelsen¹, John Straguzzi¹, Hannes Wahn¹, Joyce K. Poon², Guo-Qiang Lo³, Mariel Jama⁴, Wesley Sacher¹; ¹*Max Planck Inst. of Microstructure Physics, Germany*; ²*Univ. of Toronto, Canada*; ³*Advanced Micro Foundry Pte. Ltd., Singapore*; ⁴*ams OSRAM International GmbH, Germany*. We report hybrid integration of blue InGaN laser diodes in a visible-light silicon photonics platform using passive-alignment flip-chip bonding. We demonstrate continuous-wave on-chip optical powers of 9.6 mW and integration with optical switches and photodetectors.

08:00 -- 10:00

Rooms 201-202

M1A • The Year of Quantum: Applications, Architectures and Enabling Technologies for Quantum Communication and Computing I

Presider: Cheryl Sorace-Agaskar; MIT Lincoln Laboratory, USA

M1A.1 • 08:00 (Invited)

Xanadu's Path to Fault Tolerant Photonic Quantum Computing, Dylan Mahler¹; ¹*Xanadu Quantum Technologies Inc., Canada*. We discuss Aurora, our recent demonstration of scaling and networking in a modular architecture, as well as other recent breakthroughs on Xanadu's path to universal, fault-tolerant photonic quantum computing.

M1A.2 • 08:30 (Invited)

Building the QEYSSat Mission by Putting Quantum Optics Experiments Into

Space, Thomas Jennewein¹; ¹*Univ. of Waterloo, Canada*. Quantum communication in space allows to bridge large distances and also extend the tests over large distances, and represents an important step towards building a quantum internet. We discuss translating quantum optics

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experiments from laboratory setups to the upcoming QEYSSat space mission.

M1A.3 • 09:00 (Invited)

How to Build a Quantum Computer One Atom at a Time, Crystal Noel¹; ¹*Duke Univ., USA*. The intrinsic properties of atoms combined with engineering innovation have made trapped ions the most controllable quantum system in use today – paving the way for precision sensing, secure communication, and powerful computation.

08:00 -- 10:00

Rooms 203-204

M1B • Submarine Transmission

Presider: Haik MARDOYAN; Nokia Bell Labs, France

M1B.1 • 08:00 (Tutorial)

Power-Limited Submarine Transmission: Cable Design, Amplification Strategies and Capacity Limits, Alexei N. Pilipetskii¹; ¹*SubCom LLC, USA*. The tutorial focuses on the challenges of powering subsea cables while continuing to grow capacity. It discusses the transition to SDM cables and examines the limitations of current technology. Potential ways forward are also explored.

M1B.2 • 09:00

403 km, 10.3 Tb/s, Unrepeated Link Using Incoherent Raman Amplification Without ROPA, Ruben S. Luis¹, Divya A. Shaji^{1,2}, Daniele Orsuti³, Norihiro Ohishi⁴, Junji Yoshida⁴, Benjamin J. Puttnam¹, Luca Palmieri³, Cristian Antonelli², Hideaki Furukawa¹; ¹*NICT, Japan*; ²*Univ. of L'Aquila, Italy*; ³*Univ. of Padova, Italy*; ⁴*Furukawa Electric Co., Ltd, Japan*. We use incoherent co-propagating and conventional counter-propagating Raman pumps to transmit a 73x49 GBaud, PM-QPSK, 30 nm signal over a record 403 km link with a minimum 62 dB loss for a 10.3 Tb/s throughput.

M1B.3 • 09:15 (Invited)

High Capacity Optical Transmission for Transoceanic and Space Communication Convergence, Hidenori Takahashi¹; ¹*KDDI Research Inc., Japan*. This paper reviews the recent implementation of optical transmission technologies in submarine cable and optical satellite communications. It discusses the differences in preferred aspects of digital coherent transmission technologies between these two fields.

M1B.4 • 09:45 (Top-Scored)

Real-Time Unrepeated Transmission of 28.13Pb/s•km With 800G Transceiver and Novel Bi-Directional ROPA, Xu Jian^{2,1}, Mingxiong Duan¹, William Shieh³, Qianggao Hu¹, Jiekui Yu¹, Chen Liu², Tian Qiu², Jiale Liu², Yuming Zhao², Jianjun Wu¹, Shujuan Sun¹, Chengpeng Fu¹, Liyan Huang¹, Han Long¹, Bozhong Li⁴, Fang Chen⁴, Hao Chen⁵, Qi Yang²; ¹*ACCELINK, China*; ²*Huazhong Univ. of Science and Technology, China*; ³*Westlake Univ., China*; ⁴*State Grid Information & Telecommunication Branch, China*; ⁵*Corning Corporation Inc, USA*. We first experimentally demonstrate real-time 76.8Tb/s (96x800G) unrepeated transmission over 366.3km employing C&L bands, which is a record capacity-distance (28.13Pb/s•km), using commercial coherent transceiver, high-order remote pumping unit, optimized C+L remote gain unit, and ultra low-loss G.654E fiber.

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08:00 -- 10:00

Rooms 205-206

M1C • Sensing Applications I

Presider: Md Saifuddin Faruk; Bangor Univ., UK

M1C.1 • 08:00 (Top-Scored)

Field Trials of Manhole Localization and Condition Diagnostics by Using Ambient Noise and Temperature Data with AI in a Real-Time Integrated Fiber Sensing System, Ming-Fang Huang¹, Shaobo Han¹, Yaowen Li¹, Glenn Wellbrock², Tiejun Xia², Scott Kotria², James Moore², Philip Ji¹, Tingfeng Li¹, Yuheng Chen¹, Ting Wang¹, Yoshiaki Aono³; ¹*NEC Laboratories America Inc., USA*; ²*Verizon, USA*; ³*NEC Corporation, Japan*. Field trials of ambient noise-based automated methods for manhole localization and condition diagnostics using a real-time DAS/DTS integrated system were conducted. Cross-referencing multiple sensing data resulted in a 94.7% detection rate and enhanced anomaly identification.

M1C.2 • 08:15

Thermal Imaging-Based Localization Technique for Fiber Breakpoints in Drop Cables, Tomokazu Oda¹, Kei Makino¹, Takayuki Hosome¹, Masami Miyazaki¹, Hiromu Hashimoto¹; ¹*NTT EAST, Japan*. We investigated the requirements for locating fiber breakpoints in drop cables using a thermal imaging camera. We revealed that breakpoints could be located with 3-dBm input power, with temperature saturation occurring around 100 seconds.

M1C.3 • 08:30 (Invited)

Repeaterless Brillouin OTDR Sensing, Neethu Mariam Mathew¹, Mads H. Vandborg¹, Jesper B. Christensen², Zepeng Wang¹, Lars E. Grüner-Nielsen¹, Lars S. Rishøj¹, Roger Crickmore³, Thibault North³, Tommy Geisler⁴, Mikael Lassen², Karsten Rottwitt¹; ¹*DTU Electro, Denmark*; ²*DFM, Denmark*; ³*LUNA Innovations, Germany*; ⁴*OFS, Denmark*. We demonstrate a Brillouin OTDR sensing range of 250 km on a telecommunication fiber. Including a normal dispersion fiber at a selected position helps to reduce the nonlinear noise arising from modulation instability at the remote end.

M1C.4 • 09:00

First Field Demonstration of Diagnosis of Aerial Telecom Facilities by Using High-Precision Φ -OTDR DAS, Yoshifumi Wakisaka¹, Hiroshi Takahashi¹, Takahiro Ishimaru¹, Daisuke Iida¹, Keisuke Murakami¹, Chihiro Kito¹, Yusuke Koshikiya¹, Kunihiro Toge¹; ¹*NTT Corporation, Japan*. We measure a field-deployed telecommunication fiber cable before and after repairing detachment from hanger by using multi-frequency Φ -OTDR DAS, showing possibility of detecting the abnormality based on change of vibration patterns for the first time.

M1C.5 • 09:15

Experimental Validation for Early Earthquake Detection Using Transfer Learning, Hasan Awad¹, Fehmida Usmani^{2,1}, Stefano Straullu³, Rudi Bratovich⁴, Emanuele E. Virgillito¹, Francesco Aquilino³, Roberto Proietti¹, Vittorio Curri¹; ¹*Politecnico di Torino, Italy*; ²*National Univ. of Computer and Emerging Sciences, Pakistan*; ³*Links Foundation, Italy*; ⁴*SM-Optics, Italy*. We apply transfer learning with an LSTM-attention model, trained on simulated earthquake

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SOP data and tested on experimentally emulated data over a 38 km deployed fiber link, achieving 98% accuracy in early earthquake detection.

M1C.6 • 09:30

Field Tests of AI-Driven Road Deformation Detection Leveraging Ambient Noise Over Deployed Fiber Networks, Tingfeng Li¹, Ming-Fang Huang¹, Shaobo Han¹, Yaowen Li¹, Glenn Wellbrock², Tiejun Xia², Scott Kotria², James Moore³, Ting Wang¹; ¹NEC Laboratories America, Inc., USA; ²Verizon, USA; ³Verizon, USA. This study demonstrates an AI-driven method for detecting road deformations using Distributed Acoustic Sensing (DAS) over existing telecom fiber networks. Utilizing ambient traffic noise, it enables real-time, long-term, and scalable monitoring for road safety.

M1C.7 • 09:45

Highly-Precise Fiber Co-Route Segment Location With Multi-Modal Vibration Analysis and Field Demonstration for Intelligent Optical Network, Yucong Liu¹, Dong Wang¹, Yunbo Li¹, Ji Deng², Hongen Yang², yang Zhao¹, Mingqing Zuo¹, Dechao Zhang¹, Han Li¹; ¹China Mobile Research Inst., China; ²Taolink Optoelectronics Technology Co., Ltd, China. We propose a highly-precise co-route fiber location scheme leveraging intelligent pattern recognition aided by multi-modal vibration analysis, which is verified by a field trial simultaneously achieving record meter-level positioning precision and over 98% identification accuracy.

08:00 -- 10:00

Rooms 209-210

M1F • Hollow and Solid Core Ultra Low Loss Fibers

Presider: Tristan Kremp; OFS Fitel LLC, USA

M1F.1 • 08:00 (Tutorial)

Anti-Resonant Hollow-Core Fibers, Francesco Poletti^{1,2}; ¹Optoelectronics Research Centre, UK; ²Microsoft Azure Fiber, UK. Discovered by accident and initially only a tool for physicists, antiresonant hollow core fibers have recently achieved performances attracting the attention of optical communications. We will review their key properties and highlight their potential uses.

M1F.2 • 09:00 (Top-Scored)

Hollow-Core Double Nested Antiresonant Nodeless Fiber Cable With Polarization Mode Dispersion < 0.1 ps/km^{1/2}, Chenyang Hou^{2,1}, Guoqun Chen², Xiaokai Wang², Mingfeng Mao², Liyan Zhang², Peng Li², Lei Zhang², Jie Luo², Jinmin Ding¹, Zeyi Duan^{1,2}, Sheng Liang¹; ¹Beijing Jiaotong Univ., China; ²Yangtze Optical Fibre and Cable Joint Stock Limited Company, China. We report a double nested antiresonant nodeless fiber (DNANF) cable with polarization mode dispersion coefficient of 0.046 ps/km^{1/2}, achieved by spinning DNANF, with the loose sheath layer stranded air blown micro cable used for cabling.

M1F.3 • 09:15

Field Trial of CO₂ Absorption Impact on Coherent Transmission Over 36.8km Deployed AR-HCFs, Dawei Ge¹, Yifan Xiong², Mingqing Zuo¹, Baoluo Yan³, Dong Wang¹, Shoufei Gao^{2,4}, Dechao Zhang¹, Hu Shi³, Yingying Wang^{4,2}, Wei Ding^{3,2}, Han Li¹, Zhangyuan Chen⁵, Xiaodong Duan¹; ¹China Mobile Research Inst., China; ²Linfiber Technology (Nantong) Co., Ltd., China; ³WDM System Department, ZTE Corporation, China; ⁴Inst. of Photonics Technology,

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Jinan Univ., China; ⁵*State Key Laboratory of Advanced Optical Communication Systems and Networks, Peking Univ., China.* Severe impact to coherent transmission caused by CO₂ absorption in 36.8km field-deployed AR-HCF is reported for the first time. 1 channel in C-band and 29 channels in L-band are over FEC threshold for 800G signals.

M1F.4 • 09:30 (Invited)

Ultra-Low Loss 0.1397dB/km Silica-Core Single-Mode Fiber, Shin Sato¹, Yuki Kawaguchi¹, Hiroataka Sakuma¹, Tetsuya Haruna¹, Takemi Hasegawa¹; ¹*Sumitomo Electric Industries Ltd, Japan.* Ultra-low-loss silica-core single-mode fibers are advanced to the minimum loss of 0.1397 dB/km at 1566 nm wavelength due to reduced Rayleigh scattering enabled by lowering the fictive temperature and designing refractive index profile

08:00 -- 10:00

Rooms 211-212

M1G • Datacenter IM/DD I

Presider: Fabio Bottoni; Cisco Photonics Italy Srl, Italy

M1G.1 • 08:00

Optical Amplification-Free 400 Gbps Net Bitrate Links With a TFLN-Based Transmitter, Armands Ostrovskis^{1,2}, Said El-Busaidy², Toms Salgals¹, Michael Koenigsmann², Kristaps Rubulis¹, Benjamin Krueger², Arvids Sedulis¹, Darja Cirjulina¹, Fabio Pittala², Lu Zhang³, Xianbin Yu³, Rafael Puerta⁴, Sandis Spolitis¹, Richard Schatz⁵, Katia Gallo⁵, Hadrien Louchet², Robert Jahn², Kazuo Yamaguchi², Markus Gruen², Vjaceslavs Bobrovs¹, Marcel Zeiler², Xiaodan Pang⁵, Oskars Ozolins¹; ¹*Riga Technical Univ., Latvia;* ²*Keysight Technologies Deutschland GmbH, Germany;* ³*Zhejiang Univ., China;* ⁴*Ericsson, Sweden;* ⁵*KTH Royal Inst. of Technology, Sweden.* We show a record optical amplification-free 400 Gbps PAM4/6/8 net bitrate transmission in the O-band over 500-meter SMF with performance below 6.25% OH HD-FEC threshold using 1 V_{pp} driving voltage on the TFLN MZM.

M1G.2 • 08:15

Traveling-Wave Silicon Photonics Mach-Zehnder Modulator for Beyond 350 Gb/s Transmission in C-Band, Armands Ostrovskis^{1,2}, Darja Cirjulina¹, Toms Salgals¹, Minkyu Kim³, Michael Koenigsmann², Benjamin Krueger², Fabio Pittala², Lu Zhang⁴, Xianbin Yu⁴, Richard Schatz⁵, Markus Gruen², Hadrien Louchet², Robert Jahn², Kazuo Yamaguchi², Vjaceslavs Bobrovs¹, Peter De Heyn³, Xiaodan Pang⁵, Oskars Ozolins¹; ¹*Riga Technical Univ., Latvia;* ²*Keysight Technologies Deutschland GmbH, Germany;* ³*interUniv. microelectronics centre, Belgium;* ⁴*Zhejiang Univ., China;* ⁵*Kungliga Tekniska hogskolan, Sweden.* We demonstrate record transmission of 256 Gbaud OOK, 175 Gbaud PAM4 and 145 Gbaud PAM6 using a C-band differential-drive silicon photonics traveling-wave Mach-Zehnder modulator, achieving BER performance below the 6.25 % HD-FEC threshold after 100 m SMF transmission.

M1G.3 • 08:30 (Invited)

Integrated Receivers Based on Thin-Film Lithium Niobate for Data Center Applications, Ao Cui¹, Kaixuan Chen¹, Liu Liu², Changjian Guo¹; ¹*South China Normal Univ., China;* ²*Zhejiang Univ., China.* We review several key components on TFLN platform for high-speed optical interconnects, include EO modulators, wavelength (de)multiplexers and self-

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coherent receivers with polarization controllers, and demonstrate a self-coherent system with 400-krad/s polarization tracking.

M1G.4 • 09:00

200-Gbaud PAM4 O-Band Transmission Using Advanced MLSE With Simple-Soft-Output Scheme and Turbo Product Codes, Shuto Yamamoto¹, Hiroki Taniguchi¹, Masanori Nakamura¹, Etsushi Yamazaki¹; ¹*NTT Corporation, Japan*. We demonstrate 200-Gbaud PAM4 transmission with 10-dB bandwidth of 68 GHz in which an advanced MLSE with simple-soft-output scheme improves NGMI. We show that the simple-soft-output scheme is applicable to turbo product codes.

M1G.5 • 09:15

340-Gb/s PAM-4 Transmissions With 128-GSa/s DAC Enabled by Joint PRE and MRS-MLSE Decoder for AI Computing Clusters, Jiahao Zhou¹, Jing Zhang¹, Shaohua Hu¹, Zhaopeng Xu², Bo Xu¹, Kun Qiu¹; ¹*Univ of Electronic Science & Tech. China, China*; ²*Peng Cheng Laboratory, China*. We experimentally demonstrate a 340-Gb/s PAM-4 signal transmissions with a 128-GSa/s DAC enabled by transmitter-side sub-sampling. The 3rd-order partial response equalization and 71%-complexity reduced MLSE according to the mapping rule are used for signal recovery.

M1G.6 • 09:30 (Invited)

The Road Towards 400G/Lane IMDD Optics, Dirk Lutz¹; ¹*Eoptolink Technology Inc., Ltd., Sweden*. Abstract not available

08:00 -- 10:00

Rooms 213-214

M1H • Space-Division Multiplexing and Hollow-Core Fiber Transmission

Presider: Sergejs Makovejs; Corning Inc., UK

M1H.1 • 08:00 (Top-Scored)

Full C-Band 3317-km 12-Coupled-Core-Fiber Transmission With 266.2-Tbps Capacity Using Field-Installed Fiber-Optic Cable, Kohki Shibahara¹, Akira Kawai¹, Megumi Hoshi¹, Masanori Nakamura¹, Takayuki Kobayashi¹, Ryota Imada², Takayoshi Mori², Taiji Sakamoto², Yusuke Yamada², Kazuhide Nakajima², Munehiko Nagatani³, Hitoshi Wakita³, Yuta Shiratori³, Hiroshi Yamazaki³, Hiroyuki Takahashi³, Soichi Endo⁴, Takemi Hasegawa⁴, Koichi Maeda⁵, Shigehiro Takasaka⁵, Ryo Nagase⁶, Yutaka Miyamoto¹; ¹*NTT Network Innovation Laboratories, NTT Corporation, Japan*; ²*NTT Access Service Systems Laboratories, NTT Corporation, Japan*; ³*NTT Device Technology Laboratories, NTT Corporation, Japan*; ⁴*Optical Communications Laboratory, Sumitomo Electric Industries, Ltd., Japan*; ⁵*Furukawa Electric Co., Ltd., Japan*; ⁶*Faculty of Engineering, Chiba Inst. of Technology, Japan*. We demonstrate 266.2-Tbps 3317-km full-C-band transmission using field-installed standard-cladding 12-coupled-core fiber cable. MDL impact is effectively suppressed to 0.2 dB per span by using per-core gain control of hybrid MC-EDFA and spatially diverse FEC coding.

M1H.2 • 08:15

Real-Time 25.2 Tb/s/Core Unrepeated Transmission Over 256 km of 2-Uncoupled Core MCF Fiber, Hans Bissessur¹, Alexis Busson¹, Farana Hedaraly¹, Daryna Kravchenko¹; ¹*Alcatel*

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Submarine Networks, France. We show 2 x 25.2 Tb/s transmission over the C-band in 2 core MCF with full scale amplification and real-time transponders. We evidence and discuss crosstalk effects in unidirectional and bidirectional transmission.

M1H.3 • 08:30

On the Impact of Four-Wave Mixing in Coupled-Core Multicore Fiber

Transmissions, Chiara Lasagni¹, Paolo Serena¹, Alberto Bononi¹, Antonio Mecozzi², Cristian Antonelli²; ¹*Universita degli Studi di Parma, Italy;* ²*Univ. of L'Aquila, Italy.* We show through simulations that spatial mode dispersion makes four-wave mixing non-negligible compared to self- and cross-phase modulation in coupled-core multi-core fiber full C-band transmissions, potentially compromising the accuracy of simple disaggregated models.

M1H.4 • 08:45

Analytical Model for the Information Rate of Coupled SDM Systems with MMSE

Equalizers, Lucas Zischler¹, Ruby S. Ospina², Menno van den Hout³, Chigo M. Okonkwo³, Darli A. Mello¹; ¹*Unicamp, Brazil;* ²*Nokia Bell Labs, France;* ³*Eindhoven Univ. of Technology, Netherlands.* We propose an analytical model for the information rates of MDG-impaired strongly-coupled SDM systems employing MMSE equalizers. The results are validated through simulations of long-distance links and experiments carried out in a 73-km 3-mode setup.

M1H.5 • 09:00

Nonlinearity-Free DP-144QAM-PCS Beyond-1Tbps Transmission Over 100km AR-HCF for OTN-Based Decentralized Intelligent Training,

Jiang Sun¹, Dong Wang¹, Mingqing Zuo¹, Baoluo Yan², Dawei Ge¹, Lei Zhang³, Huan Chen², Peng Li³, Qiang Qiu², Jie Luo³, Hu Shi², Dechao Zhang¹, Han Li¹, Xiaodong Duan¹; ¹*China Mobile Research Inst., China;* ²*State Key Laboratory of Mobile Network and Mobile Multimedia Technology & WDM System Department of ZTE Corporation, ZTE Corporation, China;* ³*State Key Laboratory of Optical Fiber and Cable Manufacture Technology, Yangtze Optical Fibre and Cable Joint Stock Limited Company, China.* Single-channel DP-144QAM-PCS 1.09Tbps transmission over 100km AR-HCF with 0.164 dB/km at 1550nm for decentralized intelligent training was experimentally verified for the first time. Nonlinearity-free input power is improved from 7dBm for G.652 to above 15dBm.

M1H.6 • 09:15

Demonstration of Single-Span 100km Hollow Core Fiber Bidirectional Transmission With

1Tb/s/λ Real-Time Signals, Lipeng Feng¹, Anxu Zhang¹, Jie Luo², Lei Zhang², Peng Li², Jun Chu², Yuyang Liu¹, Xiaoli Huo¹, Junjie Li¹, Chengliang Zhang¹; ¹*China Telecom Research Inst., China;* ²*State Key Laboratory of Optical Fiber and Cable Manufacture Technology, Yangtze OpticaFibre and Cable Joint Stock Limited Company (YOFC), China.* We demonstrate a bidirectional transmission using real-time 1Tb/s/λ transponders over single-span 100km HCF with attenuation coefficients ≤ 0.2 dB/km at the C band. The system performance penalties caused by absorption loss and bidirectional transmission are analyzed.

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10:30 -- 12:30

Room 207

M2D • Applications of Passive Photonics

M2D.1 • 10:30 (Top-Scored)

Reconfigurable Multi-Port Multi-Wavelength Coherent Receiver, Haoshuo Chen¹, Nicolas K. Fontaine¹, Roland Ryf¹, Giammarco Di Sciullo², Lauren Dallachiesa¹, Kwangwoong Kim¹, Tran C.¹, Mikael Mazur¹, Xiaonan Xu¹, Jesse E. Simsarian¹, René-Jean Essiambre¹, Kawashima T.³, Oonuma T.³, Kawakami S.³, Takemi Hasegawa⁴, Tetsuya Hayashi⁴, Cristian Antonelli², David T. Neilson¹; ¹*Nokia Bell Labs, USA*; ²*Univ. of L'Aquila, Italy*; ³*Photonic Lattice, Inc., Japan*; ⁴*Sumitomo Electric Industries, Ltd., Japan*. We demonstrate a coherent receiver detecting multiple spatial and wavelength channels simultaneously. It combines a surface-normal optical hybrid array and a wavelength-selective element, and is experimentally validated for space-wavelength-division multiplexing reception in two-core fiber systems.

M2D.2 • 10:45

Arrayed High Performance Optical Circulators, Chun He¹; ¹*Focuslight Technologies Inc., USA*. An 8-channel optical circulator array has been fabricated using a high precision microlens array. The array achieves ISO >50dB, IL 0.41dB, and PDL 0.002dB across all channels. Such an arranged optical circulator has never been reported.

M2D.3 • 11:00 (Invited)

Integrated Photonics for Space Applications, Milos Nedeljkovic¹, Bharat Pant¹, Zhen Liu¹, Aiman Hazim Shafizam¹, Zixuan Wang¹, Jinhao Liang¹, James Le Besque¹, Eleni Tsanidou¹, Xingzhao Yan¹, Martin Ebert¹, Callum Littlejohns¹, Jize Yan¹, David Thomson¹; ¹*Univ. of Southampton, UK*. This talk explores opportunities for applying integrated photonics to the rapidly expanding space optics sector, and presents our recent progress on silicon photonic beam steering for satellite-based free-space optical communications.

M2D.4 • 11:30

Integrated Reconstructive Spectrometer with Dispersion-Engineered Components, Wanlu Zhang¹, Chunhui Yao^{1,2}, Peng Bao¹, Kangning Xu², Ting Yan², Liang Ming², Richard Penty¹, Qixiang Cheng¹, Tongyun Li¹; ¹*Cambridge Univ., UK*; ²*GlitterinTech Limited, China*. We describe a design of chip-scale near-infrared reconstructive spectrometer that operates towards >1000nm wavelength range, with dispersion-engineered ring-resonators. A 500nm-bandwidth on-chip spectrometer is demonstrated with 10pm resolution, setting up a new record in bandwidth-to-resolution ratio.

M2D.5 • 11:45 (Invited)

Absorption/Scattering Limits of SiN Visible Photonics, Michal Lipson¹; ¹*Columbia Univ., USA*. Abstract not available

M2D.6 • 12:15

Measuring Broadly Spanning Lasers at Nanosecond Speed with a Silicon Photonic Wavemeter, Brian Stern¹, Kovendhan Vijayan¹, Robert Borkowski¹, Bob Farah¹, Ed Sutter¹, Kwangwoong Kim¹; ¹*Nokia Bell Labs, USA*. We demonstrate nanosecond-scale measurements of laser wavelength using an integrated silicon wavemeter covering a 95 nm range with high accuracy. We measure the wavelengths of multiple alternating, bursting lasers within 10 ns.

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10:30 -- 12:30

Room 208

M2E • Digital Signal Processing, Machine Learning and Electrically-Enhanced Phase Noise

Presider: Deepa Venkitesh; Indian Inst. of Technology Madras, India

M2E.1 • 10:30 (Invited)

Application of Artificial Intelligence in Nonlinear Performance Analysis of Optical Links, Amirhossein Ghazisaeidi¹, Xiaoyan Ye², Leonardo Sorensen Braga¹; ¹*Nokia Bell Labs France, France*; ²*Univ. of Cambridge, UK*. We report on our novel QoT estimation tool leveraging neural networks to speed-up nonlinear accurate variance computations by several orders of magnitude.

M2E.2 • 11:00

Nonlinearity Estimation Leveraging PSD-Based Monitoring and Machine Learning, Joana Girard-Jollet¹, Lina SHI¹, Fabien Boitier¹, Patricia Layec¹; ¹*Nokia Bell Labs, France*. We propose a regression model to estimate Kerr nonlinearity proportion in fiber optic transmissions. Trained on simulations and validated experimentally, the model achieves a 4% RMSE across varying power profiles, CPE parameters, and transmission reaches.

M2E.3 • 11:15

Active Learning with Gaussian Process Regression and Physical Models for Robust SNR Estimation, Xiaoyan Ye¹, Mariane Mansour¹, Md Saifuddin Faruk², Charles Laperle³, Michael Reimer³, Maurice O'Sullivan³, Seb J. Savory¹; ¹*Univ. of Cambridge, UK*; ²*Bangor Univ., UK*; ³*Ciena Corporation, Canada*. We demonstrate improved performance using active learning for both GPR and hybrid models to predict SNR using experimental data from a 15-channel WDM system over 1000km. Physical model interpreted GPR agrees with interpreting measured data.

M2E.4 • 11:30

A Kolmogorov-Arnold Networks-Based Low-Complexity Equalizer for High-Speed IMDD System, Xiangmin Fang¹, Meihua Bi^{1,2}, Lu Zhang³, Min Zhu⁴, Xi Chen², Miao Hu¹; ¹*Hangzhou Dianzi Univ., China*; ²*Shanghai Jiao Tong Univ., China*; ³*Zhejiang Univ., China*; ⁴*Southeast Univ., China*. A low-complexity equalizer based on Kolmogorov-Arnold Networks is designed for high-speed PAM-4 IMDD system. Results show that, our equalizer reduces the computational complexity by 64.6% compared to the common DNN equalizer without performance degradation.

M2E.5 • 11:45

On Second-Stage Timing Recovery for Equalization-Enhanced Phase Noise Mitigation, Sebastian Jung¹, Tim Janz¹, Stephan ten Brink¹; ¹*Inst. of Telecommunications, Univ. of Stuttgart, Germany*. An optimized version of Mueller-Muller (MM) timing recovery algorithm for equalization-enhanced phase noise mitigation is introduced and compared to standard MM showing gains of 0.15 dB. Additionally, a comparable adaptive post-equalizer is adjusted outperforming both MM designs by up to 0.4 dB.

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M2E.6 • 12:00

A Novel Phenomenological Model of Equalization-Enhanced Phase Noise, Benedikt Geiger¹, Fred Buchali², Vahid Aref², Laurent Schmalen¹; ¹*Karlsruhe Inst. of Technology, Germany*; ²*Nokia, Germany*. We show that equalization-enhanced phase noise manifests as a time-varying, frequency-dependent phase error, which can be modeled and reversed by a time-varying all-pass finite impulse response filter.

M2E.7 • 12:15

Low-Cost and Power-Efficient EEPN Mitigation Enabled by Accurate Jitter Waveform Estimation, Jingnan Li¹, Xiaofei Su¹, Tong Ye¹, Ke Zhang¹, Hisao Nakashima², Takeshi Hoshida², Zhenning Tao¹; ¹*Fujitsu Research & Development Center Co., Ltd., China*; ²*Fujitsu Ltd., Japan*. Jitter waveform induced by equalization-enhanced phase noise is accurately estimated from the low-cost and power-efficient measurement of LO laser instant frequency. With the jitter mitigation using existing DSP functions, the tolerable chromatic dispersion improves 70%.

10:30 -- 12:30

Room 215

M2I • Coherent Access Networks

Presider: Luca Valcarenghi; Scuola Superiore Sant'Anna, Italy

M2I.1 • 10:30 (Tutorial)

Coherent PON: Recent Evolutions and Expected Trends, Roberto Gaudino¹; ¹*Politecnico di Torino, Italy*. This Tutorial will explore the potential future transition from IM-DD to coherent PON, evaluating their technical Pros and Cons and presenting the ultimate scalability laws for both solutions, including their potential for extended reach metro+PON convergence.

M2I.2 • 11:30 (Top-Scored)

480 Gbit/s and 240 Gbit/s Single-Carrier Super-Rated Upstream Burst-Mode Coherent PON Utilizing Off-the-Shelf Coherent Receiver., Kovendhan Vijayan¹, Robert Borkowski¹, Qian Hu¹, Dora van Veen¹, Vincent Houtsma¹; ¹*Nokia Bell Labs, USA*. We demonstrate 480 Gbits/s (400G-PON) and 240 Gbits/s (200G-PON) upstream burst-mode coherent PON operation over 29 dB and 41 dB path loss, respectively with SOA boosters acting as shutter and pre-levelers, using off-the-shelf coherent receiver.

M2I.3 • 11:45

200 Gb/s Coherent PON with a 40 dB Power Budget Over 20 km Anti-Resonant Hollow-Core Fiber, Xumeng Liu¹, Chao Li¹, Peng Sun¹, Qibing Wang¹, Mingshi Zhang¹, Zichen Liu¹, Songyuan Hu¹, Yunhong Liu¹, Peng Li², Jie Luo², Lei Zhang², Lei Wang¹, Zhixue He¹, Shaohua Yu¹; ¹*Pengcheng Laboratory, China*; ²*YOFC, China*. We propose and demonstrate a 200 Gb/s/λ coherent PON over a 20-km NANF link achieving a power budget of 40 dB, in which the local oscillator is transmitted simultaneously with signal for heterodyne detection.

M2I.4 • 12:00 (Top-Scored)

Single-Laser BiDirectional Coherent PON: A Hybrid SC/DSC Architecture for Flexible and Cost-Efficient Optical Access Networks, Haipeng Zhang¹, Zhensheng Jia¹, Luis Alberto Campos¹, Karthik Choutagunta¹, Curtis Knittle¹; ¹*CableLabs, USA*. We demonstrate a single-

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laser BiDi coherent PON with hybrid SC/DSC support, offering flexible-rate upstream burst transmission and reduced complexity, enabling adaptable, high-performance, and cost-effective next-generation optical access networks.

10:30 -- 12:30

Room 301

M2J • LiDAR, Ranging and Urban Demonstrations

Presider: Kevin Shortt; Airbus Defence & Space GmbH, Germany

M2J.1 • 10:30

Demonstrated High-Frame-Rate Real-Time 4D Imaging of Optical Phased Array Solid-State LiDAR System, Baisong Chen¹, Yingzhi Li¹, Quanxin Na², Qijie Xie², Ziming Wang¹, Min Tao¹, Haolun Hao¹, Heming Hu¹, Xianqi Pang¹, Jie Li¹, Zihao Zhi¹, Xuetong Li¹, Huan Qu¹, Guo-Qiang Lo³, Junfeng Song^{1,2}; ¹*Jilin Univ., China*; ²*Peng Cheng Laboratory, China*; ³*Advance Micro Foundry, Singapore*. We present a silicon-based OPA all-solid-state LiDAR system that achieves real-time 4D imaging. The system achieved a 40 kHz LiDAR point frequency and demonstrated real-time 4D imaging up to 30 frames per second.

M2J.2 • 10:45

Towards Phase Noise-Free in FMCW LiDAR Sensors for Autonomous Driving, Javier Perez Santacruz¹, Jac Romme¹, Xuebing Zhang¹, Esteban Venialgo Araujo¹, Marcus Dahlem², Ruud Oldenbeuving¹, Dongjae Shin¹; ¹*IMEC NL, Netherlands*; ²*IMEC BE, Belgium*. This work introduces a novel phase noise compensation technique for FMCW LiDAR in automotive applications, achieving an 18x linewidth reduction to tens of kHz, experimentally tested and evaluated under various AWGN and long-distance conditions.

M2J.3 • 11:00

Photonics-Enabled Code-Division Multiplexing FMCW Distributed Radar, Chang-Shao Shen^{1,2}, Nishant Singh^{1,3}, Anirudh Kankuppe¹, Kristof Vaesen¹, Piet Wambacq^{1,2}, Guy Torfs^{1,3}; ¹*imec, Belgium*; ²*Electronics and Informatics, Vrije Universiteit Brussel, Belgium*; ³*IDLab, Ghent Univ., Belgium*. This paper presents a 144-GHz Hadamard code-division multiplexing distributed FMCW radar with the phase encoder integrated with the optical distribution network providing the chirps to remote radar units. A proof-of-concept experiment demonstrates successful range measurements.

M2J.4 • 11:15

Highly Efficient Algorithm for Frequency Linearization in FMCW Lidar Using Directly-Modulated DFB Laser, Ying Lu¹, Jun Zhou¹, Siyu Duan¹, Wenjie Xiao¹, Ning Cheng¹, Xuezhe Zheng¹; ¹*InnoLight Technology (Suzhou) Ltd., China*. A non-iterative pre-distortion algorithm is presented for linear frequency sweep in FMCW LiDAR using directly-modulated semiconductor lasers. This method achieves a residual frequency nonlinearity of ± 0.6 MHz and an accuracy of 18.7 cm for 300 m ranging distance.

M2J.5 • 11:30

VLC Over High-Flux LEDs Using Simple Baseband Signaling: Spectral Stitching vs. Beam Combining, Bernhard Schrenk¹; ¹*Austrian Inst. of Technology, Austria*. Ethernet-over-VLC transmission is accomplished over medium- and high-flux (>50 lm) LEDs, revealing that

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broadband modulation with simple coding prevails over distortion-sensitive modulation techniques. Towards that, a sub-20lm LED can cater for 100-m real-time LiDAR point-cloud transmission.

M2J.6 • 11:45

Demonstration of Combined Coarse and Fine Underwater Ranging Using Structured Light of Varying Longitudinal Wavenumbers for Enhanced Dynamic Range and Accuracy, Yuxiang Duan¹, Yingning Wang¹, Huibin Zhou¹, Zile Jiang¹, Muralekrishnan Ramakrishnan¹, Zixun Zhao¹, Ruoyu Zeng¹, Yue Zuo¹, Hongkun Lian¹, Xinzhou Su¹, Robert Bock², Moshe Tur³, Alan Willner¹; ¹Univ. of Southern California, USA; ²R-DEX Systems, Inc., USA; ³Tel Aviv Univ., Israel. We demonstrate combined coarse and fine underwater ranging by tuning the longitudinal wavenumber difference of structured light beams. ~4X enhanced dynamic range (1 meter) and accuracy (average error of 4.2 mm) is achieved under scattering water ($\gamma = 1.3 \text{ m}^{-1}$).

M2J.7 • 12:00 (Top-Scored)

5.7 Tb/s Transmission Over a 4.6 km Field-Deployed Free-Space Optical Link in Urban Environment, Vincent van Vliet¹, Menno van den Hout¹, Kadir Gumus¹, Eduward Tangdiongga¹, Chigo M. Okonkwo¹; ¹Eindhoven Univ. of Technology, Netherlands. We transmitted 5.7 Tb/s over a 4.6 km free-space optical link in an urban environment, spanning the city of Eindhoven, the Netherlands, using a 1.1 THz wide wavelength-division multiplexed signal.

M2J.8 • 12:15

Wireless Transmission of 220-GHz Terahertz Signals Over 4.6 km Using Photonics-Aided Technology, Yi Wei¹, Jianjun Yu¹, Xiongwei Yang¹, Mingxu Wang¹, Si q. wang¹, Qitong Zhang¹, Chenzhen Bian¹, Jingwen Tan¹, Peng Tian¹, Yang Han¹, Sicong Xu¹, Wen Zhou¹, Kaihui Wang¹, Feng Zhao²; ¹Fudan Univ., China; ²Xi'an Univ. of Posts and Telecommunications, China. Based on photonics-aided technology, we achieved a record-breaking 4.6-km wireless transmission of 220-GHz terahertz signals and attained a 2,000-Mbps transmission rate for QPSK signals in this system.

10:30 -- 12:30

Room 304

M2K • Light Source and Integration II

Presider: Yuichi Tohmori; Tsurugi Photonics Foundation, Japan

M2K.1 • 10:30

90 GHz Silicon Mach-Zehnder Modulator with Integrated Equalizer for 1.6 Tbps (200G/λ) IMDD Transceivers, Haibo Wang¹, James Y. Tan¹, Hanzhi Tang¹, Tingyu Teo¹, Wu Xie¹, Chewping Leong¹, Wenxu Gu¹, Chao Li¹, Guo-Qiang Lo¹; ¹Advanced Micro Foundry, Singapore. We successfully demonstrated 90 GHz Silicon Mach-Zehnder modulator using an integrated equalizer, which was fabricated using foundry standard silicon photonics technology. This potentially enables high volume manufacturable 1.6Tbps (200G/(λ)) and beyond IMDD transceivers.

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M2K.2 • 10:45

135 GHz Waveguide-Coupled Germanium Photodiode, Mingjie Zou¹, Yang Shi¹, Zuhang Li¹, Xiaojun Xie², Yu Yu¹; ¹*Wuhan National Laboratory for Optoelectronics & School of Optical and Electronic Information, Huazhong Univ. of Science and Technology, China*; ²*Key Laboratory of Photonic-Electronic Integration and Communication-Sensing Convergence, School of Information Science and Technology, Southwest Jiaotong Univ., China*. We demonstrate a high-bandwidth waveguide-coupled germanium photodiode compatible with the complementary metal-oxide-semiconductor fabrication, achieving a bandwidth of 135 GHz at -1 V and enabling four-level pulse amplitude modulation signal reception up to 270 Gb/s.

M2K.3 • 11:00 (Invited)

High Speed and High Temperature Operating III-v on Si Membrane DFB Lasers, Koji Takeda^{1,2}, Takuro Fujii^{1,2}, Suguru Yamaoka¹, Tatsuro Hiraki^{1,2}, Yoshiho Maeda^{1,2}, Shinji Matsuo¹; ¹*NTT Device Technology Labs, Japan*; ²*NTT Device Innovation Center, Japan*. Heat dissipation is an important factor limiting the operating speed and temperature of lasers on Si. We review our recent progress on III-V membrane lasers on Si, SiC, and sapphire/Si, including the transfer printing technique.

M2K.4 • 11:30

Monolithically Integrated Ultra-Dense Polarization Insensitive 8x8 InP Switch for Optical Networks, Aref Rasoulzadehzali¹, Marijn Rombouts¹, Shiyi Xia¹, Steven Kleijn², Luc Augustin^{2,1}, Nicola Calabretta¹; ¹*TUe, Netherlands*; ²*Smart Photonics, Netherlands*. For the first time, we experimentally demonstrated an ultra-dense polarization-insensitive C-band 8x8 broadcast&select switch based on bulk SOAs. Results show broadband net-gain, low PDG<2dB, error-free operation with <0.2dB power-penalty at 30Gbps NRZ-modulated signal in C-band.

M2K.5 • 11:45

5-mW 300-GHz-Band THz-Wave Generator Consisting of two SiC-Based Photomixers and Power Combiner, Yoshiki Kamiura¹, Ryo Doi¹, Kentaro Soeda³, Kazunori Naganuma³, Yoshinori Yamaguchi³, Chengyuan Qian¹, Ming Che¹, Yuya Mikami¹, Junji Yumoto³, Tadao Nagatsuma^{3,2}, Tadao Ishibashi⁴, Kazutoshi Kato¹; ¹*Kyushu Univ., Japan*; ²*Osaka Univ., Japan*; ³*The Univ. of Tokyo, Japan*; ⁴*wavepackets LLC, Japan*. A high-power UTC-PD on a SiC substrate has achieved 5 mW output power and 87 GHz bandwidth in the 300-GHz band. This breakthrough was accomplished using a compact WR-3.4 waveguide module and Y-junction power combiner.

M2K.6 • 12:00 (Top-Scored)

Integrated Optical Link on Si Wafer Using Low Energy Membrane InP-Based Photonic Devices, Tatsuro Hiraki^{2,1}, Koji Takeda^{2,1}, Takuro Fujii^{2,1}, Takuma Aihara^{2,1}, Yoshiho Maeda^{2,1}, Hiroki Sugiyama¹, Tomonari Sato^{2,1}, Shinji Matsuo¹; ¹*NTT Device Technology Labs, Japan*; ²*NTT Device Innovation Center, Japan*. An integrated optical link on a Si wafer is demonstrated with a short-cavity membrane laser, over-67-GHz-bandwidth electro-absorption modulator, 48-GHz-bandwidth photodetector, and 7.6-mm-long SiO_x waveguide. It demonstrates 0.26-pJ/bit operation for 64-Gbit/s non-return-to-zero signals.

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M2K.7 • 12:15 (Top-Scored)

230 GHz MUTC Photodiodes Integrated on Thin-Film Lithium Niobate, Luyu Wang¹, Hanke Feng², Zhouze Zhang¹, Linze Li¹, Tianyu Long¹, Chengfei Shang², Cheng Wang², Baile Chen¹; ¹*ShanghaiTech Univ., China*; ²*City Univ. of Hong Kong, Hong Kong*. We report an ultrafast modified uni-traveling carrier photodiode (MUTC PD) heterogeneously integrated on thin-film lithium niobate (TFLN) waveguides, achieving a record-high 3-dB bandwidth of 230 GHz and a responsivity of 0.51 A/W at 1550-nm wavelength.

10:30 -- 12:30

Rooms 201-202

M2A • The Year of Quantum: Applications, Architectures and Enabling Technologies for Quantum Communication and Computing II

Presider: Cheryl Sorace-Agaskar; MIT Lincoln Laboratory, USA

M2A.1 • 10:30 (Invited)

Quantum Technologies with Semiconductor Color Centers in Integrated

Photonics, Jelena Vuckovic¹; ¹*Stanford Univ., USA*. Optically interfaced spin qubits based on diamond and silicon carbide color centers are considered promising candidates for scalable quantum networks and sensors. However, they can also be used to build chip-scale quantum many body systems with tunable all to all interactions between qubits enabled by photonics - useful for quantum simulation and possibly computing.

M2A.2 • 11:00 (Invited)

Title to be Announced, Zhiliang Yuan¹; ¹*Beijing Academy of Quantum Info Sciences, China*. Abstract not available.

M2A.3 • 11:30 (Invited)

High-Dimensional Entanglement in Quantum Frequency Combs, Chee Wei Wong¹; ¹*Univ. of California Los Angeles, USA*. We describe high-dimensional entanglement in biphoton frequency combs, providing multi-qubits-per-photon and dramatically-large Hilbert spaces for quantum communications, sensing and computation. Measurement-efficient certification via arbitrary bases, steering, non-locality, and multi-party high-dimensional network testbeds will be described.

10:30 -- 12:30

Rooms 205-206

M2C • Sensing Applications II

Presider: Ting Wang; NEC Laboratories America Inc., USA

M2C.1 • 10:30

DiffOptics: A Conditional Diffusion Model for Fiber Optics Sensing Data

Imputation, Zhuocheng Jiang¹, Yue Tian¹, Yangmin Ding¹, Sarper Ozharar¹, Ting Wang¹; ¹*NEC Laboratories America, Inc, USA*. We present a generative AI framework based on a conditional diffusion model for distributed acoustic sensing (DAS) data imputation. The proposed DiffOptics model generates high-quality DAS data of various acoustic events using telecom fiber cables.

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M2C.2 • 10:45

Dual-Mentor Guided Incremental Learning for Robust Anomaly Detection in Optical Networks, Khouloud Abdelli¹, Matteo Lonardi¹, Fabien Boitier², Diego Correa¹, Jurgen Gripp¹, Samuel Olsson¹, Patricia Layec²; ¹*Nokia, Italy*; ²*Nokia Bell Labs, France*. We present a dual-mentor approach for anomaly detection, achieving up to 94x reduction in training time and significant performance improvements (up to 79%) over baselines, effectively addressing catastrophic forgetting with minimal data and optimized computation.

M2C.3 • 11:00

Simple and Fast Optical Fiber Flap Localization Based on Two-Edge Channel Power in Wideband System, Shengnan Li¹, Yuchen Song¹, Zihao Cui¹, Jin Li¹, Min Zhang¹, Danshi Wang¹; ¹*BUPT, China*. We propose a fast method to localize optical fiber flap using the monitored power of two edge channels, achieving average location and attenuation errors below 0.64 km and 0.1 dB in a C96+L96 experimental system.

M2C.4 • 11:15

Boosting Mechanical Event Classification with Limited Field Data via Conditional GANs and Knowledge Distillation, Khouloud Abdelli¹, Christian Dorize¹, Sterenn Guerrier¹, Haik Mardoyan¹, Patricia Layec¹, Jeremie Renaudier¹; ¹*Nokia Bell Lab, Germany*. We propose a two-step approach combining conditional generative adversarial networks and knowledge distillation addressing field-data scarcity. Validated on field data, we outperform baselines, boosting accuracy from 83% to 99% with an error rate of 0.6%.

M2C.5 • 11:30 (Invited)

Advanced Optical Link Tomography for Optical Network Monitoring, Alix A. May¹, Fabien Boitier¹, Patricia Layec¹; ¹*Nokia Bell Labs France, France*. We review methods for optical link tomography, particularly receiver-based power profile estimation. We highlight key works including a demonstration over 10,000 km and an accuracy comparison between linear least squares method and deconvoluted correlation-based method.

M2C.6 • 12:00

Raman Amplifier-Induced OTDR Trace Distortion Correction Using Higher-Order ReLU Kolmogorov-Arnold Network (HRKAN), Md Ghulam Saber¹, Qingyi Guo¹, Zhiping Jiang¹; ¹*Huawei Technologies Canada, Canada*. A method to correct Raman amplifier-induced OTDR trace distortions utilizing the Higher-Order ReLU Kolmogorov-Arnold Network (HRKAN) is presented. A reduction of mean squared error (MSE) by at least two orders of magnitude is achieved experimentally.

M2C.7 • 12:15

Optical Fiber Anomaly Detection Using Channel Power Tilt Through Forward and Inverse Calculation of ISRS, Zihao Cui¹, Yuchen Song¹, Xiao Luo¹, Shengnan Li¹, Jiele Li¹, Min Zhang¹, Danshi Wang¹; ¹*Beijing Univ. of Posts and Telecommunications, China*. The proposed low-complexity fiber anomaly detection method, utilizes power tilt comparison from forward and backward ISRS calculation, demonstrating maximum positioning error of 0.7% and strength estimation error of 4.2% in an 80km C+L-band experiment link.

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10:30 -- 12:30

Rooms 209-210

M2F • Hollow-Core Fiber Characterizations and Applications

Presider: Natalie Wheeler; Univ. of Southampton, UK

M2F.1 • 10:30

Preliminary Experimental Analysis of Birefringence in a 5-Tube NANF, Silvia Zampato¹, Austin Taranta², Gianluca Guerra², Seyed Mohammad Abokhamis Mousavi^{2,3}, Thomas W. Kelly², Hesham Sakr^{2,3}, Konstantin Vidiyajev², Andrea Galtarossa¹, Marco Santagiustina¹, Francesco Poletti², Luca Palmieri¹; ¹*Department of Information Engineering, Univ. of Padova, Italy*; ²*Optoelectronics Research Centre, Univ. of Southampton, UK*; ³*Microsoft Azure Fiber, UK*. Preliminary experimental measurements of birefringence in a 5-tube NANF using polarization-sensitive reflectometry are reported. Results show an average beat length of approximately 6 m, consistent with numerical simulations. The effects of fiber bending are discussed.

M2F.2 • 10:45

Simultaneous C/L-Band Power and Data Delivery Over 3.1km of NANF, Douglas McCulloch¹, Kyle R. Bottrill¹, Suttikarn Wantee¹, Nura Adamu¹, Gregory T. Jasion¹, Hesham Sakr¹, John R. Hayes¹, Francesco Poletti¹, Periklis Petropoulos¹; ¹*Optoelectronics Research Centre, UK*. We show that hollow-core fibre outperforms single-mode fibre at three-channel 28 GBd DP-16QAM transmission when copropagating with up to 37.5 dBm feed. There is no sign of power-dependent signal degradation in the hollow-core fibre.

M2F.3 • 11:00

Fluorescence Lifetime Measurements of a Trapped Microparticle in a Hollow-Core Fiber for Remote Temperature Sensing with High Spatial Resolution, Jasper G. Freitag^{1,2}, Max Koepfel¹, Mohammad Sahil¹, Nicolas Joly^{2,3}, Bernhard Schmauss^{1,2}; ¹*Inst. of Microwaves and Photonics, Friedrich-Alexander-Universität Erlangen-Nürnberg (FAU), Germany*; ²*Max Planck Inst. for the Science of Light, Germany*; ³*Department of Physics, Friedrich-Alexander-Universität Erlangen-Nürnberg (FAU), Germany*. Fluorescence lifetime measurements of trapped microparticles in hollow-core fibers can probe temperature with high sensitivity. We use coherent optical frequency domain reflectometry to demonstrate remote flying particle temperature measurements with sub-mm spatial resolution.

M2F.4 • 11:15

Hollow-Core Fiber Side-View Imaging for Non-Destructive Clocking Angle Measurement and Structural Analysis, Jie Liu¹; ¹*Corning Inc., USA*. We report side-view images of a HCF compared with the simulated transmission interference patterns to clarify clocking angle and feasibility of side-view imaging for HCF non-destructive structural analysis.

M2F.5 • 11:30 (Invited)

Hollow-Core Fibers: Design and Applications, Rodrigo Amezcua Correa¹; ¹*Univ. of Central Florida, CREOL, USA*. Abstract not available

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10:30 -- 12:30

Rooms 211-212

M2G • Datacenter IM/DD II

Presider: Kang Ping Zhong; Hong Kong Polytechnic Univ., Hong Kong

M2G.1 • 10:30

Multi-Rate PAM4 Silicon Photonic Based Receiver Assembly With -10dBm IFEC

Sensitivity at 226Gb/s/λ and 125mW/Ch CMOS TIA, Mahdi Parvizi¹, Hao Song¹, Bahar Jalali¹, Masoud Madiseh¹, John Rogers¹, Tie Sun¹, Toshi Omori¹, Brandon Davis¹, Bernd Huebner¹, Mark Heimbuch¹, Michael Soskind¹, Md Jubayer Shawon¹, Ren Jye Shiue¹, Jonathan Roth¹, Qianfan Xu¹, Li Chen¹, John Heanue¹, Richard Zhou¹, Long Chen¹, Alex Turukhin¹, Ricardo Aroca¹; ¹*Cisco Systems, Canada*. We demonstrate a multi-rate PAM4 Silicon-photonic based receiver assembly that supports 226Gb/s/λ, with -10dBm iFEC OMA sensitivity, and 212Gb/s/λ and 106Gb/s/λ with -8.5dBm and -11.5dBm OMA KP4-FEC sensitivity, respectively. The CMOS TIA achieves 0.55pJ/b power efficiency.

M2G.2 • 10:45

42-Gbps/ch x 4 ch Simultaneous Error-Free Operation with Low-Power Transmitter Flip-Chip-Bonded 1.3-μm LD-Array-on-Si, Toshiki Kishi¹, Munehiko Nagatani¹, Shigeru

Kanazawa², Takuro Fujii¹, Hidetaka Nishi¹, Tadashi Minotani¹, Norio Sato¹, Tomonari Sato¹, Shinji Matsuo¹; ¹*NTT Device Technology Labs., Japan*; ²*NTT Device Innovation Center, Japan*. 42-Gbps/ch NRZ PRBS-31 x 4 ch simultaneous error-free BtoB operation was achieved with a 4-ch transmitter used LD drivers with EO-bandwidth-improvement functions, yielding an LD bandwidth increase of 60% and power efficiency of 2.06 mW/Gbps.

M2G.3 • 11:00 (Invited)

Electronics for 100 Gbaud and Beyond, Lian Qin¹; ¹*Marvell Semiconductor Inc., USA*. the advancements in 200G and 400G per lane technologies are significant for the future of high-speed data transmission: 200G per lane technology is being rapidly adopted, and widely used in hyperscalers. 400G per lane technology is anticipated to play a key role in 3.2T optical modules, which will be essential for next-generation switches and large-scale AI clusters.

M2G.4 • 11:30

Low Complexity Optical Multipath Interference Mitigation Using Long-Term Memory

Postfilter in IM-DD System, Weihao Ni¹, Zhaohui Li¹, Fan Li¹; ¹*Sun Yat-Sen Univ., China*. We propose a low-complexity clustered long-term memory postfilter to whiten the MPI noise in high-speed IM-DD systems. Experiments with 112 Gbit/s PAM-4 transmission show that the signal-to-interference ratio tolerance can be improved by >4.6 dB.

M2G.5 • 11:45

Probabilistic Shaping for Peak Power Constrained IM-DD Systems: Perspective of

Envelope Control, Dongdong Zou¹, Wang Wei², MingZhu Yin², Weihao Ni², Zhongxing Tian¹, Huan Huang¹, Fan Li², Yi Cai¹; ¹*School of Electronic and Information Engineering, Soochow Univ., China*; ²*School of Electrical and Information Technology, Sun Yat-Sen Univ., China*. A novel indirect probabilistic shaping scheme tailored for peak-power constrained IM-DD systems is proposed based on dynamic selective mapping. Collaborating with turbo equalization, about 1dB receiver sensitivity improvement is observed in a 56GBaud PAM8 system.

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M2G.6 • 12:00

Real-Time Deployment of Nonlinear Compensation Equalizer Based on Pruning and non-Uniform Quantization in Short-Reach Optical Links, Xinda Sun¹, Kaihui Wang¹, Bohan Sang¹, Zonghui Zhu¹, Yumeng Gou¹, Yuanxiao Meng¹, Tianqi Zheng¹, Sheng Hu¹, Jianghao Wu¹, Jianjun Yu¹, Wen Zhou¹, Yun Chen¹; ¹*Fudan Univ., China*. We propose a low-complexity Volterra RTL design to achieve 212Gbit/s PAM4 1km transmission and real-time FPGA-based 29.4912 Gbit/s 25km PAM4 transmission. The design saves 75.3% of DSP and reduces power consumption by 26.2%.

10:30 -- 12:30

Rooms 213-214

M2H • Optical Transceiver Technologies

Presider: Sudip Shekhar; Univ. of British Columbia, Canada

M2H.1 • 10:30

Performance Limitations and Optimizations of Linear Driver Optics for 200G/Lane and Beyond, Jianying Zhou¹, Lei Xin², Jin Hong³; ¹*Hisense Broadband Inc, USA*; ²*Hisense Broadband Inc., China*; ³*Hisense Broadband Inc., USA*. We studied performance limitations and optimizations using digital equalization and modulation bandwidth in linear-driver-optics for 200G/lane and beyond. The results show linear pluggable modules can support 30dB bump-to-bump loss for 200G/lane using an enhanced CTLE.

M2H.2 • 10:45

A 4λx128Gb/s PAM-4 Si-Photonic Transmitter with Micro-Ring Modulator and Co-Designed Linear Driver for Chiplet Optical I/O, Siyuan Ma^{1,2}, Yingjie Ma^{1,2}, Chaoyang Dai¹, Sikai Chen¹, Qianli Ma^{1,2}, Yihan Chen^{1,2}, Haoran Yin^{1,2}, Yujun Xie¹, Guike Li^{1,2}, Jian Liu^{1,2}, Ming Li¹, Liyuan Liu^{1,2}, Nan Qi^{1,2}; ¹*Inst. of semiconductor, Chinese Academy of Sciences, China*; ²*Univ. of Chinese Academy of Sciences, China*. A 4λ×128Gb/s PAM4 Silicon-Photonic WDM transmitter is designed in CMOS, consisting of a linear driver and a micro-ring modulator for optical I/O. Measurement results demonstrate optical eye diagrams > 3.5dB extinction ratio while consuming 1.5pJ/bit.

M2H.3 • 11:00

A 100 Gbps, sub-pJ/bit Transimpedance Amplifier in 90-nm SiGe in a Reconfigurable IMDD/Coherent Optical Receiver, Aaron T. Wissing¹, James Dalton^{1,2}, Viviana Arrunategui Norvick^{1,3}, Evan Chansky¹, Xinhong Du¹, Junqian Liu¹, Hector Andrade^{1,4}, Aaron Maharry^{1,4}, Stephen Misak^{1,4}, Mario Milicevic⁵, Luis Valenzuela^{1,6}, Larry A. Coldren¹, Adel A. Saleh¹, James F. Buckwalter¹, Clint Schow¹; ¹*Department of Electrical and Computer Engineering, Univ. of California, Santa Barbara, USA*; ²*MaxLinear Incorporated, USA*; ³*Colorado School of Mines, USA*; ⁴*Lucidean Incorporated, USA*; ⁵*MaxLinear Incorporated, USA*; ⁶*Intel Corporation, USA*. We report a 0.91 pJ/bit, differential dual-channel TIA with variable gain reaching 64 dBΩ in 90-nm SiGe measured in a reconfigurable PAM4/QPSK O-band receiver at 53.125 Gbaud with BERs below the KP4-FEC threshold of 2.2e-4.

M2H.4 • 11:15

Adaptive Wavelength Tracking and Temperature Tuning of a 45Gbps Coupled Ring Resonator Based DWDM Link, Zhaowen Wang¹, Ade Bekele¹, Mingshan Li¹, Mayank Raj¹,

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Chuan Xie¹, Anish Joshi¹, Gareeyasee Saha¹, Zakriya Mohammed¹, Stuart Daudlin¹, Parag Upadhyaya¹, Yohan Frans¹; ¹*Advanced Micro Devices, USA*. We demonstrate an adaptive wavelength locking system for micro-ring-based DWDM transceivers with high-order filters, utilizing DC data. Despite 20°C temperature fluctuations, system-level measurements at 45Gbps achieve BER<1E-10 with 1.2pJ/bit EIC power and 0.3pJ/bit heater power.

M2H.5 • 11:30 (Invited)

Electronic-Photonic Co-Design for Next Generation Optical Transceivers, Ali Pirmoradi¹, Han Hao^{1,2}, Kaisarbek Omirzakhov¹, Firooz Aflatouni¹; ¹*Univ. of Pennsylvania, USA*; ²*Intel Corporation, USA*. Recent advances in monolithically integrated energy efficient high data-rate optical receivers, transmitters, and WDM light sources are presented and opportunities and challenges of next generation optical transceivers are discussed.

M2H.6 • 12:00 (Invited)

Next-Generation Data Center Interconnects in the Age of AI, Reza Motaghian¹; ¹*Amazon Web Services, USA*. This talk explores optical technology advancements enhancing AI performance in data centers through high-speed data transfer. We highlight requirements and challenges in managing complex optical networks, focusing on scalability and troubleshooting for next-generation AI infrastructure.

14:00 -- 16:00

Room 207

M3D • Satellite and THz Communications

Presider: Oskars Ozolins; RISE Research Inst.s of Sweden AB, Latvia

M3D.1 • 14:00 (Invited)

High-Capacity THz Wireless Transmission Supporting Future 6G Optical Networks, Colja Schubert¹, Robert Elschner¹, Oliver Stiewe¹, In-Ho Baek¹, Simon Schütze¹, Andreas Maassen¹, Kallyan Das¹, Robert B. Kohlhaas¹, Simon Nellen¹, Milan Deumer¹, Thomas Merkle², Axel Tessmann², Markus Rösch², Fred Meier³, Frederik Bart³, Ronald Freund^{1,3}, Martin Schell^{1,3}; ¹*Fraunhofer Institute for Telecommunications Heinrich-Hertz-Institut, Germany*; ²*Fraunhofer Inst. for Applied Solid State Physics, Germany*; ³*Technische Universität Berlin, Germany*. We review recent developments in high-capacity THz wireless transmission, focusing on point-to-point links in the lower THz frequency range around 300 GHz. Available technologies and challenges for integration into future 6G optical networks are discussed.

M3D.2 • 14:30

Ultra-Fast Fibre Optic Alignment System for Free-Space Optical Communications Utilizing Multi-Spot Beams, Ruixue Guo¹, Xun Yu¹, Haining Yang¹; ¹*Southeast Univ., China*. This paper demonstrated a holographic fibre coupling method, which achieved a 98% reduction in the average search steps with an enhanced efficiency compared with the traditional method using FSM.

M3D.3 • 14:45 (Invited)

Fully Reconfigurable Silicon Photonic Transceiver for Optical Inter-Satellite Links, Vignesh Gopal¹, Asher Novick¹, Xinzhou Su², James Venditto¹, Muralekrishnan Ramakrishnan², Zile Jiang², Maarten Hattink¹, Anthony Rizzo¹, Ricard Menchon-Enrich³, Xiang

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Meng¹, Alan Willner², Keren Bergman¹; ¹*Columbia Univ., USA*; ²*Univ. of Southern California, USA*; ³*Intel Corporation, USA*. Over the past two decades, LEO satellites have rapidly proliferated, fragmenting communication protocols. We propose a reconfigurable silicon-photonics link enabling versatile modulation formats to promote seamless interoperability and efficiency in inter-satellite communications.

M3D.4 • 15:15

1.2 Tb/s/λ Real Time Mode Division Multiplexing Free Space Optical Communication with Commercial 400G Open and Disaggregated Transponders, Giacomo Borraccini¹, Giovanni Milione¹, Andrea D Amico¹, Yue-Kai Huang¹, Ezra Ip¹, Jian Fang¹, Philip Ji¹, Koji Asahi², Ting Wang¹; ¹*NEC Laboratories America Inc., USA*; ²*NEC Corporation, Japan*. We experimentally demonstrate real time mode division multiplexing free space optical communication with commercial 400G open and disaggregated transponders. As proof of concept, using HG₀₀, HG₀₁, and HG₁₀ modes, we transmit 1.2 Tb/s/λ (3×1λ×400 Gb/s) error free.

M3D.5 • 15:30 (Invited)

Challenges and Opportunities in Free Space Optical Satellite Communication, Mustafa Cardakli¹; ¹*Amazon, USA*. This paper examines the technical challenges and potential solutions for implementing optical communications in low-Earth-orbit (LEO) constellations, with an emphasis on achieving high photon efficiency, enabling adaptable high data rates, and minimizing power consumption.

14:00 -- 16:00

Room 208

M3E • Integration and Devices for Quantum Systems

Presider: Cheryl Sorace-Agaskar; MIT Lincoln Laboratory, USA

M3E.1 • 14:00

Integrated Visible Light Coil-Resonator Stabilized Brillouin Lasers for Sr Neutral and Trapped-ion Clock and Qubit Transitions, Meiting Song¹, Nitesh Chauhan¹, Nick Montifiore¹, Kaikai Liu¹, Andrew S. Hunter¹, Andrei Isichenko¹, Robert J. Niffenegger², Daniel J. Blumenthal¹; ¹*Univ. of California, Santa Barbara, USA*; ²*Univ. of Massachusetts Amherst, USA*. We demonstrate stabilization of 698 and 674 nm integrated Brillouin lasers to integrated 3-m coil resonators for neutral and trapped-ion strontium clock applications, achieving record-low 17 Hz fundamental and 660 Hz integral linewidths.

M3E.2 • 14:15

Strong Nanophotonic Quantum Squeezing Exceeding 3.5 dB in Kerr Microresonator, Yichen Shen¹, Ping-Yen Hsieh^{1,2}, Sashank K. Sridhar¹, Samantha Feldman^{1,3}, You-Chia Chang², Thomas Smith⁴, Avik Dutt¹; ¹*Univ. of Maryland, USA*; ²*Department of Photonics, National Yang Ming Chiao Tung Univ., Taiwan*; ³*Department of Mechanical Engineering and Materials Science, USA*; ⁴*Quantum Research and Applications Branch, Naval Air Warfare Center, USA*. We report the highest level of squeezing directly detected from a microresonator, 3.7 dB (10.7 dB inferred). We use Si₃N₄ nanophotonic microrings operated in the continuous-wave regime and observe stable squeezing with minimal excess classical noise.

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M3E.3 • 14:30 (Invited)

Quantum Light Source Technologies Based on Silicon Nitride Photonic Integrated Circuits, Kartik Srinivasan^{1,2}; ¹*National Inst of Standards & Technology, USA*; ²*Joint Quantum Inst., Univ. of Maryland, USA*. I will discuss three types of quantum light sources in silicon nitride photonics based on: (1) bulk $\chi^{(3)}$ nonlinearity, (2) heterogeneous integration with III-V epitaxial quantum dots, and (3) heterogeneous integration with Rb alkali vapor.

M3E.4 • 15:00

Nonlinear Interference in Silicon Photonics for Enhanced Photon Pair Generation, Haoran Ma¹, Huihui Zhu², Fanjie Ruan¹, Li'ao Ye¹, Zichao Zhao¹, Qishen Liang¹, Donghui Chen¹, Denghui Wang¹, Yuehai Wang¹, Jianyi Yang¹; ¹*Zhejiang Univ., China*; ²*The Hong Kong Polytechnic Univ., China*. We observed quantum nonlinear interference in a silicon chip and propose a scheme to utilize it for improving the photon pair rate. The numerical analysis shows that a gain of over two can be attained.

M3E.5 • 15:15

Tapered Optical Fibres With a Xenon Gas Cladding for Entangled Photon Pair Generation, Tom Bradley¹, Liudmila Silanteva¹, Menno van den Hout¹, Chigo M. Okonkwo¹; ¹*Technische Universiteit Eindhoven, Netherlands*. Photon pair generation compatible with quantum memories and telecommunication systems is critical for integration into optical fiber networks. A feasibility study was conducted on the phase-matching conditions necessary for spontaneous four-wave-mixing in tapered single-mode fiber.

M3E.6 • 15:30 (Invited)

Photonics for Trapped Ion Systems, Jeremy Sage¹; ¹*IonQ Inc., USA*. Abstract not available

14:00 -- 16:00

Room 215

M3I • Optical Switches for Datacenters

Presider: Brandon Buscaino; Ciena Corporation, USA

M3I.1 • 14:00 (Tutorial)

Photonic Switching in Data Centers and Computing Systems, S. J. Ben Yoo¹; ¹*Univ. of California Davis, USA*. Abstract not available.

M3I.2 • 15:00

First Demonstration of Net 2.276Pbit/s Real-Time Co-Frequency Co-Time Full-Duplex Optical Switching Network Node, Linbojie Huang¹, Peng Sun¹, Zichen Liu¹, Zhongyi Li¹, Chao Li¹, Songyuan Hu¹, Yunhong Liu¹, Ji Wang¹, Ming Luo², Songtao Chen³, Zhixue He¹, Shaohua Yu¹; ¹*Pengcheng Laboratory, China*; ²*State Key Laboratory of Optical Communication Technologies and Networks, China Information Communication Technologies Group Corporation (CICT), China*; ³*Fiberhome Telecommunication Technologies Co., Ltd, China*. We report the first real-time co-frequency co-time full-duplex optical switching network node using 400G and 800G mixed commercial coherent optical modules with ultra-high net capacity of 2.276Pbit/s for intra data center switching network application.

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M3I.3 • 15:15

Experimental Demonstration of DWDM-SDM Amplification Transmission and Optical Switching (150-km MCF+ Silicon Chip+ 120-km MCF) Assisted by MCF-EDFA and Silicon Switch Array, Guofeng Yan¹, Kang Li¹, Bing Han¹, Lei Shen², Shuo Xu², Li Zhang², Lei Zhang², Jun Chu², Jie Luo², Jian Wang¹; ¹HUST, China; ²YOFC, China. We propose and demonstrate the DWDM-SDM amplification transmission and optical switching system (150-km MCF-Chip-120-km MCF) with 4×175×24.5 Gbaud QPSK signals in C-band, employing 4-core EDFAs for amplification and silicon chip for optical processing.

14:00 -- 16:00

Room 301

M3J • Lasers and Ranging

Presider: Sabarni Palit; Anello Photonics, USA

M3J.1 • 14:00 (Top-Scored)

Highly Linear and Stable III-v/Si₃N₄ FMCW Laser Equipped with a Customized Electro-Optical Phase-Locked Loop, Keyi Han¹, Ruiyang Xu¹, Yuyao Guo^{1,2}, Weihang Xu¹, Xinhang Li¹, Yihao Fan¹, Liangjun Lu^{1,2}, Jianping Chen^{1,2}, Linjie Zhou^{1,2}; ¹Shanghai Jiao Tong Univ., China; ²SJTU-Pinghu Inst. of Intelligent Optoelectronics, China. We demonstrate a high-performance FMCW laser source comprising a III-V/Si₃N₄ hybrid laser and an EO-PLL. The ranging precision is significantly improved from 4.44 m to 10.28 cm at a 300-m fiber length.

M3J.2 • 14:15

A Novel on-Chip Bridged Balanced Photodetector with High Common-Mode Rejection Ratio (~49dB) for FMCW LiDAR, Xuetong Li¹, Huan Qu¹, Weipeng Wang¹, Heming Hu¹, Ziming Wang¹, Baisong Chen¹, Yingzhi Li¹, Xiaolong Hu¹, Xueyan Li¹, Guo-Qiang Lo¹, Junfeng Song^{1,2}; ¹Jilin Univ., China; ²Peng Cheng Laboratory, China. We reported a bridge balanced photodetector that increases the common mode rejection ratio by 20 dB at 1550 nm, reaching 49 dB, and improves the signal-to-noise ratio for frequency modulated continuous wave LiDAR.

M3J.3 • 14:30

LiDAR Chip-Based Ranging and Velocity Through Timing Jitter Correction, Jia-Yan Huang¹, Cheng-Chi Hsiao¹, Ming-Yang Hung¹, Shih-Hsiang Hsu¹; ¹National Taiwan Univ of Science & Tech, Taiwan. Through low-dispersion silica-based auxiliary interferometry with 1.6-meter optical-path difference, 12.5-times shorter than the measured distance, a silicon-based LiDAR is demonstrated for the 20-meter ranging and 200-mm/s velocity, limited to swept-source linewidth, through optical-clock Hilbert-transform resampling.

M3J.4 • 14:45

C- and L-Band Tunable Integrated Erbium Lasers via Scalable Manufacturing, Xinru Ji¹, Yang Liu¹, Xuan Yang¹, Zheru Qiu¹, Grigory Lihachev¹, Simone Bianconi¹, Andrey Voloshin¹, Taegon Kim², Joseph C. Olson², Tobias J. Kippenberg¹; ¹École Polytechnique Fédérale de Lausanne, Switzerland; ²Applied Materials Inc, USA. We demonstrate an integrated Erbium-based tunable laser using wafer-scale fabrication and ion implantation of silicon nitride photonic integrated circuits. We achieve single-frequency lasing tunable from 1530 nm to 1621 nm covering nearly the entire optical C- and L-band.

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M3J.5 • 15:00 (Invited)

Quantum Dot Lasers on Silicon Photonics, Xuhan Guo¹; ¹*Shanghai Jiao Tong Univ., China*. Silicon photonics excels in data communications, sensing, and computing but faces challenges in lasing. This report demonstrates monolithic integration of InAs/GaAs quantum dot lasers on SOI substrates, offering a scalable, cost-effective path for full wafer-scale photonic circuits.

M3J.6 • 15:30

A Zero-Change Isolator-Replacement Circuit in Silicon-on-Insulator Leveraging Controlled Self-Injections, Omid Esmaeeli¹, Lukas Chrostowski¹, Sudip Shekhar¹; ¹*Univ. of British Columbia, Canada*. A silicon photonic circuit enables amplitude- and phase-controlled self-injections to stabilize a hybrid-integrated DFB laser. Isolator-free signaling at 25 Gbps over a fiber link is demonstrated.

M3J.7 • 15:45

Ultra-Low Bit Error Rate Plastic Optical Fiber Link with Enhanced Optical Return Loss Tolerance and Alignment Robustness for Advanced PAM4 Transceiver Design, Kenta Muramoto¹, Yasuhiro Koike¹; ¹*Keio Photonics Research Inst. (KPRI), Keio Univ., Japan*. Ultra-low bit error rate graded-index plastic optical fiber link with enhanced optical return loss tolerance and alignment robustness is proposed, enabling simplified PAM4 transceiver design and offering a cost-effective solution for data center interconnects.

14:00 -- 16:00

Room 303

M3Z • Demo Zone

M3Z.1

Demonstration of State-of-Polarization Change Localization Based on Digital Coherent Transceivers, Naoya Okada¹, Joji Terashi¹, Setsuo Yoshida¹, Reiko Kuroiwa¹, Yu Tajima¹, Ichiro Yokokura¹, Atsushi Kanai¹, Junichi Sugiyama¹, Norihiro Yoshida¹, Shoichiro Oda¹, Kousuke Komaki¹, Takeshi Hoshida¹; ¹*Fujitsu Limited, Japan*. We demonstrate location-resolved visualization of state-of-polarization change along a transmission link by digital coherent transceivers. Experimental verification showed the distance resolution better than 3.4km in a 150km-long link.

M3Z.2

Demonstration of Cooperative Transport Interface Over Open Source 7.2 Split RAN and Virtualised Open PON Network, Merim Dzaferagic¹, Kevin O'Sullivan², Bruce Richardson², Brendan Ryan², Robin Giller², Marco Ruffini¹; ¹*Univ. of Dublin Trinity College, Ireland*; ²*Intel Corporation Ireland, Ireland*. We demonstrate end-to-end 5G Open RAN over PON using off-the-shelf open networking hardware and open source RAN software. The implementation of the Cooperative Transport Interface provides timely synchronisation of PON and RAN schedulers.

M3Z.3

Adaptive Silicon Photonic Switch and Machine Learning Based Quality of Transmission Estimation, Jonathan F. Förste¹, Samarth Vadia¹, Tibor Cornelli¹, Julius Hussl¹; ¹*Ludwig-Maximilians-Universität München, Germany*. All-photonic networks are critical for the next-

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generation of communication infrastructure, promising reduced energy consumption and low-latency transmission. We demonstrate an all-optical smart switch combining network reconfiguration with AI-based quality-of-transmission estimation on a silicon photonic device.

M3Z.4

Automated Measurement Setup for High-Bandwidth-Density Multicore Fiber Links, Victor I. Kopp¹, Jing Zhang¹, Jongshul Park¹, Jon Singer¹, Dan Neugroschl¹, Johnny Issa², Clyde Troutman²; ¹*Chiral Photonics Inc, USA*; ²*3SAE Technologies, Inc., USA*. The adoption of multicore fiber links requires the development of a suite of supporting tools facilitating component fabrication and testing. Fast and comprehensive link testing is accomplished by integrating state-of-the-art tools.

M3Z.5

International Testbed Data Sharing Framework with Data Sovereign Features for Network AI/ML Empowerment, Yusuke Hirota¹, Sugang Xu¹, Angela Mitrovska², Yuki Yoshida¹, Pooyan Safari², Behnam Shariati², Johannes K. Fischer², Ronald Freund², Hideaki Furukawa¹, Kouichi Akahane¹, Yoshinari Awaji¹; ¹*National Inst of Information & Comm Tech, Japan*; ²*Fraunhofer Inst. for Telecommunications Heinrich Hertz Inst., Germany*. We demonstrate regulated telemetry data sharing for AI model validation in diverse environments, while complying with export control policies across countries by implementing IDSA principles using Eclipse data spaces component connectors.

M3Z.6

First Live Demonstration of Remote Controllable SFP28 APN-Transceiver for Mobile Fronthaul Use Cases, Yuya Saito¹, Naoki Umezawa¹, Yasuhiro Takizawa¹, Manabu Kotani¹, Shinya Ito¹, Shinichi Koyama¹, Yasuhiro Tanaka¹, Daisuke Umeda¹; ¹*Sumitomo Electric Industries, Ltd., Japan*. We show the first-ever live demonstration of a PON-based remote control and 30 km transmission using our SFP28 APN-Transceiver. Our demonstration shows an innovative architecture to apply APN practically to mobile fronthaul.

M3Z.7

Demonstration of a Programmable Node Prototype for Spatial Lane Switching and Band Switching, Abdelrahmane Moawad¹, Robert Emmerich¹, Hussein Zaid¹, Caio Santos¹, Alessio Giorgetti^{2,3}, Roberto Morro⁴, Colja Schubert¹, Behnam Shariati¹, Johannes K. Fischer¹; ¹*Fraunhofer-HHI, Germany*; ²*CNIT, Italy*; ³*Univ. of Pisa, Italy*; ⁴*TIM, Italy*. This demonstration shows a multi-band over SDM, SDN-capable node prototype, enabling flexible add/drop across S-, C-, and L-bands. It offers a cost-efficient, two levels switching node.

M3Z.8

Real-Time Diverse Fiber Sensing Multi-Event Detection Using Phase OTDR Measurements, Konstantinos Alexoudis^{1,2}, Jasper Müller¹, Sai K. Patri¹, Vincent Sleiffer¹, Vishal Chandraprakash Rai¹, André Sandmann¹, Sander L. Jansen¹, Tom Bradley², Chigo M. Okonkwo²; ¹*Adtran Networks SE, Germany*; ²*High-Capacity Optical Transmission Laboratory, Eindhoven Univ. of Technology, Netherlands*. We demonstrate an experimental phase optical time-domain reflectometry (OTDR) system capable of simultaneous detection and classification of various environmental events, such as wind-induced fiber movement, vehicle movement, and audio signatures, with real-time visualization.

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M3Z.9

Dynamic Adaptation of IP Virtual Network Topologies Over Multi-Granular (Wavelength and Waveband) Optical Networks Supported by ETSI TeraFlowSDN Multi-Layer Control

Lluís Gifre Renom¹, Andrea Sgambelluri², Carlos Manso¹, Michael Enrico⁴, Hussein Zaid³, Nicola Sambo², Waleed Akbar¹, Carsten Schmidt-Langhorst³, Javier Vilchez¹, Colja Schubert³, Ricard Vilalta¹, Behnam Shariati³, Johannes K. Fischer³, Josep Maria Fàbrega¹, Ronald Freund^{3,5}, Raul Muñoz¹; ¹*Centre Tecnològic Telecom. Catalunya, Spain*; ²*Scuola Superiore Sant'Anna, Italy*; ³*Fraunhofer Inst. for Telecommunications, Heinrich-Hertz-Institut, Germany*; ⁴*HUBER+SUHNER Polatis, UK*; ⁵*Technical Univ. of Berlin, Germany*. This demonstration will highlight the multi-layer control of dynamic IP full-mesh virtual network topologies over ultra-wideband WDM optical networks, showcasing multi-band and single-band optical channel control, with IP-layer-triggered configurations and wavelength backfilling innovations.

M3Z.10

Cross-Domain Orchestration with Multi-Agent LLM Framework for Enhanced Task Automation

Xiaonan Xu¹, Haoshuo Chen¹, Roland Ryf¹, Sarvesh S. Bidkar¹, Jesse E. Simsarian¹, Nicolas K. Fontaine¹, Mikael Mazur¹, Lauren Dallachiesa¹, David T. Neilson¹, Jeff McLaird¹, Paul Rea¹; ¹*Nokia Bell Labs, USA*. We evaluate the performance of LLMs in multi-agent systems for complex cross-domain network orchestration, interoperability and task automation. We demonstrate the effectiveness of this approach across IP, optical, and robotic domains.

M3Z.11

Withdrawn

M3Z.12

Live Demonstration of Modulation Format Identification Using a Photonic Neural Network

Guillermo von Hünefeld^{1,2}, Mahdi Kaveh¹, Joseph Hopfmüller³, Pooyan Safari¹, Ener Seker^{4,5}, Rijil Thomas⁴, Mahtab Aghaeipour¹, David Stahl³, Stephan Suckow⁴, Max Lemme^{4,5}, Johannes K. Fischer¹, Colja Schubert¹, Ronald Freund^{1,2}; ¹*Fraunhofer HHI, Germany*; ²*Technical Univ. of Berlin, Germany*; ³*ID Photonics, Germany*; ⁴*AMO GmbH, Germany*; ⁵*RWTH Aachen, Germany*. We demonstrate modulation format identification on a micro ROADM ring using a photonic neural network with low-speed photodiodes. The goal is identifying dual-polarized 4QAM and 16QAM signals with symbol rates between 32 and 35 GBd.

M3Z.13

Autonomous SDN-Driven Operations in Disaggregated Open Optical Transport Network with Coherent Pluggable Transceivers: A Demonstration

Luca Vettori¹, Javier Vilchez¹, Carlos Hernandez-Chulde¹, Konstantinos kyriakopoulos¹, Josep Maria Fàbrega¹, Ramon Casellas¹, Ricardo Martínez¹; ¹*Centre Tecnològic Telecom de Catalunya, Spain*. This demonstration validates autonomous operations of an optical SDN controller to deliver QoT-enabled optical connectivity services, leveraging open control interfaces, real-time telemetry, and effective recovery strategies in a disaggregated, multi-vendor optical transport network.

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M3Z.14

Open-Source, Standards-Based, and API-Driven SDN Control and Service Management of F5G-Advanced Optical Access and Transport Networks, Enabling Quality-on-Demand for Cloud Immersive Applications, Hesam Rahimi¹, Lluís Gifre², Shayan Hajipour², Ricard Vilalta², Raul Muñoz², Pablo Armingol³, Oscar González-de-Dios³, Juan Pedro Fernandez-Palacios³, Henry Yu¹, Yanpeng Wang¹, Ruilin Cai¹, Christopher Janz¹, Yi Lin⁴, Zhang Liang⁴; ¹*Huawei Technologies, Canada*; ²*Centre Tecnològic de Telecomunicacions de Catalunya (CTTC-CERCA), Spain*; ³*Telefonica, Spain*; ⁴*Huawei Technologies, France*. This paper introduces a novel open-source and standards-based Network-as-a-Service platform exposing quality on demand service API to users and application developers by deploying an end-to-end optical (access and transport) slice with traffic classification and differentiation.

M3Z.15

Demonstration of End-to-End Cross-Border Service Provisioning and Monitoring Using TeraFlowSDN and Eclipse Dataspace Components Connectors, Angela Mitrovska¹, Aydin Jafari¹, Behnam Shariati¹, Pooyan Safari¹, Vignesh Karunakaran², Achim Autenrieth², Johannes K. Fischer¹, Ronald Freund^{1,3}; ¹*Fraunhofer Inst. for Telecommunications, Heinrich-Hertz-Institut, Germany*; ²*Adtran Networks SE, Germany*; ³*Technical Univ. of Berlin, Germany*. We demonstrate a novel solution for autonomous service provisioning and monitoring across international transit gateways that satisfies regulatory compliance and enables data sovereignty. Our demonstration is performed on a multi-domain packet-optical testbed with commercial equipment.

M3Z.16

Trust-Enhanced Quantum Key Management System for Meshed QKD Networks, Jonas Berl^{1,2}, Mario Wenning^{1,3}, Ciarán Mullan¹, Helmut Grießer¹, Tobias Fehenberger¹; ¹*Adva Network Security GmbH, Germany*; ²*Communications Engineering Lab, Karlsruhe Inst. of Technology, Germany*; ³*Chair of Communication Networks, Technical Univ. of Munich, Germany*. We demonstrate a distributed quantum key management system that preserves end-to-end security despite a limited number of compromised TNs. With an emulated nation-wide QKD network, we verify operation and showcase an automated deployment.

M3Z.17

Demonstration of Automated ML-Driven Energy-Efficient Spectrum Defragmentation for Optical Transport Networks, Quan Pham Van¹, Huu Trung Thieu¹, Kody Deng¹, Nakjung Choi¹; ¹*Mobile Network Systems, Nokia Bell Labs, USA*. We introduce an ML-driven framework for energy-efficient spectrum defragmentation, automatically forecasting daily traffic, setting optical channels to standby during low-demand, and reallocating spectrum to reduce fragmentation while reactivating optical channels as necessary.

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14:00 -- 16:00

Room 304

M3K • Modulators with Silicon and Alternative Materials

Presider: Hai-Feng Liu; HG Genuine Optics Tech Co Ltd, USA

M3K.1 • 14:00

A 336 Gbps Traveling-Wave Mach-Zehnder Modulator in a 300 mm Silicon Photonic Platform, Erse Jia¹, Fenghe Yang¹, Yufei Liu¹, Ying Wang¹, Yue Zhou¹, Xiao Hu¹, Xinran Zhao¹, Wei Chu¹, Haiwen Cai²; ¹Zhangjiang Laboratory, China; ²Shanghai Inst. of Optics and Fine Mechanics, Chinese Academy of Sciences, China. A high-speed traveling-wave Mach-Zehnder modulator is designed and wafer-scale fabricated in a 300 mm silicon photonic platform, achieving 336 Gbps of PAM-8 operation and high-efficiency of 1.1 V-cm at 1310 nm.

M3K.2 • 14:15

Thin-Film Lithium Niobate Modulators with Ultra-High Modulation Efficiency, Xiangyu Meng², Can Yuan², Xingran Cheng², Shuai Yuan², Chenglin Shang², An Pan², Zhicheng Qu¹, Xuanhao Wang², Jun Wang², Jiang Tang², Chao Chen², Cheng Zeng², Jinsong Xia²; ¹Wuhan National Lab for Optoelectronics, China; ²Wuhan National Laboratory for Optoelectronics and School of Optical and Electronic Information, Huazhong Univ. of Science and Technology, China. We demonstrate a transparent-conductive-oxide combined thin-film lithium niobate modulator with an ultra-high modulation efficiency of 1.02 V cm. The modulator exhibits an EO 3 dB transmission roll-off at 108 GHz, and presents up to 224 Gbit s⁻¹ PAM-4 transmission.

M3K.3 • 14:30 (Invited)

Silicon Photonics Platform with Heterogeneously Integrated Lasers and EAMs for 1.6/3.2T, Erik J. Norberg¹, Hanxing Shi¹, John Sonkoly¹, Kimchau Nguyen¹, Han Yun¹, Krzysztof Szczerba¹, Molly Piels¹, Steve Alleston¹, Volkan Kaman¹; ¹OpenLight Photonics, USA. We review Openlight's open-market Si-IIIIV photonics platform, including DFBs and EAMs capable of exceeding 224 Gbps. This platform can enable single-chip transmitter PICs for emerging 1.6 Tbps and 3.2 Tbps transceivers in the AI-driven market.

M3K.4 • 15:00

112 GBaud PAM4 Barium Titanate Coupling Modulated Ring Modulator Monolithically Integrated on a Silicon Substrate, Benton Qiu¹, Charles St. Arnault¹, Weijia Li¹, Jinsong Zhang¹, Aleksandar Nikic¹, Santiago Bernal¹, Zixian Wei¹, Kaibo Zhang¹, Thomas Kornher², Cyriel Minkenbergh², Felix Eltes², Mateusz Zbik², Stefan Abel², Katelin Smith², Lukas Czornomaz², David Plant¹; ¹McGill, Canada; ²Lumiphase AG, Switzerland. We demonstrate a BTO coupling modulated ring modulator featuring a 500 μm phase shifter, 4.8 V V π with < 1 dB insertion loss enabling ultra-dense and low power consumption optical interfaces delivering 112 GBaud PAM4.

M3K.5 • 15:15

A 290 Gbps Silicon Photonic Microring Modulator With 83 aJ/bit Power Consumption, Xin Wang^{1,3}, Fenghe Yang³, Yufei Liu³, Ying Wang³, Fangchen Hu³, Xinran Zhao³, Wei Chu³, Haiwen Cai²; ¹Fudan Univ., China; ²Shanghai Inst. of Optics and Fine Mechanics, China; ³Zhangjiang Laboratory, China. We design and experimentally demonstrate a microring modulator based on a 300 mm silicon photonic platform, achieving 112 GBaud of PAM-4 and

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PAM-6 operation with the power consumption of 114 aJ/bit and 83 aJ/bit respectively.

M3K.6 • 15:30

Differential Drive EML with P/N Electrode Isolated Toward Low Vpp Application, Zhenning Zhang¹, Weijiang Li¹, Mahui Li¹, Wei Wang¹; ¹*Yuanjie Semiconductor Technology CO., LT., China*. Differential drive EML with P doping isolation at N side was demonstrated. The bandwidth is higher than 50 GHz and reflection is lower than -10 dB at both anode and cathode drive condition. The bandwidth of conventional single-ended-drive EML is greater than 60 GHz, and the reflection is less than -5 dB in the range of 0~70 GHz.

M3K.7 • 15:45

DSP-Free 500-Meter Single-Mode Fiber Transmission with Record High Bandwidth 1060nm Intra-Cavity Metal-Aperture Coupled-Cavity VCSEL, Hameeda R. Ibrahim^{1,2}, Ahmed Hassan^{1,3}, Chang Ge¹, Xiaodong Gu^{1,4}, Fumio Koyama¹; ¹*Inst. of Science Tokyo, Japan*; ²*Minia Univ., Egypt*; ³*Al-Azhar Univ., Egypt*; ⁴*Ambition Photonics Inc., Japan*. We demonstrate 500-meter single-mode-fiber transmission using record-breaking 45-GHz modulation bandwidth, single-mode 1060-nm VCSELs with an intra-cavity metal aperture structure. We achieve NRZ-100 Gbps and PAM-180 Gbps data transmission over 500m of SMF with DSP-free receivers.

14:00 -- 16:00

Rooms 201-202

M3A • Generative AI in Networking: From Proof of Concept to Production I

Presider: Olga Vassilieva; Fujitsu Network Communications Inc, USA and Deepa Venkitesh; Indian Inst. of Technology Madras, India and Ricard Vilalta; Centre Tecnològic Telecom de Catalunya, Spain and Qiong Zhang; Amazon Web Services, USA

M3A.1 • 14:00 (Invited)

Generative AI Applications in Telecom, Larry Zhou¹; ¹*AT&T Corp, USA*. This presentation explores GenAI's transformation role in telecom, enhancing predictive maintenance, automated troubleshooting, network modeling, and AI-driven service assurance. By leveraging multimodal AI and edge computing, we enable smarter, more efficient, and resilient network operations.

M3A.2 • 14:20 (Invited)

Generative AI for Network Operations, Imen Grida Ben Yahia¹; ¹*Amazon Web Services, UK*. Abstract not available.

M3A.3 • 14:40 (Invited)

AI Ops: The Autonomous Network Journey, Anurag Sharma¹; ¹*Google LLC, USA*. Abstract not available.

M3A.4 • 15:00 (Invited)

LLM-Centric Transport Network Configuration Management Framework and Demonstration, Cen Wang¹, Noboru Yoshikane¹, Chenxiao Zhang¹, Yuta Wakayama¹, Daiki Soma¹, Takehiro Tsuritani¹; ¹*KDDI Research Inc., Japan*. We demonstrate the multivendor use case of LLM-based transport network assimilation, configuration and telemetry automations through parameter-efficiently fine tuning the LLM over an evolutionarily designed LLM-centric

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control and management framework.

M3A.5 • 15:20 (Invited)

Measuring and Mitigating Generative AI Risk: Successes and Challenges from a Practitioner Perspective, Harish Babu Arunachalam¹, Joshua Andrews¹; ¹*Verizon Communications Inc, USA*. Generative AI (GenAI) is a powerful technology but brings with it significant risks. We showcase real examples of GenAI risks, their impacts, and discuss strategies to identify, measure, and mitigate risks for safe business deployments.

M3A.6 • 15:40 (Invited)

Operations Science and Automation in Optical Networks: From Machine Learning to Generative AI, Christopher Janz¹; ¹*Huawei Canada, Canada*. Abstract not available.

14:00 -- 16:00

Rooms 205-206

M3C • High Symbol Rates Transceivers

Presider: Ming-Fang Huang; NEC Laboratories America Inc., USA

M3C.1 • 14:00 (Tutorial)

Components, DSP, and Subsystem Design for Ultra-High-Speed Optical Transceivers, Vivian Xi Chen¹; ¹*Nokia Bell Labs, USA*. An overview of the critical parts of high-speed optical transceivers will be given, including DSP and high-speed signal generation, modulators, CW sources, etc. Thoughts on possible research directions of future transceivers will also be shared.

M3C.2 • 15:00 (Invited)

Single-Carrier High-Capacity Transmission in Bandwidth-Limited Systems, Guoxiu Huang¹, Hisao Nakashima¹, Takeshi Hoshida¹; ¹*Advanced Technology Development Office, Photonics System Business Unit, Fujitsu Limited, Japan*. Towards next coherent system, the technologies to dealing with insufficient analog bandwidth with low power consumption is attractive. We experimentally evaluated Tomlinson-Harashima pre-coding to the probabilistic-shaped signal with low-speed receiver DSP and required OSNR improvements.

M3C.3 • 15:30 (Top-Scored)

628 Gb/s Net Bitrate IMDD Transmission Using Ultra-Broadband InP-DHBT-Based Electrical Mixer with Upper-Sideband Gain-Enhanced Mode, Masanori Nakamura¹, Teruo Jyo², Munehiko Nagatani^{1,2}, Hitoshi Wakita², Miwa Mutoh², Yuta Shiratori², Hiroki Taniguchi¹, Shuto Yamamoto¹, Fukutaro Hamaoka¹, Etsushi Yamazaki¹, Takayuki Kobayashi¹, Hiroyuki Takahashi^{1,2}, Yutaka Miyamoto¹; ¹*NTT Network Innovation Laboratories, Japan*; ²*NTT Device Technology Laboratories, Japan*. We demonstrate a net bitrate of 633-Gb/s back-to-back and 628-Gb/s 11-km IMDD transmission with 224-GBd PS-PAM14 signal using upper-sideband gain-enhanced mode of a 150-GHz-bandwidth electrical mixer for frequency-domain multiplexing, achieving the first >600-Gb/s/lane IMDD transmission.

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14:00 -- 16:00

Rooms 209-210

M3F • Multicore, Hollow Core, and Fiber-Based Networking

Presider: Jesse Simsarian; Nokia Bell Labs, USA

M3F.1 • 14:00 (Top-Scored)

Core-Level Routing in Long-Haul MCF Transmission System With FIFO-Less Multicore EDFA and Spatial Cross-Connect, Kosuke Komatsu¹, Shohei Beppu¹, Daiki Soma¹, Yuta Wakayama¹, Noboru Yoshikane¹, Masahiko Jinno², Takehiro Tsuritani¹; ¹*KDDI Research, Inc., Japan*; ²*Department of Engineering and Design, Kagawa Univ., Japan*. Core-level routing in a long-haul multicore fiber transmission system is experimentally demonstrated. Full C-band signals are transmitted over 1685-km 4-core fibers using fan-in/fan-out-less multicore fiber amplifiers and a spatial channel cross-connect for the first time.

M3F.2 • 14:15

Demonstration of 4-Core/16-Core Fiber Heterogeneous Spatial Channel Network Comprising 19-Core Fiber Core Selective Switch-Based Spatial Gateway, 4-Core EDFAs, and 19-Core EDFAs, Takumi Tani¹, Daiki Soma², Ryohei Otowa³, Yusuke Matsuno⁴, Kyosuke Nakada¹, Kosuke Komatsu², Yuji Hotta³, Tsubasa Sasaki⁴, Rika Tahara¹, Shohei Beppu², Koichi Maeda⁴, Takuma Izumi¹, Yuta Wakayama², Noboru Yoshikane², Takehiro Tsuritani², Yasuki Sakurai³, Ryuichi Sugizaki⁴, Masahiko Jinno¹; ¹*Kagawa Univ., Japan*; ²*KDDI Research, Inc., Japan*; ³*santec AOC corporation, Japan*; ⁴*Furukawa Electric Co., Ltd., Japan*. Inter-domain spatial-channel establishment and fault recovery are demonstrated over a 4-core fiber (CF) and 16-CF heterogeneous spatial channel network comprising a 19-CF core-selective-switch-based spatial gateway, fan-in/fan-out-less 4-C EDFAs, and cladding-pumped 19-C EDFAs.

M3F.3 • 14:30

Hollow Core Fiber as a Long-Term Solution for Capacity Scaling in Optical Networks, Giovanni S. Sticca¹, Memedhe Ibrahim¹, Nicola Di Cicco¹, Francesco Musumeci¹, Massimo Tornatore¹; ¹*Politecnico di Milano, Italy*. We evaluate selectively upgrading optical networks with Hollow Core Fibers for long-term capacity scaling. Upgrading 50% of links with HCF delivers 2.1x more traffic and 38% lower cost-per-Tbps compared to multiband and parallel fiber networks.

M3F.4 • 14:45

Benefit of HCF for Throughput of Future WDM Networks, Thierry Zami¹, Nicola Rossi¹, Serge Melle¹, Bruno Lavigne¹; ¹*Nokia Corporation, France*. We quantify the benefit from Hollow Core Fibers (HCF) versus common SSMF regarding the total capacity in modern WDM transparent backbone networks for various network sizes, various fiber losses in dB/km and various span lengths.

M3F.5 • 15:00

Statistical Assessment of System Margin in Metro Networks Impaired by PDL, Enrico Miotto^{1,3}, Andrea D Amico², Renato Ambrosone¹, Francesco Aquilino⁴, Stefano Straullu⁴, Vittorio Curri¹; ¹*Politecnico di Torino, Italy*; ²*NEC Laboratories America Inc., USA*; ³*Consortium GARR, Italy*; ⁴*LINKS Foundation, Italy*. We experimentally justify the need of analyzing stochastic PDL insertion in optical metro network nodes. Consequently, we assess conservative OSNR margin comparing different approaches to the case with maxwellian-distributed PDL, through Monte

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Carlo simulation.

M3F.6 • 15:15 (Invited)

AI/ML-Based State-of-Polarization Monitoring in Optical Networks: Concepts and Challenges, Leyla Sadighi¹, Carlos Natalino¹, Stefan Karlsson², Lena Wosinska¹, Marco Ruffini³, Marija Furdek¹; ¹*Chalmers Tekniska Högskola, Sweden*; ²*FMV, Sweden*; ³*CONNECT Centre, Trinity College Dublin, Ireland*. Optical networks are vulnerable to various disturbances that can jeopardize service availability or privacy. We discuss AI/ML-based analysis of the incurred state-of-art polarization changes for cognitive management of complex disturbances.

14:00 -- 16:00

Rooms 211-212

M3G • Novel Materials, Metamaterial and Reconfigurable Devices

Presider: Sagi Mathai; Hewlett Packard Labs, USA

M3G.1 • 14:00

Nonvolatile PCM-Driven Photonic Computing Using Programmable Sub-Wavelength Metasurfaces, Liyun Hu^{1,2}, Yuexing Su^{1,2}, Yunlong Li^{1,2}, Shuang Zheng^{1,2}, Minming Zhang^{1,2}; ¹*Huazhong uni of Science and Technology, China*; ²*National Engineering Research Center for Next Generation internet Access System, China*. We demonstrate a programmable nonvolatile convolutional core based on sub-wavelength phase-change metasurfaces, offering advanced computing capacities for its zero static power consumption and multi-level reconfigurable weights.

M3G.2 • 14:15 (Invited)

Monolithic BEOL Integration of Phase Change Materials for Reconfigurable Silicon Photonics, Weiquan Wang¹, Kai Xu¹, Maoliang Wei¹, Kunhao Lei¹, Boshu Sun², Yiting Yun¹, Junying Li¹, Lan Li², Hongtao Lin¹, Xiaodan Pang¹; ¹*College of Information Science and Electronic Engineering, Zhejiang Univ., China*; ²*School of Engineering, Westlake Univ., China*. We present a monolithic back-end-of-line integration platform for phase change materials (PCMs) in silicon photonics. High-performance nonvolatile integrated photonic devices based on PCMs have been developed, demonstrating their potential applications.

M3G.3 • 14:45

PZT Optical Memristors for Integrated Photonics, Chenlei Li¹, Hongyan Yu², Tao Shu¹, Yueyang Zhang¹, Feng Qiu², Daoxin Dai¹; ¹*Zhejiang Univ., China*; ²*Univ. of Chinese Academy of Sciences, China*. We demonstrated first-ever PZT optical memristors capable of unprecedented functional duality by manipulating ferroelectric domains, featuring low loss, high precision, high-efficiency modulation, high stability quasi-continuity and reconfigurability, together with a scalable, CMOS-compatible sol-gel fabrication process.

M3G.4 • 15:00

85 fJ/bit Silicon-Organic Hybrid Kerr All-Optical Switch Based on Photonic Crystal Slot Nanobeam Cavity, Yizheng Chen¹, Xiaoyan Gao¹, Wentao Gu¹, Wentao Ye⁴, Yilun Wang¹, Wenchan Dong^{1,3}, Lei Lei⁴, Jing Xu^{1,2}, Xinliang Zhang^{1,2}; ¹*Wuhan National Laboratory for Optoelectronics and School of Optical and Electronic Information, Huazhong Univ. of Science and Technology, China*; ²*Optics Valley Laboratory, China*; ³*Hubei Optical Fundamental*

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Research Center, China; ⁴State Key Laboratory of Radio Frequency Heterogeneous Integration (Shenzhen Univ.), China. A silicon-based Kerr all-optical switch utilizing PhC slot nanobeam cavity hybrid MEH-PPV is first demonstrated at 20 Gb/s signal rate with a power consumption of 85 fJ/bit and a switching contrast of 11.75 dB.

M3G.5 • 15:15

Triple-Waveguide-Coupling Based Reconfigurable Optical Power Splitter for Channel-Scalable Optical Interconnects with High Energy Efficiency, Xinyi Wang¹, Jiangbing Du¹, Wenjia Zhang¹, Ke Xu², Zuyuan He¹; ¹SJTU, China; ²Department of Electronic and Information Engineering, Harbin Inst. of Technology (Shenzhen), China. A triple-waveguide-coupling based reconfigurable optical power splitter is demonstrated for 1-to-15 channel-scalable optical interconnects leveraging only four switching elements, exhibiting no power wasting, low crosstalk and indicating significant potential for large-scale capacity reconfiguration scenarios.

M3G.6 • 15:30 (Invited)

Advances in Metamaterial Integrated Photonics, Jens H. Schmid¹, Pavel Cheben¹, Jianhao Zhang¹, Radovan Korcek¹, Md Saad-Bin-Alam¹, Ross Cheriton¹, Siegfried Janz¹, Dan-Xia Xu¹, Shurui Wang¹, Martin Vachon¹, Rubin Ma¹, Robert Halir², Gonzalo Wanguemert-Perez², Alejandro Ortega-Monux², Inigo Molina-Fernandez², Alejandro Sanchez-Postigo², Jose-Manuel Luque-Gonzalez², Alejandro Fernandez-Hinestrosa², Daniele Melati³, Zindine Mokeddem³, Carlos Alonso-Ramos³, Laurent Vivien³, Winnie Ye⁴, Shahrzad Khajavi⁴, William Fraser⁴, Daniel Benedikovic⁵, Denizhan Sirmaci⁶, Isabelle Staude⁶, Thomas Pertsch⁶, Cameron Naraine⁷, Jonathan Bradley⁷, Andrew Knights⁷, Thalia Dominguez-Bucio⁸, Frederic Gardes⁸; ¹National Research Council Canada, Canada; ²Univ. of Malaga, Spain; ³Universite Paris-Saclay, France; ⁴Carleton Univ., Canada; ⁵Univ. of Zilina, Slovakia; ⁶Univ. of Jena, Germany; ⁷McMaster Univ., Canada; ⁸Univ. of Southampton, UK. We provide an overview of recent developments in metamaterial integrated optics including ring resonators and grating couplers on silicon nitride, wide-angle optical antennas and phased arrays. We briefly discuss the emerging field of Mie-resonant metawaveguides.

14:00 -- 16:00

Rooms 213-214

M3H • Sensing and Monitoring for Network Control and Management

Presider: Mariam Kiran; Oak Ridge National Laboratory, USA

M3H.1 • 14:00 (Invited)

Sensing, Learning, and Protecting Optical Networks, Patricia Layec¹, Camille Delezoide¹, Khoulood Abdelli¹, Fabien Boitier¹; ¹Nokia Bell Labs, France. We review recent advances in monitoring and sensing via coherent receivers highlighting use cases for visualizing network health and protecting optical networks through machine learning for risky event classification.

M3H.2 • 14:30

Supporting Human-to-Machine Applications in Next-Gen Optical Access Networks Through Explainable AI, Yuxiao Wang¹, Sourav Mondal¹, Ye Pu¹, Elaine Wong¹; ¹Univ. of Melbourne, Australia. We propose a novel SHAP-enhanced haptic feedback prediction framework to extract key feature knowledge and advance predicted transmissions of human-to-machine applications. Through experiments and simulations, the framework shows significantly

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improved training and inference times and propagation delay, meeting latency requirements.

M3H.3 • 14:45

Correlation-Constrained Topology Graphs for Root-Cause Localization in Optical Transport Networks, Armen Aghasaryan¹, Petros Ramantanis¹, Camille Delezoide¹; ¹*Nokia Bell Labs, France*. Leveraging the network topology, we develop an efficient graph-based method for localizing root causes of massive anomaly events; we adapt the Betweenness Centrality metric to score the candidate root causes of correlated timeseries.

M3H.4 • 15:00

In-Band Collection and Control of end-to-end Latency in Programmable Packet-Optical Networks, Faris Alhamed¹, Andrea Sgambelluri¹, Chrysa Papagianni², Francesco Paolucci³; ¹*Scuola Superiore Sant'Anna, Italy*; ²*Universiteit van Amsterdam, Netherlands*; ³*CNIT, Italy*. A novel programmable INT collector, acting as active controller within the data plane, is proposed to enable fast closed-loop flow latency monitoring. Experimental evaluation on P4-based hardware switches demonstrates assurance reactions within few microseconds.

M3H.5 • 15:15

Alarm Priority Sorting with Multimodal Data Fusion in Optical Networks, Cheng Xing¹, Chunyu Zhang¹, Min Zhang¹, Yanlin Fan², Xunjie Jiang², Zhongbo Bi², Jiansheng Xiong², Danshi Wang¹; ¹*Beijing Univ. of Posts & Telecom, China*; ²*The Intelligent Network Innovation Center of Chinaunicom, China*. An alarm priority sorting scheme using multimodal data fusion is proposed, achieving 95.79% fault-related alarm classification accuracy, which has actual alarm priority ranking result and faster running time than traditional method.

M3H.6 • 15:30

Real-Time Streaming Telemetry Based Detection and Mitigation of OOK and Power Interference in Multi-User OSaaS Networks, Agastya Raj¹, Devika Dass¹, Daniel C. Kilper¹, Marco Ruffini¹; ¹*Trinity College Dublin, Ireland*. We present a framework to identify and mitigate rogue OOK signals and user-generated power interference in a multi-user Optical-Spectrum-as-a-Service network. Experimental tests on the OpenIreland-testbed achieve up to 89% detection rate within 10 seconds of an interference event.

16:30 -- 18:30

Room 207

M4D • Optical and Microwave Signal Processing

Presider: Prince Anandarajah; Dublin City Univ., Ireland

M4D.1 • 16:30

Broadband Tunable Multi-Cavity Optoelectronic Oscillation on a Dispersion-Diversity Heterogeneous Multicore Fiber, Sergi García Cortijo¹, Ivana Gasulla¹; ¹*Universitat Politècnica de València, Spain*. We report broadband tunable multi-cavity optoelectronic oscillators implemented on a 5-km dispersion-diversity heterogeneous multicore fiber. We experimentally demonstrate continuous 10- to 18-GHz oscillation and prove that oscillation frequency stability improves with the number of cavities.

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M4D.2 • 16:45

Linearization of a Dual-Parallel Mach-Zehnder Modulator Using on-Chip Stimulated Brillouin Scattering, Cristina Catalá-Lahoz¹, Moritz Merklein^{2,3}, Choon Kong Lai^{2,3}, Duk Yong Choi⁴, Stephen Madden⁴, Benjamin J. Eggleton^{2,3}, Jose Capmany¹; ¹*Photonics Research Labs, iTEAM Research Inst., Universitat Politècnica de València, Spain*; ²*Inst. of Photonics and Optical Science (IPOS), School of Physics, The Univ. of Sydney, Australia*; ³*The Univ. of Sydney Nano Inst. (Sydney Nano), The Univ. of Sydney, Australia*; ⁴*Laser Physics Centre, Research School of Physics, The Australian National Univ., Australia*. We propose and demonstrate the linearization of a Dual-Parallel Mach-Zehnder Modulator by frequency-selectively controlling the phase and amplitude of the carrier utilizing a dual-pump, narrowband on-chip Stimulated Brillouin Scattering scheme.

M4D.3 • 17:00

Integrated Silicon Nitride Nonlinear Photonic Engine Enabling High-Frequency Analog Signal Generation for Microwave Photonic Systems, Ping Zhao¹, Magnus Karlsson², Peter A. Andrekson²; ¹*Sichuan Univ., China*; ²*Chalmers Univ. of Technology, Sweden*. We present a flexible generation of various high-frequency analog signals with excellent wavelength scalability using a nonlinear Mach-Zehnder modulator enabled by a compact silicon nitride chip with 4π nonlinear phase shifts for the first time.

M4D.4 • 17:15

Ultra-Broadband Photonics-Assisted Integrated Microwave Identification Circuit, Xingyi Jiang¹, Qiang Zhang², Shengyu Fang¹, Qikai Huang¹, Zhujun Wei¹, Yuchen Shi¹, Jianyi Yang¹, Hui Yu²; ¹*Zhejiang Univ., China*; ²*Zhejiang lab, China*. We proposed an ultra-broadband silicon-based microwave photonic signal identification circuit, which can analyze the arbitrary microwave signal over the frequency range from 2 to 125 GHz with resolution of 270 MHz.

M4D.5 • 17:30 (Invited)

Signal Processing for Microcomb Communications, Bill P. Corcoran^{1,2}; ¹*Monash Univ., Australia*; ²*Centre for Optical Microcombs for Breakthrough Science, Australia*. We review a range of signal processing tools that can help optical microcombs support data rates from tens of terabits-per-second to petabits-per-second. By understanding both electronic and optical signal processes, data rates can be optimized.

M4D.6 • 18:00

Electronic-Photonic Integrated Microwave Beamforming Chip for Broadband RF Applications, Yiwei Xie¹, Ke Wang², Daoxin Dai¹, Shihan Hong¹, Jiachen Wu¹; ¹*Zhejiang Univ., China*; ²*RMIT Univ., Australia*. We demonstrate an electronic-photonic microwave beamforming chip which monolithically integrate a 4-channel 5-bit thermally-tunable optical delay lines, photodetectors, and antennas. The chip can operate from 16–20 GHz with a steering range of $\pm 40^\circ$.

M4D.7 • 18:15

Demonstration of a Silicon Nitride Optical Beamforming Network Based on Blass-Matrix Architecture, Eva V. Loukisa Kontonasopoulou¹, Efsthios Andrianopoulos¹, Adam Raptakis¹, Georgios Megas¹, Dimitrios Gounaridis¹, Adamantia Grammatikaki¹, Roelof B. Timens², Paul v. Dijk², Lefteris Gounaridis¹, Panos Groumas^{1,3}, Christos Tsokos¹, Christos Kouloumentas^{1,3}, Hercules Avramopoulos¹, Chris G. Roeloffzen²; ¹*Electrical and Computer Engineering, National*

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Technical Univ. of Athens, Greece; ²LioniX International, Netherlands; ³Optagon Photonics, Greece. System evaluation of a silicon-nitride-integrated 4x4 Blass-matrix optical beamformer, demonstrating the first-ever error-free single-beam operation at frequencies up to 12 GHz with 1 Gbaud QPSK modulated signals across 30°–150° beam angles.

16:30 -- 18:45

Room 208

M4E • Quantum Entanglement and Computing

Presider: Rui Wang; Univ. of Bristol, UK

M4E.1 • 16:30

Nationwide Entanglement Distribution with Silicon Nanophotonic Chip, Jinyi Du¹, Xingjian Zhang¹, En Teng Lim^{1,2}, George Feng Rong Chen³, Hongwei Gao³, Dawn Tan^{3,4}, Alexander Ling^{1,2}; ¹*Centre for Quantum Technologies, Singapore; ²Department of Physics, National Univ. of Singapore, Singapore; ³Singapore Univ. of Technology and Design, Singapore; ⁴Inst. of Microelectronics, Agency for Science Technology and Research (A*STAR), Singapore.* We developed a silicon chip capable of producing and delivering a detected rate of 460,000 pairs of entangled photons with a fidelity of 97.90(3)% fidelity. The entangled photons were transmitted over 155 km of fiber deployed across Singapore (66 dB loss), demonstrating a major advance in silicon nanophotonics for powering future quantum networks.

M4E.2 • 16:45

High-Fidelity Entanglement Distribution Through Berlin Using an Operator's Fiber Infrastructure, Matheus Ribeiro Sena¹, Mael Flament², Mehdi Namazi², Shane Andrewski², Gabriel Portmann², Ralf-Peter Braun³, Marwa Sayed¹, Ronny Döring¹, Michaela Ritter¹, Oliver Holschke¹, Marc Geitz¹; ¹*Deutsche Telekom AG, Germany; ²Qunnect, USA; ³Orbit GmbH, Germany.* We successfully integrated an automated system for distributing entangled photons across a 30-km field-deployed fiber in Berlin. Over a 17-day continuous operation, it achieved >99% fidelity, underscoring its potential for scalable, city-wide quantum networks.

M4E.3 • 17:00

Demonstration of a Digital Twin for an Entanglement-Based Quantum Network, Ruizhi Yang¹, Rui Wang¹, Marcus J. Clark¹, Jianxiong Tan¹, James Tai¹, Ronaldo Balram¹, Shan Jiang¹, Siddarth K. Joshi¹, Dimitra Simeonidou¹; ¹*Univ. of Bristol, UK.* We implemented a digital twin for an entanglement-based quantum network, demonstrating its ability to accurately mirror network's performance and experimentally enhance key rates through a DT-assisted control framework for the network executing the BBM92 protocol.

M4E.4 • 17:15

Experimental Test of Bell-State Measurement for Narrow-Band Ion-Photon Interfaces in the Quant-net Testbed, Yin Yue², Xiang Li², Damian Schon², Zhiyuan Chen², You-Wei Cheah¹, Erhan Saglamyurek¹, Wenji Wu¹, Hartmut Haffner², Inder Monga¹; ¹*Lawrence Berkeley Lab, USA; ²Univ. of California, Berkeley, USA.* This paper reports Bell-State Measurements using coherent light for testing the suitability of narrow-band ion-cavity interfaces for high-fidelity ion-ion entanglement in the QUANT-NET testbed. It also presents automated control of the experiment setup.

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M4E.5 • 17:30

Entanglement of up to 6 Photons on a Silicon Photonic Quantum Circuit, Jong-Moo Lee¹, Woncheol Shin¹, Taewan Kim¹, Yongsoo Hwang¹; ¹*ETRI, Korea (the Republic of)*. Six-photon entanglement is demonstrated on a silicon photonic circuit integrating spirals, spectral filters, and linear-optic gates for eight path-encoded qubits. The indistinguishability of photons is verified through a 97% Hong-Ou-Mandel visibility measurement.

M4E.6 • 17:45

Quantum-Secure Deep Learning in Optical Networks, Kfir Sulimany¹, Sri K. Vadlamani¹, Ryan Hamerly^{1,2}, Prahlad Iyengar¹, Dirk R. Englund¹; ¹*MIT, USA*; ²*NTT, USA*. The demand for cloud-based deep learning has intensified the need for secure computation. Our quantum-secure deep learning protocol leverages quantum properties of light and telecommunication components for scalable, secure cloud-based deep learning in optical networks.

M4E.7 • 18:00

Rerouting in Quantum Wrapper Networks by Monitoring Single-Photon Level Noise, Mehmet Berkay On¹, Roberto Proietti², Gamze Gul³, Gregory Kanter³, Prem Kumar³, S. J. Ben Yoo¹; ¹*Univ. of California, Davis, USA*; ²*Dipartimento di Elettronica e Telecomunicazioni, Politecnico di Torino, Italy*; ³*Department of Electrical and Computer Engineering, Northwestern Univ., USA*. We demonstrate routing polarization-entangled photon payloads multiplexed with classical datagram headers. Our testbed quantum network guarantees >77% interference visibility as a quality of transmission metric by monitoring single-photon level noise due to coexisting classical traffic.

M4E.8

Withdrawn

16:30 -- 18:30

Room 215

M4I • Access Network Coexistence and Convergence

Presider: Annachiara Pagano; FiberCop S.p.A, Italy

M4I.1 • 16:30 (Top-Scored)

Coexistence of Digital Coherent, MmWave and sub-THz Analog RoF Services Using OSaaS Over Converged Access-Metro Live Production Network, Devika Dass¹, Amol Delmade³, Agastya Raj¹, Eoin Kenny², Daniel C. Kilper¹, Liam P. Barry³, Marco Ruffini¹; ¹*Univ. of Dublin Trinity College, Ireland*; ²*HEAnet, Ireland*; ³*Dublin City Univ., Ireland*. We demonstrate the end-to-end transmission of digital coherent and analog radio-over-fiber signals, at mmWave and sub-THz frequencies, over the HEAnet live production metro network using Optical Spectrum-as-a-Service (OSaaS), transparently connected to a passive optical network.

M4I.2 • 16:45

Demonstration of Converged Metro+Access Bidirectional Transmission Using Coherent Transceivers and ROADMs, Giuseppe Rizzelli Martella^{2,1}, Mariacristina Casasco¹, Annachiara Pagano³, Emilio Riccardi³, Valter Ferrero¹, Roberto Gaudino¹; ¹*Politecnico di Torino, Italy*; ²*Photonext Center, Italy*; ³*FiberCop, Italy*. We present the experimental demonstration of high-speed transmission in downstream and upstream direction using off-the-shelf coherent

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transceivers in a 40-channel DWDM metro+access network configuration based on ROADMs for future all-optical metro-access converged solutions.

M4I.3 • 17:00

Robust Colorless Coherent Receiver for Next-Generation PONs: Coexistence with Legacy Systems and Multi-Wavelength Operation, Haipeng Zhang¹, Zhensheng Jia¹, John Bevilacqua¹; ¹*CableLabs, USA*. We present a colorless coherent receiver for next-generation coherent PONs, demonstrating its robustness in coexisting with legacy PONs and multiple coherent channels, and provide crucial insights into fiber nonlinearity, channel spacing, and optical power impacts.

M4I.4 • 17:15

Demonstration of High-Power PON for Higher Split Ratio and Optical Powering Using a Hollow-Core Fiber, Hironori Yamaji¹, Natsuhiro Yamada¹, Takeshi Takagi², Kazunori Mukasa², Satoru Okamoto³, Hiroyuki Tsuda³, Naoaki Yamanaka³, Motoharu Matsuura^{1,3}; ¹*Univ. of Electro-Communications, Japan*; ²*Furukawa Electric, Japan*; ³*Keio Univ., Japan*. We demonstrate a high-power 1:256 PON with optical powering using a hollow-core fiber. We have succeeded in transmitting A-RoF signals with input power exceeding 36 dBm and feeding optical power of 40 dBm for powering.

M4I.5 • 17:30

SOA Remoting in PON With Minimalistic ONU Receiver, Bernhard Schrenk¹; ¹*Austrian Inst. of Technology, Austria*. A remotely-powered SOA-based ODN extender is employed to consolidate distributed optical preamplifiers at the ONUs. An optical budget of 32 dB is supported despite the use of simple and cost-effective 10 Gb/s downstream PIN/TIA receivers.

M4I.6 • 17:45 (Invited)

Optimizing Capacity in Converged Access Networks: Design Guidelines for Coherent Optics Integration, Maryam Niknamfar¹; ¹*Charter Communications, USA*. This paper presents design considerations for converged access networks, focusing on traffic management strategies and integrating coherent optics to improve spectral efficiency and meet the growing demands for traffic capacity and diverse services.

M4I.7 • 18:15

Quantification of Stimulated Raman Scattering Penalties Induced by Very High Speed PON in Quadruple Coexistence, Gael Simon¹, Jeremy Potet¹, Fabienne Saliou¹, Dylan Chevalier¹, Lise Pichard¹, Georges Gaillard¹, Philippe Chanclou¹; ¹*Orange, France*. To determine the wavelength plan for VHSP, we study the penalties induced on legacy PONs through Raman scattering. The ~1300nm region seems the best tradeoff for IMDD-VHSP. Regarding S/C/L-bands, removing G-PON would relax the constraints.

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16:30 -- 18:30

Room 301

M4J • Fiber and Chip Coupling Interfaces

Presider: Milos Popovic; Boston Univ., USA

M4J.1 • 16:30

Hybrid InP-Si Photonic Integration via 3D-Nanoprinted Non-Waveguided Couplers, Huiyu Huang¹, Zhitian Shi¹, Richard Penty¹, Qixiang Cheng^{1,2}, Tongyun Li¹; ¹*Univ. of Cambridge, UK*; ²*GlitterinTech Limited, China*. We report a novel hybrid InP-Si photonic integration scheme with 3D-nanoprinted couplers, achieving 2.1 dB die-to-die coupling loss over a 100 nm wavelength range. This versatile design is compatible with any material system.

M4J.2 • 16:45

Ultra-Compact Reflow-Compatible Detachable Optical Connector for Co-Packaged Optics, Kengo Watanabe¹, Shosuke Ikeda¹, Yuki Fujimaki¹, Tsunetoshi Saito¹, Masaki Kotoku¹; ¹*Furukawa Electric Co., Ltd., Japan*. Ultra-compact detachable optical connector for Co-Packaged Optics is developed. The connector demonstrates low insertion loss ≤ 0.4 dB with small variation within ± 0.05 dB in multiple cycles connections and 260 °C reflow-compatibility.

M4J.3 • 17:00

200 mW High-Power Tolerant Vertically-Coupled Beam-Expanding Lens (VCBEL) for PIC to Fiber Coupling, Yasutaka Mizuno¹, Hiroshi Uemura¹, Tomoya Saeki¹, Keiji Tanaka¹, Katsumi Uesaka¹; ¹*Sumitomo Electric Industries, Ltd., Japan*. We present vertically-coupled lens for CPO. Coupling efficiency of -1.8 dB and 1 dB alignment tolerance of ± 10 μm were achieved, while demonstrating linear characteristic and long-term reliability of 3D-printed resin lens at 200 mW.

M4J.4 • 17:15

A Compact and Efficient 2D Grating Coupler for Polarization-Insensitive Fiber-to-Chip I/O, Wu Zhou¹, Yeyu Tong¹, Kaihang Lu¹; ¹*Hong Kong Univ of Sci & Tech (Guangzhou), China*. We experimentally demonstrate a compact and efficient 2D grating coupler fabricated with optical lithography. A fiber-to-chip efficiency of -2.9 dB with a footprint of 55×37 μm^2 including spot size converters can be achieved.

M4J.5 • 17:30

Low-Loss Fan-in/Fan-out Device for Coupled Four-Core Fiber Using a Femtosecond Laser Direct Inscription Technique, Fengrui Yu¹, Lin Ma¹, Junjie Xiong¹, Linbin Bai², Mingjing Xu¹, Zuyuan He¹; ¹*Shanghai Jiao Tong Univ., China*; ²*Shanghai Optoweave Technology Co., China*. We demonstrate low-loss fan-in/fan-out device for 19 μm -core-pitch coupled four-core fiber using a femtosecond laser direct inscription technique, achieving an average insertion loss of 0.49 dB before packaging and 0.92 dB after packaging.

M4J.6 • 17:45

Highly Fabrication Tolerant, High-Power tri-tip SiN Edge Coupler on a CMOS Monolithic SiPh Platform, Yusheng Bian¹; ¹*GLOBALFOUNDRIES, USA*. We report the successful demonstration of several monolithically integrated O-band Vgroove-based multi-tip SiN edge coupler designs with an average 0.5/0.7 dB TE/TM insertion loss, 0.1 dB PDL, high power

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handling over 280 mW and <-40 dB ORL exceeding IEEE 802.3 standards.

M4J.7 • 18:00

Spot-Size-Adjustable Optical Mediator Using 3D-Tapered Silica Waveguides for SiPh/SMF Low-Loss Connection, Masashi Ota¹, Yoshinori Hibino², Mikihiro Kurosawa², Tomomasa Kiyozawa¹, Ai Yanagihara¹, Yoshie Morimoto¹, Keita Yamaguchi¹, Kenya Suzuki¹, Osamu Moriwaki¹; ¹NTT Corporation, Japan; ²NTT Innovative Devices Corporation, Japan. We propose an optical mediator using 3D-tapered silica waveguides for standard-single-mode fiber to silicon-waveguide connections, achieving adjustable spot sizes (3–9 μm), precise pitch conversion, and <0.7-dB coupling loss for TE-mode in the LAN-WDM band.

M4J.8 • 18:15

7x100 Gb/s Multicore Fiber Link Enabled by an Inverse-Designed Dual-Polarization Coupler, Julian L. Pita Ruiz¹, Dipankar Sengupta¹, Christine Tremblay¹, Ming-Jun Li², Paulo C. Dainese, Jr.², Michaël Ménard¹; ¹École de Technologie Supérieure - ÉTS Montréal, Canada; ²Corning, USA. We present the first integration of an array of seven freeform dual-polarization SOI couplers with a seven-core fiber featuring a 125 μm cladding diameter, achieving a 7x100 Gb/s error-free multicore link.

16:30 -- 18:30

Room 304

M4K • Advancement of Integrated PD and APD

Presider: Patrick Runge; Fraunhofer HHI, Germany

M4K.1 • 16:30 (Top-Scored)

Silicon-Organic Hybrid (SOH) Mach-Zehnder Modulator (MZM) for Single-Carrier IMDD Line Rates of 500 Gbit/s and Beyond, Adrian Schwarzenberger^{1,2}, Dengyang Fang¹, Alexander Kotz¹, Hend Kholeif¹, Christoph Wilhelm^{1,2}, Carsten Eschenbaum², Mohamed Kelany¹, Lukas Grünewald³, Stefan Singer^{1,2}, Cheng Feng², Malte Martens², Adrian Mertens², Sidra Sarwar⁴, Patrick Kern⁴, Masis Sirim⁴, Peter Erk^{1,2}, Artem Kuzmin¹, Yolita M. Eggeler³, Stefan Bräse⁴, Sebastian Randel¹, Wolfgang Freude¹, Christian Koos^{1,2}; ¹Inst. of Photonics and Quantum Electronics (IPQ), Inst. of Microstructure Technology (IMT), Karlsruhe Inst. of Technology (KIT), Germany; ²SilOriX, Germany; ³Laboratory for Electron Microscopy (LEM), Karlsruhe Inst. of Technology (KIT), Germany; ⁴Inst. of Organic Chemistry (IOC), Inst. of Biological and Chemical Systems–Functional Molecular Systems (IBCS-FMS), Karlsruhe Inst. of Technology (KIT), Germany. We demonstrate PAM4, PAM6, and PAM8 signaling using a 280μm-long SOH MZM. We achieve PAM4 symbol rates of 204GBd and PAM8 line rates of 528Gbit/s (412.5Gbit/s net) – record-high values for devices on the SIP platform.

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M4K.2 • 16:45

100 GHz Ultra-Thin Germanium Photodetector With 1.05 a/W Responsivity at 1550 nm, Xu Wang¹, Jinwen Song², Fengxin Yu², Fenghe Yang², Wei Chu², Haibin Zhao¹, Haiwen Cai², Xuezhe Zheng³, Hao Wu³, Xiao Hu^{2,1}; ¹*Fudan Univ., China*; ²*Zhangjiang Laboratory, China*; ³*Innolight Technology Research Inst., China*. We demonstrate lateral-PIN germanium photodetectors with high bandwidth of up to 100 GHz, >0.8 A/W responsivity in the C-band and <20 nA dark current by utilizing ultra-thin germanium technology on CMOS silicon-photonics platform.

M4K.3 • 17:00

200 GHz Bandwidth Ultrafast Evanescently Coupled Waveguide MUTC-PDs With High Responsivity, Mingwei Sun¹, Bing Xiong¹, Changzheng Sun¹, Zhibiao Hao¹, Jian Wang¹, Lai Wang¹, Yanjun Han¹, Hongtao Li¹, Lin Gan¹, Yi Luo¹; ¹*Tsinghua Univ., China*. Evanescently coupled waveguide modified uni-traveling carrier photodiodes integrated with a multilayer coupling waveguide are presented. The fabricated photodiode with matching resistor exhibits a 3-dB bandwidth of 200 GHz and a high responsivity of 0.62 A/W.

M4K.4 • 17:15

Ge/Si APD Receiver with Record-High Sensitivity Exceeding -30 dBm for 50G PON, Hengzhen Cao¹, Ning Wang², Xu Wang³, Wenjun Chen³, Qihong Wu³, Weichao Sun¹, Zhen Dong³, Zhiyong Feng³, Zongzhao Zheng³, Fan Xu³, Daoxin Dai¹; ¹*College of Optical Science and Engineering, Zhejiang Univ., China*; ²*Department of Fundamental Network Technology, China Mobile Research Inst., China*; ³*Optical R&D Mgmt Dept, Huawei Technologies, China*. A high-responsivity, low-dark-current Ge/Si waveguide APD is demonstrated and achieves ultra-high sensitivities of -30.3 dBm and -30.1 dBm at 50Gb/s at 25 °C and 85 °C for the first time. This high-performance device reveals the potential of integrated Ge/Si APDs for high-speed PON applications.

M4K.5 • 17:30

A 112 Gbps Silicon-Germanium Avalanche Photodiode with Ultra-High Gain-Bandwidth Product, Chao Cheng^{1,2}, Jintao Xue^{1,2}, Shenlei Bao^{1,2}, Qian Liu^{1,2}, Wenfu Zhang^{1,2}, Binhao Wang^{1,2}; ¹*Xi'an Inst. of Optics and Precision, China*; ²*Univ. of Chinese Academy of Sciences, China*. We present a Si-Ge APD with a GBP of 7078 GHz at an input optical power of -24 dBm. It demonstrates sensitivities of -14.9 dBm at 100 Gbps NRZ and -12.8 dBm at 112 Gbps PAM4, both with KP4-FEC.

M4K.6 • 17:45 (Top-Scored)

226 Gbps PAM4 Operation Using Differential Drive EA-DFB Laser With 2.0-Vppd Swing Over 10-km SSMF Transmission for 1.6TbE Transceivers, Shuhei Ohno¹, Takanori Suzuki¹, Hideaki Matsuzaki¹, Koichiro Adachi¹, Ryosuke Hatai¹, Ryo Nakao¹, Shinichi Tanaka¹, Atsushi Mimura¹, Takashi Suzuki¹, Noriko Sasada¹, Shigehisa Tanaka¹, Kazuhiko Naoe¹; ¹*Lumentum Japan, Inc., Japan*. The newly developed differential drive EA-DFB confirmed 226 Gbps PAM4 eye opening with 4.8 dB ER by 2.0 Vppd (1.0 Vpp for each SE signal). TDECQ of 2.9dB was achieved after 10 km SSMF transmission with a 3-tap Tx equalizer.

M4K.7 • 18:00 (Invited)

Ultra-High Gain-Bandwidth Product APD, Yu Yu¹, Yang Shi¹, Xinliang Zhang¹; ¹*Huazhong Univ of Science and Technology, China*. We present our recent progress on ultrafast

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germanium/silicon avalanche photodiodes achieving an unprecedented gain-bandwidth product of 1 THz under large bandwidth. Through comprehensive optimizations, further improvement can be expected.

16:30 -- 18:30

Rooms 201-202

M4A • Generative AI in Networking: From Proof of Concept to Production II

Presider: Olga Vassilieva; Fujitsu Network Communications Inc, USA and Deepa Venkitesh; Indian Inst. of Technology Madras, India and Ricard Vilalta; Centre Tecnològic Telecom de Catalunya, Spain and Qiong Zhang; Amazon Web Services, USA

M4A.1 • 16:30 (Invited)

Machine Learning Based Physical Layer Monitoring, Seb J. Savory¹; ¹*Univ. of Cambridge, UK*. We review progress on machine learning for physical layer monitoring with a focus on Gaussian process regression for nonlinear signal-to-noise estimation and amplifier characterization. We also discuss hybrid models to improve interpretability of ML models.

M4A.2 • 16:50 (Invited)

New Performance Monitoring Capabilities at Physical Layer, Zhiping Jiang¹, Choloong Hahn¹, Junho Chang¹, Qingyi Guo¹; ¹*Ottawa Research Centre, Huawei Technologies Canada Co. Ltd., Canada*. Optical performance monitoring is critical in optical network optimization and fault classification/localization. In this presentation, the emerging monitoring techniques, such as pilot tone-based, Rx-side LPM-based monitoring, and Rx-based fault diagnosis framework, are reviewed.

M4A.3 • 17:10 (Invited)

Design Principle of Fiber-Longitudinal Power Monitor, Takeo Sasai^{1,2}; ¹*NTT Network Innovation Laboratories, NTT, Japan*; ²*The Research Center for Advanced Science and Technology, The Univ. of Tokyo, Japan*. We present the design principle of longitudinal power monitor. Analogous to the communication theory, we analytically show that the position-wise SNR fundamentally determines performance metrics such as minimum detectable loss and dynamic range.

M4A.4 • 17:30 (Invited)

Digital Twin Optical Networks Aided by DSP-Based Longitudinal Power Profile Monitoring, Inwoong Kim¹, Olga Vassilieva¹, Paparao Palacharla¹; ¹*Fujitsu Network Communications Inc, USA*. Transmission link monitoring and actual physical parameters are essential for digital twin in optical networks. Receiver-side DSP enables not only monitoring longitudinal power profiles but also extracting physical parameters of transmission links.

M4A.5 • 17:50 (Invited)

Generative AI for Distributed Acoustic Sensing Event Classification in Telecom Networks, Ming-Fang Huang¹; ¹*NEC Laboratories America Inc., USA*. Distributed fiber-optic sensing and machine learning enable continuous monitoring and protection of telecom networks. We evaluate the discriminative ability of generative models, which facilitates additional features such as selective classification, uncertainty quantification, and robustness.

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M4A.6 • 18:10 (Invited)

Beyond Optical Layer Monitoring: Exploring the Full Potential of Coherent Signal Processing, Matheus Ribeiro Sena¹, Abdelrahmane Moawad², Robert Emmerich², Behnam Shariati², Philipp Nöckel¹, Andreas Gladisch¹, Rainer Schatzmayr¹, Ralf-Peter Braun³, Johannes K. Fischer², Ronald Freund²; ¹*Deutsche Telekom AG, Germany*; ²*Fraunhofer Heinrich Hertz Inst., Germany*; ³*Orbit GmbH, Germany*. Extracting information from Rx-DSP can revolutionize optical fiber network monitoring. Beyond monitoring, it enhances QoT estimation, digital twin modeling, and network security. This talk explores the broader potential of coherent signal processing for optical networks.

16:30 -- 18:30

Rooms 205-206

M4C • Datacenter Interconnect

Presider: John Downie; Corning Inc., USA

M4C.1 • 16:30 (Tutorial)

IM-DD vs. Coherent in Datacenters: a Revisit in 2025, Xiang Zhou¹; ¹*Google LLC, USA*. The rise of LLMs is driving explosive growth in datacenter bandwidth demand. This tutorial examines the scaling limitations of IM-DD based optical technologies and how datacenter-reach optimized coherent optics can address some of these challenges.

M4C.2 • 17:30

Demonstration of 12.3-THz Wide-Bandwidth Tunable CFP2 Coherent Transceiver Operating at C6T+L6T Band, Hao liu¹, Xia Sheng¹, Tianyang Zhao², Qianli Ma³, Anxu Zhang¹, Kai Lv¹, Lipeng Feng¹, Yuyang Liu¹, Xishuo Wang¹, Xiaoli Huo¹; ¹*China Telecom Beijing Research Inst., China*; ²*ZTE Corporation, China*; ³*ZTE Photonics Technology Co. Ltd., China*. We present a 130GBaud-based CFP2-DCO with nominal frequency tuning range from 184.35THz to 196.65THz. Experiment results show that the laser output is greater than 16.5dBm, and the maximum BtB OSNR tolerance in 400Gbit/s DP-QPSK is 16.79dB.

M4C.3 • 17:45

Bidirectional 3.2T (400Gb/s/λ×4λ×2) Optical Interconnect Enabled by 1.4 km NANF and PS-PAM16 With Linear FFE, Chao Li¹, Zichen Liu¹, Peng Sun¹, Songyuan Hu¹, Xumeng Liu¹, Qibing Wang¹, yingying Wang², Wei Ding², Zhixue He¹, Shaohua Yu¹; ¹*Pengcheng Laboratory, China*; ²*Jinan Univ., China*. Bidirectional optical interconnect link for beyond 3.2T application in C-band is proposed and experimentally demonstrated for the first time, enabled by high-performance NANF and probabilistic shaping 4Lambda 116GBaud PAM16 with linear equalizer only.

M4C.4 • 18:00 (Invited)

From 400G to 1600G - Cloud Scale Deployment and Intelligent Operation of Inter-Datacenter Coherent Links, Chuan Qin¹, Yishu Zhou¹, Binbin Guan¹, Ben Foo¹, Sasha Gazman¹, Matthew Tuggle¹, Jian Kong¹, Yawei Yin¹, Avinash Pathak¹, Deepak Garg¹, Deshraj Verma¹, Mounika Banda¹, Jeetesh Jain¹, Jamie Gaudette¹; ¹*Microsoft, USA*. This paper discusses the transition from 400ZR to 1600ZR technology, emphasizing the need for robust forward error correction (FEC) mechanisms to maintain performance margins. The paper also explores intelligent operation using automated tools and AI to handle link failures, ensuring

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seamless data transfer and network reliability. The findings highlight the significance of 1600ZR technology in meeting the bandwidth demand and enabling next-generation AI-driven applications.

16:30 -- 18:30

Rooms 209-210

M4F • Advanced Fibers and Applications

Presider: Georg Rademacher; Universität Stuttgart, Germany

M4F.1 • 16:30 (Invited)

Reduction of Modal Dispersion Through Mode Permutation in Multi-Mode Fiber Transmission, Giammarco Di Sciullo¹, Divya A. Shaji¹, Menno van den Hout², Georg Rademacher³, Ruben S. Luis⁴, Benjamin J. Puttnam⁴, Nicolas K. Fontaine⁵, Roland Ryf⁵, Haoshuo Chen⁵, Mikael Mazur⁵, David T. Neilson⁵, Pierre Sillard⁶, Frank Achten⁷, Jun Sakaguchi⁴, Chigo M. Okonkwo², Antonio Mecozzi¹, Cristian Antonelli¹, Hideaki Furukawa⁴; ¹*Universita degli Studi dell'Aquila, Italy*; ²*Eindhoven Univ. of Technology, Netherlands*; ³*Univ. of Stuttgart, Germany*; ⁴*National Inst. of Information and Communication Technology, Japan*; ⁵*Nokia Bell Labs, USA*; ⁶*Prysmian Group, France*; ⁷*Prysmian Group, Netherlands*. We investigate mode permutation in a 15-mode fiber system to mitigate modal dispersion, effectively reducing the growth of the intensity impulse response duration with transmission distance, thereby decreasing MIMO-DSP complexity.

M4F.2 • 17:00

Maximizing Distributed Fiber Sensor Reach with Engineered Backscatter Profiles, Tristan Kremp¹, Zhou Shi¹, Kenneth S. Feder¹, Paul S. Westbrook¹; ¹*OFS Fitel LLC, USA*. We use time domain simulations and experimental data to show how the backscattering profile along a fiber can be optimized to maximize sensor reach while maintaining acceptable attenuation and crosstalk for distributed sensing applications.

M4F.3 • 17:15 (Invited)

Toward in-Fiber Integrated Optical Signal Control, Yoko Yamashita¹, Masaki Wada¹, Kiyoshi Kamimura¹, Takayoshi Mori¹, Takashi Matsui¹, Kazuhide Nakajima¹; ¹*NTT Corp., Japan*. Femtosecond (fs) laser inscription is beneficial in terms of integrating multiple functions within an optical fiber. Design basis and bandwidth controllability of a fs laser inscribed wavelength selective add/drop circuit are investigated.

M4F.4 • 17:45

Implementation of Digitally Scanned P-OFDR Using a Digital Coherent Transceiver, Fatima Al-Shaikhli¹, Rongqing Hui¹; ¹*Univ. of Kansas, USA*. We present a novel measurement technique for P-OFDR with a digitally created linear chirp in the transmitter and vector complex optical field detection to measure the Stokes parameters along the fiber.

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M4F.5 • 18:00 (Invited)

Wavefront Control with Metasurfaces for Optical Fiber Connectivity, Paulo C. Dainese, Jr.¹; ¹*Corning Inc., USA*. Dielectric metasurfaces enable wavefront and polarization manipulation of light with high spatial resolution, enabling compact devices for high-density optical interconnects. I will review our recent results and future strategies to achieve high efficiency devices.

16:30 -- 18:45

Rooms 211-212

M4G • Free Space Optical Communications (FSOC)

Presider: Katherine Newell; Johns Hopkins Applied Physics Lab, USA

M4G.1 • 16:30

Demonstration of 29.49 dB Gain in C-Band NLOS Communication Using Masked Adaptive Focusing Shaping, Chaoxu Chen¹, Ziyi Zhuang¹, Yuan Wei¹, Haoyu Zhang¹, Fang Dong¹, Yingjun Zhou¹, Ziwei Li¹, Chao Shen¹, Junwen Zhang¹, Jianyang Shi¹, Nan Chi¹; ¹*Fudan Univ., China*. We experimentally demonstrate a 29.49 dB gain in C-band non-line-of-sight (NLOS) communication using proposed masked adaptive focusing shaping method, achieving the highest reported gain to date. An 8.83 Gbps data rate is successfully reached in a 2.5 GHz-class OWC system with BPL-DMT signal.

M4G.2 • 16:45 (Top-Scored)

Real-Time 204Tb/s Mode/Wavelength Division Multiplexing Free-Space Optical Communication Enabled by 800G C6T+L6T-Band Transponder, Songyuan Hu^{1,4}, Peng Sun¹, Zhimu Huang², Chao Li¹, Juncheng Fang², Ting Lei², Zichen Liu¹, Xumeng Liu¹, Yunhong Liu¹, Ji Wang¹, Linbojie Huang¹, Songtao Chen³, Wei Sun⁴, Zhixue He¹, Shaohua Yu¹; ¹*Pengcheng Laboratory, China*; ²*Shenzhen Univ., China*; ³*Fiberhome Telecommunication Technologies Co., Ltd., China*; ⁴*Sun Yat-sen Univ., China*. Record net 204 Tb/s (850Gb/s/λ×80λ×3mode) real-time optical wireless connectivity over 1.6 m free-space link is experimentally achieved, enabled by C6T+L6T-band 800G transponder and MIMO-free 3-mode MUX/DeMUX.

M4G.3 • 17:00 (Top-Scored)

Bidirectional and Turbulence-Resilient Fi-Wi-Fi Bridge, Florian Honz¹, Bernhard Schrenk¹; ¹*AIT, Austria*. We present a full-duplex 10Gb/s FSO bridge between two single-mode ports, utilizing centralized beamforming and simultaneous channel sounding. We further mitigate turbulence-induced fading through diversity reception enabled by wavelength-set coding.

M4G.4 • 17:15 (Top-Scored)

Enhanced Atmospheric Turbulence Resiliency in Free Space Optical Communication (FSOC) With MIMO Programmable Silicon-Photonics Processor, Yin-He Jian¹, Tun-Yao Hung¹, Dan Yi², Hon Ki Tsang², Chi-Wai Chow¹; ¹*National Yang Ming Chiao Tung Univ., Taiwan*; ²*The Chinese Univ. of Hong Kong, Hong Kong*. We present an integrated multiple-input-multiple-output (MIMO) programmable silicon-photonics (SiPh) processor, which improves the channel extinction-ratios (ERs) and enables overall data-rate enhancement from 9.75 to

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50.7-Gbps. Experiment confirm the processor's resilience to handle atmospheric turbulence.

M4G.5 • 17:30 (Invited)

Wavelength Selection for Resilient Free-Space Optical Communication, Laura Resteghini¹, Lorenzo Luini², Carlo G. Riva², Roberto Nebuloni³, Gianluca Galzerano³, Elizabeth Verdugo², Alessandro D Acierno¹, Renato Lombardi¹; ¹*Huawei Technologies Italia, Italy*; ²*Department of Electronics, Information and Bioengineering, Polytechnic Univ. of Milan, Italy*; ³*CNR-IEIT, National Research Council, Italy*. Free Space Optics (FSO) communication is emerging as a promising approach for beyond 5G networks. The selection of the right optical wavelength for the system is a crucial parameter that significantly influences the architecture's definition.

M4G.6 • 18:00

FPGA-Based Real-Time Mode-Diversity Coherent Reception Experiment Over a 15.6 km Horizontal Turbulence Link, Kejia Xu¹, Wenjie Guo¹, Yan Li¹, Chao Liu^{2,3}, Bin Lan^{2,3}, Kaihe Zhang^{2,3}, Xinyu Guo¹, Zhengjie Wang¹, Pu Zhang¹, Shuai Wei¹, Jingwei Song¹, Xiaobin Hong¹, Jian Wu¹; ¹*Beijing Univ. of Posts & Telecom, China*; ²*National Laboratory on Adaptive Optics, China*; ³*Key Laboratory on Adaptive Optics, Chinese Academy of Sciences, China*. In a 15.6 km near-ground FSO link, we observed turbulence-induced phase misalignment between modes. Using SC in a 1Gbaud BPSK real-time experiment over the same link, we demonstrated 87.7% error-free frames without precise phase alignment.

M4G.7 • 18:15

Fading-Resilient Coherent Receiver for Free-Space Communications with Real-Time Demonstration, Eric Dutisseuil¹, Rajiv Boddeda¹, Sébastien Bigo¹; ¹*Nokia Bell Labs, France*. We propose an approach for enhancing the resilience of coherent receivers to fading caused by atmospheric turbulence in free-space systems. We validate it using a real-time receiver prototype demonstrating x1000 greater robustness to fading duration.

M4G.8 • 18:30 (Top-Scored)

Experimental Demonstration of Coherent Heterodyne Detection for Multiple Mid-IR Free-Space Optical (FSO) Data Channels with a Native Mid-IR Detector, Huibin Zhou¹, Yue Zuo¹, Abdulrahman Alhaddad¹, Xinzhou Su¹, Yuxiang Duan¹, Adam Heiniger², Moshe Tur³, Alan Willner¹; ¹*Univ. of Southern California, USA*; ²*TOPTICA Photonics Inc, USA*; ³*School of Electrical Engineering, Tel Aviv Univ., Israel*. We demonstrate mid-IR FSO coherent detection at ~3.4 μm using a native detector for (i) a single 1-Gbaud data channel with various modulation formats, including OOK, QPSK, 16 QAM, and 64 QAM, and (ii) five multi-carrier 1-Gbaud 16-QAM channels. We show >10-dB improvement in receiver sensitivity compared to direct detection using the same detector.

16:30 -- 18:30

Rooms 213-214

M4H • Networks with Optical Circuit Switching

President: George Michelogiannakis; Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory, USA

M4H.1 • 16:30 (Invited)

Large Scale AI Systems with Photonic Connectivity, Larry Dennison¹; ¹*NVIDIA Corp., USA*. Large scale AI systems are highly optimized and specialized for characteristics of their

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workloads. The linkage from the AI workloads down to photonic interconnect is not readily apparent but is currently summarized as "use copper where you can, optical where you must". We explore how other attributes such as latency, channel error rates, packaging and power might cause increased photonic adoption.

M4H.2 • 17:00

Flexible Photonic Memory Pooling Architecture for Efficient Compute Resource

Allocation, Zhenguo Wu¹, Keren Bergman¹; ¹*Columbia Univ., USA*. We present a photonic memory pooling architecture and a co-designed optimization methodology for flexible allocation of compute, memory, and network resources. We demonstrate up to 5.4x to 7.5x improvements in DL training and inference time.

M4H.3 • 17:15

Mercury: A Reconfigurable Datacenter Network with Collaborative Optical Timeslot

Switching and Optical Circuit Switching, Shi Feng¹, Jiawei Zhang¹, Huitao Zhou¹, Xingde Li¹, Yuefeng Ji¹; ¹*Beijing Univ. of Posts and Telecomm, China*. We propose and experimentally demonstrate Mercury, a reconfigurable optical-switched network with collaborative optical timeslot and circuit switching paradigms. Experimental results show its nanosecond-granularity reconfiguration and model training acceleration effect through a real-time FPGA-based prototype.

M4H.4 • 17:30

Accelerating Collective Communications with Mutual Benefits of Optical Rackless DC and in-Network Computing

Weichi Wu¹, Xiaoliang Chen¹, Zhihuang Ma¹, Xuexia Xie¹, Ke Meng², Weiguang Wang², Zuqing Zhu¹; ¹*Univ. of Science and Technology of China, China*; ²*Huawei Inst. of Nanjing, China*. We propose a novel architecture to explore the mutual benefits of optical rackless data center (ORDC) and in-network computing for accelerating collective communications. It reduces job completion time of MapReduce clusters by 27.4% to 43.3% over traditional ORDC in experiments.

M4H.5 • 17:45

DRL-TPE: Learning to Optimize TPE of Optical Interconnects to Accelerate Hitless

Reconfiguration of OCS-Based DCNs, Xiaoliang Chen¹, Wenbang Zheng^{1,2}, Shuoning Zhang¹, Xiaoyan Dong¹, Ke Meng³, Zuqing Zhu¹; ¹*Univ. of Science and Technology of China, China*; ²*Sun Yat-Sen Univ., China*; ³*Huawei Inst. of Nanjing, China*. We leverage deep reinforcement learning (DRL) to optimize the topology engineering of optical circuit switching based data-center networks, such that the hitless reconfiguration to the obtained target physical topology can be finished with the fewest stages. Simulations confirm the benefits of our proposal over the state-of-the-art.

M4H.6 • 18:00 (Invited)

Impact of Optical Circuit Switching on AI Clusters, Norman P. Jouppi¹; ¹*Google LLC, USA*. Abstract not available

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Tuesday, 01 April

08:00 -- 10:00

Esplanade Ballroom

Tu1A • Joint Plenary Session

President: Nicolas Fontaine; Nokia Bell Labs, USA and Fotini Karinou; Microsoft, UK and Elaine Wong; Univ. of Melbourne, Australia

DII (Diversity, Inclusion and Integration) of III-v Devices and Technologies in

Photonics, Kei May Lau¹; ¹*Hong Kong Univ of Science & Technology, Hong Kong*. We have taken various approaches and developed high-quality III-V on silicon by direct hetero-epitaxy, including blanket and selective growth. A novel lateral aspect ratio trapping (LART) technique is used to grow III-V lasers with embedded QWs and high-speed photodetectors on patterned commercial SOI substrates for integrated Si photonics.

Space-Based Optical Communications: Present Capabilities and Future

Opportunities, Bryan S. Robinson¹; ¹*MIT Lincoln Laboratory, USA*. Just a few years ago, free-space optical communication (FSOC) systems were considered by many to be too complex or expensive to offer any practical benefits. Today, there are thousands of FSOC terminals operating in space, enabling revolutionary space and terrestrial communications systems. We will review the history of FSOC development, discuss its present applications, and consider areas where future development will enable new communications capabilities near Earth, and beyond.

Scaling Data Centers Is in Conflict with Increasing Interface Speeds, Pradeep

Sindhu¹; ¹*Microsoft, USA*. This talk argues that the historical trend towards ever faster network port speeds in Ethernet networks is increasingly in conflict with building efficient, massive scale data centers. To support these data centers, the industry needs to fix port speed at a technology “sweet spot” of around 200Gbps and instead scale networks by increasing the number of ports (the radix) on NICs and switches.

14:00 -- 16:00

Room 207

Tu2D • Quantum and Classical Security

Tu2D.1 • 14:00

Quantum-Safe MACsec Connectivity to Public Cloud Providers in a Metropolitan Network

Over Deployed Fiber, Obada Alia¹, Albert Huang¹, Randy Lai¹, Huan Luo¹, Joey Goh¹, Marco Pistoia¹, Charles Lim¹; ¹*JP Morgan Chase, Singapore*. We successfully demonstrated a wire-rate 10 Gbps QKD-secured MACsec link between JPMorganChase datacenter and a major Cloud Service Provider (CSP) via dedicated network connection providing quantum-safe connectivity to the cloud without utilizing the public internet.

Tu2D.2 • 14:15

First Demonstration of 200 Gbps Regime Line-Rate Quantum-Secure MACsec Optical

Links Using Commodity Hardware Offloads, Abraham Cano Aguilera^{1,2}, Carlos Rubio Garcia¹, Daniel C. Lawo^{1,2}, Idelfonso Tafur Monroy¹, José Luis Imaña Pascual³, Juan José

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Vegas Olmos²; ¹*Technical Univ. of Eindhoven, Netherlands*; ²*NVIDIA, Israel*; ³*Complutense Univ. of Madrid, Spain*. We demonstrate the first MACsec implementation at 196~Gbps over an end-to-end quantum-secure link using Quantum Key Distribution, Post-Quantum Cryptography, and Classical Cryptography with network offloads and hardware accelerators.

Tu2D.3 • 14:30

91.1 Gbit/s Quantum Resistant IPsec Programmable Encryptor, Carlos Rubio Garcia¹, Abraham Cano Aguilera¹, Juan José Vegas Olmos², Simon Rommel¹, Idelfonso Tafur Monroy¹; ¹*Eindhoven Univ. of Technology, Netherlands*; ²*NVIDIA, Israel*. We demonstrate the first DPU-based triple-hybrid IPsec tunnel that simultaneously integrates classical and post-quantum cryptography, and quantum key distribution, providing accelerated quantum-resistant communications operating at 91.1~Gbit/s line rate.

Tu2D.4 • 14:45

Bi-Directional Coexistence of C-Band Quantum Channel with Quantum-Safe IPsec DWDM Classical Channels in a Metropolitan Network, Obada Alia¹, Albert Huang¹, Marco Pistoia¹, Charles Lim¹; ¹*JP Morgan Chase, Singapore*. We demonstrate the bi-directional coexistence of a quantum channel with service, key management system, management, and encrypted data channel all operating in the C-band in passive-only and active testbeds over 35km and 50km single-mode fibers.

Tu2D.5 • 15:00

Integration of Quantum Key Distribution in a 20-km 32-User Coherent Passive Optical Network with Single Feeder Fiber, Jing Wang¹, Brian J. Rollick¹, Zhensheng Jia¹, Bernardo A. Huberman¹; ¹*CableLabs, USA*. For the first time, we demonstrated the integration of O-band polarization-encoding decoy-state BB84 QKD into a C-band 20-km single-feeder fiber 32-user coherent PON running at carrier-grade power levels without modifying existing PON infrastructures.

Tu2D.6 • 15:15

Latency of Multipartite Entanglement Distribution in a Quantum SDN Architecture, Anuj Gore¹, Alejandra Beghelli¹; ¹*Univ. College London, UK*. We quantify the latency to distribute multipartite entanglement over a quantum SDN architecture. Results show that classical communication accounts for more than 85% of the delay, highlighting the need for efficient control plane design.

Tu2D.7 • 15:30 (Invited)

QKD Networks in China, Qiang Zhang¹; ¹*Univ. of Science and Technology of China, China*. Quantum key distribution (QKD) promises information-theoretically secure communication, yet practical deployment has historically been hindered by channel loss and device imperfections. This talk will review the technological milestones and operational frameworks underpinning China's QKD network.

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14:00 -- 16:00

Room 208

Tu2E • Doped Fiber Lasers and Amplifiers I

Presider: John Ballato; Clemson Univ., USA

Tu2E.1 • 14:00 (Tutorial)

EDFAs: Ongoing Frontier of Practical Amplifier Development, Thomas Strasser¹; ¹*Infinera Corp., USA*. EDFA technology has been key to economically scaling bandwidth in fiber networks for over 30 years. A frontier remains with key opportunities to evolve current EDFA applications to support future network needs.

Tu2E.2 • 15:00

Optimization of Gain Profile of Super-C Band EDFA Using Neural Network and Simplified Physical Models, Lixian Wang¹, Jiachuan Lin¹, Zhiping Jiang¹; ¹*Huawei Technologies Canada, Canada*. Neural network models of EDFA work well in gain prediction but usually have limited access to amplifier's control parameters. Leveraging physical model can help in the fine-tuning and optimization of EDFA's operating point.

Tu2E.3 • 15:15

EDFA Gain Profile Prediction Under off-Target Channel add/Drop, Yang Lan¹, Lixian Wang¹, Zhiping Jiang¹; ¹*Huawei Technologies Canada, Canada*. We propose a hybrid EDFA model to estimate gain profile under off-target channel add and drop events. Our experimental results show 0.05dB RMSE off-target prediction with on-target data only, significantly reducing sample requirements.

Tu2E.4 • 15:30

Validity of the McCumber Theory at Low Temperatures for Erbium Doped Alumino-Germosilicate Fibers, Inga Rittner¹, Roland Spang¹, Peter M. Krummrich¹; ¹*Chair for High Frequency Technology, TU Dortmund Univ., Germany*. We show experimental results indicating that the McCumber conversion between the absorption and emission cross section spectra holds at low temperatures. Measurement results at around 77 K of erbium-doped fiber probes are presented.

Tu2E.5 • 15:45

Impact of Fluctuations of Er-Doped Preforms Properties on the Performances of Multi-Core Amplifiers for Submarine Applications., Martin Deduytschaever¹, Maroun Bsaibes¹, Maryna Kudinova³, Pierre Sillard³, Jean-baptiste Trinel³, Claire Autebert², Labroille Guillaume², Perrier Philippe⁴, Bigot Laurent¹, Yves Quiquempois¹, Ravn Andresen Esben¹; ¹*PhLAM-Université de Lille, France*; ²*Ille-et-Vilaine, CAILABS, France*; ³*Haisnes, Prysmian, France*; ⁴*META, Malaysia*. This work reports the study of the impact of the fluctuations of the opto-geometrical and compositional properties of Erbium-doped preforms on the differential gain between channels in multi-core-Erbium-doped amplifiers applicable to submarine applications.

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14:00 -- 16:00

Room 215

Tu2I • Coherent PON Optimization

Presider: Haipeng Zhang; CableLabs, USA

Tu2I.1 • 14:00 (Top-Scored)

200G Coherent TFDM-PON With Flexible Subcarrier Reception Using Simplified ONU and MHz DFB Laser, Xingang Huang¹, Yixiao Zhu², Xiansong Fang³, Bo Liu¹, Xiatao Huang¹, Guangying Yang², Guoqiang Li¹, Ziheng Zhang², Yiming Zhong¹, Lina Man², Fan Zhang³, Weisheng Hu²; ¹ZTE Corporation, China; ²Shanghai Jiao Tong Univ., China; ³Peking Univ., China. We propose a TFDM-PON with simplified ONU structure and subcarrier allocation design that allows flexible single/multiple subcarrier reception. At 25-km SSMF, >32.5-dB power budget for 200-Gb/s downstream is achieved with 512-symbol preamble and 1-MHz LO.

Tu2I.2 • 14:15

Low-Complexity PAPR Reduction Based on Partial Transmit Subcarrier Technology in 400G Coherent TFDM PON, Penghao Luo¹, An yan¹, Shuhong He¹, Yongzhu Hu¹, Zhongya Li¹, Junhao Zhao¹, Renle Zheng¹, Yingjun Zhou¹, Jianyang Shi¹, Nan Chi¹, Junwen Zhang¹; ¹Fudan Univ., China. We propose and demonstrate a low-complexity downstream signal peak-to-average power ratio (PAPR) reduction scheme based on partial transmit subcarrier technology for 400G coherent time-and-frequency-division PON. Experimental results show our approach provides over 1dB power-budget improvement.

Tu2I.3 • 14:30 (Top-Scored)

Enhanced DC Leakage Tolerance for 200G Simplified Coherent TDM-PON in Upstream Burst-Mode Detection, An yan¹, Yongzhu Hu¹, Junhao Zhao¹, Penghao Luo¹, Shuhong He¹, Renle Zheng¹, Zhifeng Yue¹, Ziwei Li¹, Chao Shen¹, Jianyang Shi¹, Yingjun Zhou¹, Nan Chi¹, Junwen Zhang¹; ¹Fudan Univ., China. We present improved DC-leakage tolerance for the 200G simplified coherent TDM-PON in upstream burst-mode detection, utilizing SCM signaling with flipped-frequency heterodyne detection, achieving 18-dB DC-leakage tolerance improvement at the N1 class loss budget.

Tu2I.4 • 14:45

Preamble Design for Online IQ Skew Estimation in Burst-Mode DSP for 400G Coherent TFDM-PON Upstream, Junhao Zhao¹, An yan¹, Yongzhu Hu¹, Zhongya Li¹, Aolong Sun¹, Boyu Dong¹, Penghao Luo¹, Sizhe Xing¹, Yingjun Zhou¹, Jianyang Shi¹, Chao Shen¹, Ziwei Li¹, Nan Chi¹, Junwen Zhang¹; ¹Fudan Univ., China. We report a fast transceiver online IQ-skew estimation method with special designed preamble in upstream burst-mode DSP, achieving transceiver estimation errors within ± 0.3 ps after average operation in the 400G coherent TFDM-PON upstream.

Tu2I.5 • 15:00

Low-Complexity 100G Burst-Mode TDMA-CPON Transmission Achieving 38 dB Link Budget, Gabriele Di Rosa¹, Ognjen Jovanovic¹, M. Ahmed Leghari¹, Martin Kuipers², Jim Zou¹, Jörg-Peter Elbers¹; ¹Adtran Networks SE, Germany; ²Adtran Networks SE, Germany. We experimentally demonstrate practical 100 Gbit/s burst-mode coherent transmission with >38 dB link budget without optical amplification. A novel ~ 17.1 ns DP-QPSK preamble guarantees DSP

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convergence while enabling power-efficient modulation and reduced DAC requirements.

Tu2I.6 • 15:15

224 Gbit/s Coherent PON Downstream Using a Wavelength-Uncalibrated LO and Blind Locking During ONU Startup, Md Mosaddek Hossain Adib¹, Christoph Füllner¹, Sandip Das¹, Michae Straub¹, Laurens Breyne¹, Dora van Veen¹, Rene Bonk¹; ¹*Nokia Bell Labs, Germany*. We experimentally demonstrate a novel blind LO-locking technique for 224 Gbit/s coherent PON downstream that is applied during ONU startup and allows using wavelength uncalibrated LO lasers in the ONU module.

Tu2I.7 • 15:30

Blind Channel Equalizer-Based Suppression of Interference from Non-Transmitting ONUs in Upstream Coherent PON, Wouter Lanneer¹, Kovendhan Vijayan¹, Robbe Van Rompaey¹, Robert Borkowski¹, Laurens Breyne¹; ¹*Nokia Bell Labs, Belgium*. This work investigates the impact of narrowband interference from non-transmitting ONUs in coherent PON and proposes novel channel equalizer-based interference suppression. Experimental results demonstrate a 4 dB improvement of signal-to-interference-ratio margin compared to standard equalization.

Tu2I.8 • 15:45

Experimental Demonstration of APD-Based Simplified Coherent Receiver for 100Gbit/s/λ Coherent PON Downstream Transmission, Haiqiang WEI¹, Kemo Ran², Steven Zhong², Xiang Li³, Chao Lu¹, Alan Pak Tao Lau¹, Kang Ping Zhong¹; ¹*Photonics Research Inst., Department of Electrical and Electronic Engineering, The Hong Kong Polytechnic Univ., Hong Kong SAR, China, Hong Kong*; ²*MACOM Technology Inc, China*; ³*School of Mechanical Engineering and Electronic Information, China Univ. of Geosciences (Wuhan), China*. We experimentally demonstrated APD-based simplified coherent receiver using single photodiode for 100Gbit/s/λ coherent PON downstream transmissions with a 17.9dB reduction in LO power and a record link power budget of 33.1dB.

14:00 -- 16:00

Room 301

Tu2J • Modulator Structures with EML, Thin Film LN and Ring-Based

Presider: Liu Liu; Zhejiang Univ., China

Tu2J.1 • 14:00

A Wavelength Locking System of Microring Modulator for PAM4 Modulation Assisted by Bit-Error-Rate Searching, Yuchen Shi¹, Qiang Zhang², Gangqiang Zhou², Shengyu Fang¹, Shilan Zhou¹, Xinyu Wang¹, Naichang Pei³, Hui Yu²; ¹*Zhejiang Univ., China*; ²*Zhejiang Lab, China*; ³*Southwest China Inst. of Electronic Technology, China*. We demonstrate a wavelength locking system of Microring Modulator for PAM4 Modulation, where the BER formula identifies the operating point. We achieve fast adaptive locking for 30 GBaud/s PAM4 signal within a full FSR.

Tu2J.2 • 14:15

413 Gbits/s PAM-6 O-Band CWDM Electroabsorption Modulated Lasers for 400G per Lane IM-DD Applications, Prashanth Bhasker¹, Sumeeta Arora¹, Alex Robertson¹, Tom McCaully¹, Adrian Ni¹, John Johnson¹; ¹*Broadcom Inc, USA*. We report O-band EMLs with 90GHz BW at

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55C. BTB PAM-4 (320 Gbits/s) and PAM-6 (413 Gbits/s) eyes are presented. 500m fiber transmission is demonstrated at 160GBd PAM-4 for CWDM channels 1270/1330.

Tu2J.3 • 14:30 (Invited)

High Speed EML and Assembly Techniques for GPU Cluster System, Mizuki Shirao¹, Takuma Fujita¹, Shinya Okuda², Asami Uchiyama², Takumi Nagamine³, Abe Kenichi⁴, Nobuo Ohata¹; ¹*Information Technology R&D Center, Mitsubishi Electric Corporation, Japan*; ²*High Frequency & Optical Device Works, Mitsubishi Electric Corp., Japan*; ³*Manufacturing Engineering Center, Mitsubishi Electric Corp., Japan*; ⁴*Advanced Technology R & D Center, Mitsubishi Electric Corp., Japan*. We discussed a high-mesa EML and its assembly techniques for GPU cluster systems targeting 400 Gbps/lane optics. A highly efficient, high-speed EML beyond 100 GHz and novel assembling technique that eliminates wire bonding were demonstrated.

Tu2J.4 • 15:00

Dual-Band 390 Gbps High Coupling Efficiency Thin Film Lithium Niobate Modulator With 3-dB Bandwidth Exceeding 110 GHz, Yutong He¹, Hao Liu¹, Changzheng Sun^{1,2}, Bing Xiong¹, Zhibiao Hao¹, Lai Wang¹, Jian Wang¹, Yanjun Han¹, Hongtao Li¹, Lin Gan¹, Yi Luo¹; ¹*Tsinghua Univ., China*; ²*Beijing National Research Center for Information Science and Technology, China*. We present a low-loss and ultra-wideband thin-film lithium niobate modulator based on multifunctional benzocyclobutene platform, demonstrating a coupling loss of 0.54 dB/facet and up to 390 Gbps data rate in both C and O bands.

Tu2J.5 • 15:15

Ultra-Compact and High-Speed Topological Photonic Crystal Modulator Based on Thin Film Lithium Niobate, Yushan Liu¹, Guanyu Chen¹, Bangtong Ge², Mingjie Zou³, Chunde Li¹, Yuxin Liang², Yu Yu³, Hua Yu¹, Tao Zhu¹; ¹*Chongqing Univ., China*; ²*Chongqing United Microelectronics Center, China*; ³*Huazhong Univ. of Science and Technology, China*. We demonstrate a topological photonic crystal modulator based on thin film lithium niobate. Its footprint is only 57.6 μm^2 with >120 GHz bandwidth. 70 Gb/s NRZ eye diagram is clearly open without using algorithm.

Tu2J.6 • 15:30

Monolithical Equalization-Modulation in Optical Transmitter for High-Rate Data Link, Yichen Wu¹, Bitao Shen¹, Luwen Xing², Yuansheng Tao¹, Zhangfeng Ge³, Bowen Bai¹, Tiantian Li⁴, Haowen Shu¹, Xingjun Wang¹; ¹*School of Electronics, Peking Univ., China*; ²*College of Engineering, Peking Univ., China*; ³*Peking Univ. Yangtze Delta Inst. of Optoelectronics, China*; ⁴*School of Electronic Engineering, Xi'an Univ. of Posts & Telecommunications, China*. We demonstrate a cascaded-MRR-based optical equalizer, offering efficient, precise reconfigurability for signal distortion correction. For-the-first-time, it was integrated into a silicon transmitter, delivering doubled bandwidth (60 GHz) and >3 dB SNR enhancement at 66GBaud.

Tu2J.7 • 15:45 (Top-Scored)

High-Speed 340 Gbps PAM4 and 450 Gbps PAM6 Operations of Narrow High-Mesa EML, Shinya Okuda¹, Asami Uchiyama¹, Toshiya Tsuji¹, Yohei Hokama¹, Koki Kihara¹, Mizuki Shirao¹, Takeshi Yamatoya¹, Yasuhiro Yamauchi¹; ¹*MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC Corporation, Japan*. We successfully achieved 340 Gbps PAM4 and 450 Gbps PAM6 operations using a 106

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GHz 3-dB bandwidth narrow high-mesa EML, indicating its potential for 300 Gbps and 400 Gbps transmissions with FEC.

14:00 -- 16:00

Room 304

Tu2K • Stable Lasers and Applications in Fiber Sensing

Presider: Mikael Mazur; Nokia Bell Labs, USA

Tu2K.1 • 14:00 (Top-Scored)

Modulation-Free Laser Stabilization with Extended Locking Range on a SiN

Chip, Mohamad Hossein Idjadi¹, Farshid Ashtiani¹, Kwangwoong Kim¹; ¹*Nokia Bell Labs, USA*. We demonstrate a modulation-free laser stabilization system using a cavity-coupled MZI with aided acquisition on a low-loss SiN chip, achieving more than an order-of-magnitude improvement in locking range and over 36 dB noise suppression.

Tu2K.2 • 14:15

Demonstration of MIMO-DFS Over 100km of Unamplified SSMF Link Using Active Laser Drift Stabilization and Optimized Probing Codes, Rajiv Boddada¹, Christian Dorize¹, Pierre Brochard², Haik Mardoyan¹, Carina Castineiras¹, Jeremie Renaudier¹; ¹*Nokia Bell Labs France, France*; ²*Silentsys, France*. We estimate the laser frequency noise impact on coherent sensing using Distributed Fiber Sensing model. By stabilizing the laser in the estimated frequency zone, we demonstrate reduced noise floor over 100km using optimized probing codes.

Tu2K.3 • 14:30 (Invited)

Ultrastable Lasers with Compact and Portable Optical Reference Cavities, Franklyn Quinlan¹; ¹*National Inst of Standards & Technology, USA*. Compact Fabry-Perot optical frequency references are reviewed, with emphasis on micromirror utilization and in-vacuum bonding. For a 1550 nm laser stabilized to a 9.7 mL cavity, the measured Allan deviation is 2.4×10^{-14} at 1 s.

Tu2K.4 • 15:00

Integrated Sensing and Communications Using External Cavity Laser with Laser

Frequency Comb, Liwang LU¹, Chuang Xu¹, Jingchuan Wang¹, Cheng Chen¹, Chao Lu¹, Yaxi Yan¹, Alan Pak Tao Lau¹; ¹*The HK Polytechnic Univ., Hong Kong*. We propose phase-based vibration sensing using external cavity lasers and frequency combs at coherent transmitters and receivers. Digital signal processing (DSP) eliminates laser phase noise recovered from multiple channels and enables small vibration detection.

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Tu2K.5 • 15:15

Dual-Wavelength ϕ -OFDR Using a Hybrid-Integrated Laser Stabilized to an Integrated SiN Coil Resonator, Mohamad Hossein Idjadi¹, Stefano Grillanda¹, Nicolas K. Fontaine¹, Mikael Mazur¹, Kwangwoong Kim¹, Tzu-Yung Huang¹, Cristian Bolle¹, Rose Kopf¹, Mark Cappuzzo¹, Kaikai Liu², David Heim², Andrew S. Hunter², Karl Nelson³, Daniel J. Blumenthal²; ¹*Nokia Bell Labs, USA*; ²*Department of Computer and Electrical Engineering, Univ. of California at Santa Barbara, USA*; ³*Honeywell Aerospace, USA*. We demonstrate dual-wavelength distributed acoustic sensing over 37 km of standard single-mode fiber using ϕ -OFDR, utilizing a scalable hybrid-integrated dual-wavelength laser chip frequency-locked to a high-Q integrated SiN coil resonator.

Tu2K.6 • 15:30 (Invited)

Frequency Dissemination with Fibers, Jochen Kronjaeger¹; ¹*Physikalisch-Technische Bundesanstalt (PTB), Germany*. We present principles and applications of optical frequency dissemination in fibers, using different technologies, at the example of recent activities at Physikalisch-Technische Bundesanstalt (PTB).

14:00 -- 16:00

Rooms 201-202

Tu2A • Hybrid Satellite/Terrestrial Networks: Where Does the Fiber End, and Satellite Take Over? I

Presider: Oskars Ozolins; RISE Research Inst.s of Sweden AB, Latvia and Dirk Van Den Borne; Juniper Networks Inc., Germany

Tu2A.1 • 14:00 (Invited)

Optics in the Era of Ubiquitous Hybrid Data Networks, C. Randy Giles¹; ¹*Optica, USA*. Abstract not available.

Tu2A.2 • 14:10 (Invited)

AIRBUS Program to Develop Cross-Atmospheric Optical Communications, Andres Catelo Garcia¹, Ludovic Blarre¹; ¹*Airbus Defence and Space GmbH, Germany*. AIRBUS initiated a roadmap in 2018 to develop high speed cross atmospheric optical links. TELEO in-orbit demonstration is the first achievement, paving the way for feeder and massive data transfer applications for GEO satellites.

Tu2A.3 • 14:30 (Invited)

Title to be Announced, Jade Wang¹; ¹*MIT Lincoln Laboratory, USA*. Abstract not available.

Tu2A.4 • 14:50 (Invited)

Where Does Fiber Technology Ends, and Specific Satellite Technology Takes Over?, Sébastien Bigo¹; ¹*Nokia Bell Labs, France*. While terrestrial communication technologies, primarily coherent optics, can provide mature building blocks and economies of scale, to enable a new breed of satellites, they sometimes require adaptation to free space propagation, particularly in the atmosphere.

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Tu2A.5 • 15:10 (Invited)

Title to be Announced, Achim Autenrieth¹; ¹*Adtran Networks SE, Germany*. Abstract not available.

14:00 -- 16:00

Rooms 205-206

Tu2C • Summit on Optics for AI Datacenters

Presider: Thomas Greer; NVIDIA Corporation, USA

Tu2C.1 • 14:00 (Invited)

Forward-Looking Technologies for AI/ML Datacenter Clusters, Katharine E. Schmidtke^{1,2}; ¹*Eribel Systems LLC, USA*; ²*Electrical and Computer Engineering, Univ. of California, Santa Barbara, USA*. AI's largest models are scaling rapidly, doubling required total FLOPs every four months. This talk examines bottlenecks in interconnect bandwidth and photonic technologies to scale efficiently to 14.4TB/s by 2030.

Tu2C.2 • 14:30 (Invited)

LPO Technology: System Integration Insights, Progress, and Challenges, Yi Tang¹, Fabio Bottoni¹; ¹*Cisco Systems Inc., USA*. By eliminating DSP/retimer functions, Linear Pluggable Optics modules offer reduced power, cost and latency. This paper explores the challenges associated with LPO system integration and examines industry progress towards achieving true plug-and-play functionality of LPO modules.

Tu2C.3 • 15:00 (Invited)

Translating AI/ML System Architecture Into Optical Requirements, Craig Thompson¹; ¹*NVIDIA Corp., USA*. Abstract not available.

Tu2C.4 • 15:30 (Invited)

Silicon Photonics and Advanced 3-D Assembly for Short-Reach Optical Interconnects, Joris Van Campenhout¹, Filippo Ferraro¹, Andy Miller¹, Yoojin Ban¹; ¹*IMEC, Belgium*. We lay out our vision towards >4Tbps/mm, <2pJ/bit wafer-level optical interconnects and discuss the enabling building blocks, including ultra-compact modulators, scaled DWDM filters, expanded-beam fiber couplers and hybrid EIC-PIC integration technologies.

14:00 -- 16:00

Rooms 209-210

Tu2F • Modulation and Coding

Presider: Georg Böcherer; Huawei Technologies Duesseldorf GmbH, Germany

Tu2F.1 • 14:00 (Invited)

On Optimal Probabilistically Shaped Constellations for Unamplified Optical Interconnects, Basak Ozaydin¹, Di Che², Vivian Xi Chen²; ¹*MIT Research Laboratory of Electronics, USA*; ²*Nokia Bell Labs, USA*. We discuss a generalized method to determine the optimal probabilistically shaped constellation for a peak-power constraint system limited by transceiver impairments. We study the shaping gains under different system conditions and

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their corresponding optimal distributions.

Tu2F.2 • 14:30

A Novel Flexible LUT-Based Hierarchical Distribution Matcher for Rate Adaptable

Probabilistic Constellation Shaping, Zulin Liu¹, Yan Li¹, Jingwei Song¹, Kejia Xu¹, Yaning Sun¹, Jifang Qiu¹, Hongxiang Guo¹, Xiaobin Hong¹, Zhisheng Yang¹, Jian Wu¹; ¹*Beijing Univ. of Posts & Telecom, China*. Based on the principle of HiDM, we propose a new LUT construction method that achieves low loss and low complexity rate adaptation under 16QAM and 64QAM modulation.

Tu2F.3 • 14:45 (Top-Scored)

Performance-Complexity-Latency Trade-Offs of Concatenated RS-SDBC Codes, Alvin Y. Sukmadji¹, Frank R. Kschischang¹; ¹*Univ. of Toronto, Canada*. Performance-complexity-latency trade-off curves for rate-0.88 concatenated outer Reed-Solomon codes and inner Chase-algorithm-based soft-decision Bose-Ray-Chaudhuri-Hocquenghem codes with PAM4 constellation using bit-interleaved coded modulation and multilevel coding coded modulation schemes over the AWGN channel are presented.

Tu2F.4 • 15:00 (Top-Scored)

A Novel PS-QAM Signaling with Iterative Decoding for Higher Spectral

Efficiencies, Hussam G. Batshon¹, Gregory Raybon¹, Di Che¹, Vivian Xi Chen¹; ¹*Nokia Bell Labs, USA*. We propose a novel multidimensional probabilistically shaped coded modulation scheme with iterative decoding, achieving up to 0.9dB SNR improvement over PS-QAM across 4 to 10bits/s/Hz. Experimental results confirm the performance of the proposed approach.

Tu2F.5 • 15:15

Impact of Line-Side and Client-Side Errors Using Iterative and Non-Iterative Decoding for Concatenated KP4-BCH FEC, Matthias Herrmann¹, Saleem Alreesh¹, Chris R. Fludger¹, Khoa Le Trung¹, Ingmar Land¹, Junho Cho¹, Han Sun¹, Robert Maher¹; ¹*Infinera, Germany*. We analyze the performance of iterative and non-iterative decoding of concatenated KP4-BCH FEC. Client-side errors at the transmitter lead to discrepancies between BCH and RS decoders. Nevertheless, iterative decoding improves the tolerance to client-side errors.

Tu2F.6 • 15:30

Iterative Logistic Weight Based Chase Decoder for Open Forward Error Correction, Yifei Shen¹, Wenqing Song¹, Ludovic D. Blanc¹, Yuqing Ren¹, Alexios Balatsoukas-Stimming², Alex Alvarado², Andreas Burg¹; ¹*EPFL, Switzerland*; ²*Eindhoven Univ. of Technology, Netherlands*. We propose an iterative logistic weight based decoder for open forward error correction (oFEC) codes. Compared to Chase-Pyndiah decoding with 93 error patterns, our decoder achieves similar performance with lower complexity.

Tu2F.7 • 15:45

Cost-Gain Analysis of Sequence Selection for Nonlinearity Mitigation, Stella Civelli^{1,2}, Marco Secondini^{2,3}; ¹*IEIIT, CNR, Italy*; ²*Tecip Inst., Scuola Superiore Sant'Anna, Italy*; ³*PNTLab, CNIT, Italy*. We propose a low-complexity sign-dependent metric for sequence selection and study the nonlinear shaping gain achievable for a given computational cost, establishing a benchmark for future research. Small gains are obtained with feasible complexity. Higher gains are achievable in principle, but with high complexity or a more sophisticated metric.

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14:00 -- 16:00

Rooms 211-212

Tu2G • Filters, Multiplexers and Resonators

Presider: Keita Yamaguchi; NTT Corporation, Japan

Tu2G.1 • 14:00 (Invited)

Manufacturable Inverse Designed Si Photonic Devices, Alfred Cheung¹, Krishna Gadepalli¹, Jian Guan¹, Yang Meng¹, Jan Petykiewicz², Xavier Serey¹, Rhett Stucki¹, Lieven Verslegers², Jiahui Wang¹, Phil Watson¹, Ian Williamson¹, Yi-Kuei R. Wu¹; ¹Google X, USA; ²Google LLC, USA. We present an inverse designed silicon 4-channel CWDM demux with the variability across dies and wafers that shows good DFM (Design for manufacturability).

Tu2G.2 • 14:30

Ultra-Compact Silicon Rings with High Thermal Tuning Efficiency Demonstrated as an 8×400 GHz WDM Filter, Qingzhong Deng¹, Jeroen De Coster¹, Rafal Magdziak¹, Ahmed H. Bayoumi¹, Alaa Elshazly¹, Mehmet Oktay¹, Chiara Marchese¹, Guy Lepage¹, Javad Rahimi Vaskasi¹, Sathishkumar Balakrishnan¹, Neha Singh¹, Dieter Bode¹, Marko Ersek Filipcic¹, Maumita Chakrabarti¹, Dimitrios Velenis¹, Peter Verheyen¹, Philippe Absil¹, Filippo Ferraro¹, Yoojin Ban¹, Joris Van Campenhout¹; ¹IMEC, Belgium. This paper has renewed the lowest thermal tuning power for silicon rings with FSR≥3.2 THz to 4.34 mW/π. Moreover, an 8×400 GHz WDM filter is demonstrated with channel isolation ≥33.1 dB.

Tu2G.3 • 14:45

A High-Order Lattice Filter With Enhanced Passband and Roll-off for CWDM4

Applications, Min Teng¹, Hao Wu¹, Ning Cheng¹, Xuezhe Zheng¹; ¹Innolight Technology, China. A silicon nitride high order lattice filter with a flat-top response is demonstrated for CWDM4 applications, exhibiting 1 dB insertion loss, a 17.9 nm 1dB bandwidth, and a sharp roll-off of 81% in BW1dB/ BW10dB.

Tu2G.4 • 15:00

Ultra-Narrow-Bandwidth Silicon Photonic Tunable Second-Order CROW Filter With Low Insertion Loss for Carrier-Extracted Self-Coherent (CESC) Detection, Haojie Zhu¹, Yuhao Fang¹, Yiwei Xie², William Shieh^{1,3}; ¹Westlake Univ., China; ²Zhejiang Univ., China; ³Westlake Inst. for Optoelectronics, China. We demonstrate a silicon photonic tunable CROW filter with 1.26-GHz 3-dB bandwidth, 4.62-GHz 20-dB bandwidth, 4-dB insertion loss and 60-dB extinction ratio based on a 1-μm width ridge waveguide. Applied in the CESC system, achieving a 168.3 Gb/s transmission rate over 100-km SMF, the performance of this CROW filter is well verified.

Tu2G.5 • 15:15

Broadband Tunable Microwave Photonic Filter Utilizing Equivalent Chirped Sampled Bragg Gratings for Optical Frequency Division., Simeng Zhu¹, Mohanad Al-Rubaiee¹, Bocheng Yuan¹, Yizhe Fan¹, Yiming Sun¹, John Marsh¹, Lianping Hou¹; ¹University of Glasgow, UK. We demonstrate an integrated dual-band microwave photonic filter using equivalent chirped four-phase-shifted Bragg gratings on an SOI platform. Optical frequency division from 100 GHz to 400 GHz is achieved with tunable microheaters and a mode-locked laser.

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Tu2G.6 • 15:30

Dispersion-Engineered Resonator-Based Interleaver Co-Designed with Kerr Comb

Source, Robert Parsons¹, Swarnava Sanyal², Michael Cullen¹, Yuyang Wang¹, Asher Novick¹, Xingchen Ji¹, Yoshitomo Okawachi², Xiang Meng¹, Michal Lipson^{1,2}, Alexander Gaeta^{1,2}, Keren Bergman¹; ¹*Department of Electrical Engineering, Columbia Univ., USA;* ²*Department of Applied Physics and Applied Mathematics, Columbia Univ., USA.* We demonstrate interleavers with ~30 dB crosstalk suppression and wide ≥ 60 nm optical bandwidth, utilizing dispersion-engineered resonators co-designed with normal-GVD Kerr comb sources. This scalable design supports ultra-broadband photonic interconnects.

Tu2G.7 • 15:45

7-Sourcex6-Mode Micro-Scale Photonic Lantern Multiplexer 3D-Printed on MM VCSEL

Array, Yoav Dana¹, Ksenia Shukhin¹, Yehudit Garcia¹, Dan M. Marom¹; ¹*Hebrew Univ. of Jerusalem, Israel.* We design, fabricate, and characterize a 300 μ m long 3D-printed photonic lantern mode multiplexer spanning 7x6=42 modes and demonstrate efficient power combining from a dense multimode VCSEL source array.

14:00 -- 16:00

Rooms 213-214

Tu2H • Optical Network Optimization and Routing

Presider: Jiawei Zhang; Beijing Univ. of Posts & Telecom, China

Tu2H.1 • 14:00

Robust Optimization of Filterless Optical Networks with Physical Layer

Uncertainties, Mohammad Hosseini¹, Joao Pedro¹, Antonio Napoli¹; ¹*Infinera GmbH, Germany.* We propose a robust optimization framework for filterless optical network design in the presence of different levels of physical layer uncertainties. We demonstrate the potential benefits of robustly optimized networks compared to traditional margin-based approaches.

Tu2H.2 • 14:15

Demonstration of Multigranular-Routing Layered Network With Impairment-Aware

Modulation Format Selection, Hayato Yuasa², Takuma Kuno¹, Taisei Sekizuka¹, Yojiro Mori^{3,1}, Shih-Chun Lin⁴, Motoharu Matsuura⁵, Suresh Subramaniam⁶, Wakako Maeda⁷, Shigeyuki Yanagimachi⁷, Hiroshi Hasegawa¹; ¹*Nagoya Univ., Japan;* ²*Nagoya Univ., Japan;* ³*Toyota Technological Inst., Japan;* ⁴*North Carolina State Univ., USA;* ⁵*Univ. of Electro-communications, Japan;* ⁶*The George Washington Univ., USA;* ⁷*NEC corporation, Japan.* We demonstrate the validity of our multigranular-routing layered network architecture that adopts optical bypass. Network simulations show OXC cost reduction by 17% / 21%, while transmission experiments confirm a transmittable distance increase of 500 km.

Tu2H.3 • 14:30 (Invited)

Optimizing Energy Efficiency in Optical Transport Networks Through Autonomous AI-

Assisted Control Operations, Ricardo Martínez¹, Carlos Hernandez-Chulde¹, Ramon Casellas¹, Ricard Vilalta¹, Raul Muñoz¹; ¹*Centre Tecnològic Telecom de Catalunya, Spain.* This work explores Deep Reinforcement Learning to develop advanced RSMA policies that support autonomous control operations, optimizing the trade-off between network performance and

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energy efficiency in integrated packet and elastic optical networks.

Tu2H.4 • 15:00

Near-Real-Time Autonomous Multi-Path Flow Routing with Subflow Identification, Hailey Shakespear¹, Natalia Koneva², Sima Barzegar¹, Marc Ruiz¹, Alfonso Sánchez-Macián², Luis Velasco¹; ¹*Universitat Politècnica de Catalunya, Spain*; ²*Dept. Ing. Telemática, Universidad Carlos III de Madrid, Spain*. A distributed intelligence for autonomous near-real-time flow routing with subflow identification is proposed. Optimal subflow partitioning performed based on the subflow identification and the autonomously decided flow routing policy ensures continuous flow performance.

Tu2H.5 • 15:15

Dynamic Optimization in SDN-Enabled EONs With CV-QKD Coexistence, Carlos Hernandez-Chulde¹, Masab Iqbal¹, Michela Svaluto Moreolo¹, Ricard Vilalta¹, Raul Muñoz¹, Ramon Casellas¹, Ricardo Martínez¹; ¹*Centre Tecnològic de Telecomunicacions de Catalunya (CTTC), Spain*. This paper presents dynamic spectrum allocation strategies to mitigate noise impact on quantum channels, reduce blocking probability for quantum and classical channels, and optimize spectrum utilization leveraging an SDN architecture for integrating CV-QKD in EONs.

Tu2H.6 • 15:30 (Top-Scored)

TrustOPT: Trusted Online Optimization for Autonomous Driving Optical Networks with Field-Trial Demonstration, Qizhi Qiu¹, Xiaomin Liu¹, Yihao Zhang¹, Lilin Yi¹, Weisheng Hu¹, Qunbi Zhuge¹; ¹*Shanghai Jiao Tong Univ., China*. We propose a trusted optical power optimization strategy for ADON. Field trial experiments demonstrate reliable optimization while maintaining a 4-dB Q-factor margin. System performance remains above the threshold even with an initial 0.15-dB Q-factor margin.

Tu2H.7 • 15:45

Toward Trusted Optical Communications with Optical Physical Unclonable Functions and Blockchain, Luis Velasco¹, Stella Civelli², Pantea Nadimi Goki^{3,4}, Sima Barzegar¹, Marc Ruiz¹, Luca Poti^{4,5}; ¹*Universitat Politècnica de Catalunya, Spain*; ²*CNR-IEIT, Italy*; ³*Tecip Inst., Scuola Superiore Sant'Anna, Italy*; ⁴*CNIT, Italy*; ⁵*Universitas Mercatorum, Italy*. Trusted optical communications go beyond encryption and requires also the attestation of the integrity of the optical transponders. We propose optical identification and blockchain for the continuous remote attestation of optical systems with immutable traceability.

16:30 -- 18:30

Room 207

Tu3D • Practical Quantum Networks and Coexistence

Tu3D.1 • 16:30

Coexistence of Entanglement-Based Quantum Channels with DWDM Classical Channels Over Hollow Core Fiber in a Three Node Quantum Communication Network, Obada Alia¹, Marcus J. Clark¹, Sima Bahrani¹, Rui Wang¹, Gregory T. Jasion², Hesham Sakr², John R. Hayes², Periklis Petropoulos², Francesco Poletti², George T. Kanellos¹, John G. Rarity¹, Reza Nejabati¹, Siddarth K. Joshi¹, Dimitra Simeonidou¹; ¹*Univ. of Bristol, UK*; ²*Optoelectronics*

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Research Centre, Univ. of Southampton, UK. We experimentally demonstrated quantum key distribution with average quantum bit error rate of 5.28% utilising entanglement-based quantum channels coexisting with 800Gbps classical traffic all operating in the C-band over 11.5km hollow core fiber in a three-node quantum network.

Tu3D.2 • 16:45

Coexistence Transmission of 33.4-Tb/s O-Band Coherent Classical Channels and a C-

Band QKD Channel Over 80 km, Shohei Beppu¹, Daniel J. Elson¹, Shinya Murai², Akira Murakami², Hiroki Yamamuro¹, Yuta Wakayama¹, Noboru Yoshikane¹, Takehiro Tsuritani¹; ¹*KDDI Research Inc., Japan*; ²*Toshiba Digital Solutions Corp., Japan*. A record data transmission capacity of 33.4 Tb/s over 80 km is achieved in quantum-classical channel coexistence transmission by multiplexing 13.1-THz O-band coherent classical channels with a C-band DV-QKD channel.

Tu3D.3 • 17:00 (Tutorial)

Recent Progress in Practical Quantum Key Distribution, Davide Bacco¹; ¹*Univ. of Florence, Italy*. In this tutorial I will discuss recent progress on quantum key distribution systems, from advanced modulation formats, to photonic integrated circuits. Additionally, I will showcase recent implementations of practical use cases within the European context.

Tu3D.4 • 18:00

Coexistence of Commercial CV-QKD in FOADM-Based Metro Networks with Full or Partial

C-Band Utilization, Antonio Melgar¹, Masab Iqbal², Michela Svaluto Moreolo², Jose Manuel Rivas Moscoso¹, Jeison Tabares³, Pablo Armingol¹, Borja Villanueva³, Sebastian Etcheverry³, Jesús Folgueira¹; ¹*Telefónica CTIO, Spain*; ²*CTTC/CERCA, Spain*; ³*LuxQuanta Technologies S.L., Spain*. We assess the feasibility of deploying a commercial CV-QKD system over a 20 km amplified FOADM-based metro link, evaluating coexistence in both full and partial C-Band occupancy. Frequency allocation guidelines optimizing the performance of CV-QKD and classical channels are provided based on experiments and simulations.

Tu3D.5 • 18:15

Challenges and Solutions in Adapting Classical Infrastructure for Quantum

Networks, Anouar Rahmouni¹, Ya-Shian Li-Baboud¹, Yicheng Shi¹, Pranish Shrestha¹, Mheni Merzouki¹, Abdella Battou¹, Oliver Slattery¹, Thomas Gerrits¹; ¹*NIST, USA*. Quantum network protocols require qubit transmission at useful rates and fidelity, ideally leveraging existing optical fiber infrastructure. This work addresses challenges in adapting classical systems for qubits and proposes necessary upgrades for quantum network development.

16:30 -- 18:30

Room 208

Tu3E • Doped Fiber Lasers and Amplifiers II

Presider: Peter Dragic; Univ of Illinois at Urbana-Champaign, USA

Tu3E.1 • 16:30 (Invited)

Advances in Doped Fiber Amplifiers for Wideband Optical Communication

Systems, Jayanta K. Sahu¹, Ziwei Zhai¹; ¹*ORC, Univ. of Southampton, UK*. We present our recent work on wideband bismuth-doped and erbium-doped fiber amplifiers in various silica-

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based glass hosts, spanning the O+E+S-bands and extended L-band, respectively, with the latest results on the amplifier gain, noise-figure, and bandwidth.

Tu3E.2 • 17:00

Study on Pump and Signal-Induced Polarization Dependent Gain in Bismuth-Doped Fiber for E/S Band Amplification, Lixian Wang¹, Aria Moaven¹, Sara Shafiei Alavijeh¹, Zhiping Jiang¹; ¹*Huawei Technologies Canada, Canada*. Signal and pump-induced polarization dependent gains (PDGs) in germanosilicate bismuth-doped fiber are examined separately. PDG's wavelength dependency, its relation to the gain compression as well as the influence of the BAC subtypes are discussed.

Tu3E.3 • 17:15 (Top-Scored)

Dual-Stage E+S-Band Bismuth-Doped Fiber Amplifier with Over 100 nm Bandwidth and sub-5 dB Noise Figure, Shabnam Noor¹, Aleksandr Donodin¹, Sergei K. Turitsyn¹, Wladek Forsyia¹; ¹*Aston Inst. of Photonic Technologies, Aston Univ., UK*. We present the first experimental demonstration of a dual-stage E+S-band bismuth-doped fiber amplifier with 104 nm maximum bandwidth (1384-1488nm), 47 dB maximum gain and 3.7 dB minimum noise figure.

Tu3E.4 • 17:30 (Invited)

Nonlinear Dynamics of Thulium-Doped Fiber Lasers, Shutao Xu¹, Timothy Lim¹, Michelle Y. Sander¹; ¹*Boston Univ., USA*. Ultrafast thulium-doped fiber lasers that can generate different types of dissipative solitons in the same cavity are presented together with their unique transition and nonlinear dynamics, including soliton molecule formation.

Tu3E.5 • 18:00

Variable Temperature and Pump Power Semi-Analytical Gain Model for GFF-Embedded Single-Stage EDFAs, Andrea D Amico¹, Fatih Yaman¹, Daisuke Katsukura², Shinsuke Fujisawa², Eduardo Mateo², Takanori Inoue², Yoshihisa Inada²; ¹*NEC Laboratories America Inc., USA*; ²*Submarine Network Division, NEC Corporation, Japan*. A simple and accurate semi-analytical model for predicting the gain of a single-stage erbium-doped fiber amplifier embedded with an unknown gain flattening filter is proposed for precise system equalization that is crucial for submarine systems.

Tu3E.6 • 18:15

Fabrication of Low Loss Telecom-Band Nanofiber Cavity with Deuterium-Oxygen Flame, Seitaro Horikawa^{1,2}, Masafumi Shimasaki¹, Hideki Konishi¹, Shinichi Sunami^{1,3}, Ryotaro Inoue¹, Takao Aoki^{1,2}, Akihisa Goban¹, Shinya Kato¹; ¹*Nanofiber Quantum Technologies, Inc. (NanoQT), Japan*; ²*Department of Applied Physics, Waseda Univ., Japan*; ³*Clerendon Laboratory, Univ. of Oxford, UK*. We present the fabrication of a nanofiber cavity designed for an optical transition of Ytterbium in the telecom-band. By utilizing Deuterium-Oxygen flame, we significantly reduce Si-OH bond absorption, achieving a single-pass transmission rate of 99.6%.

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16:30 -- 18:30

Room 215

Tu3I • Advanced Transmission Technologies

Presider: Dirk Van Den Borne; Juniper Networks Inc., Germany

Tu3I.1 • 16:30 (Invited)

Reliable Deployment and Operation of 400ZR Pluggable Optics for DCI at

Hyperscale, Yawei Yin¹, Chuan Qin¹, Binbin Guan¹, Yishu Zhou¹, Rujia Zou¹, Avinash Pathak¹, Jeetesh Jain¹, Jamie Gaudette¹; ¹*Microsoft Corp., USA*. The deployment and operation of optical 400ZR pluggable modules at hyperscale are reviewed in this paper. Our record shows that with standardized deployment and operation practices and proper monitoring, we can achieve reliable and high speed deployment as well as stable operation with low module failure rate and link flap/error rate in our cloud data center interconnect network.

Tu3I.2 • 17:00

800G WDM Transmission With 140-GBaud PCS-16QAM Transceiver Prototype and 150-GHz Channel Spacing on 2000-km SSMF With EDFA Only

Erwan Pincemin¹, Naveena Genay¹, Bertrand Le Guyader¹, Jin Wang²; ¹*Orange Innovation, France*; ²*Huawei, China*. We report here a coherent 800G WDM transmission with 140-GBaud PCS DP-16QAM transceiver prototype and 150-GHz channel spacing on 2000-km (20x100-km) of SSMF with EDFA only. This is obtained thanks to an excellent ~21.2-dB ROSNR (in 0.1-nm) measured in back-to-back at the FEC threshold.

Tu3I.3 • 17:15

Hollow-Core Fiber Specifications for Competitive Deployment in Regio/Long-Haul Optical

Networks., Bruno V. Araujo Correia¹, Joao Pedro^{1,2}, Nelson Costa¹; ¹*Infinera, Unipessoal Lda, Portugal*; ²*Instituto de Telecomunicações, Instituto Superior Técnico, Portugal*. Steady progress in hollow-core fiber (HCF) technology raises the prospect of wide-scale deployments. This paper characterizes the combination of fiber and optical amplifier specifications for HCF to achieve performance parity with commercial SSMF and PSCF.

Tu3I.4 • 17:30

Improving QoT Estimation Accuracy in Production Networks: A Data-Driven Approach to

Address OLS Imperfections, Zhai Z. Qun¹, Liang Dou¹, Sai Chen¹, Huan Zhang¹, Yan He², Alan Pak Tao Lau², Yuanchao Su¹; ¹*Alibaba, China*; ²*The Hong Kong Polytechnic, Univ., China*. We explore QoT estimation across three phases of optical network planning. Utilizing deployed OCHs, we demonstrate that a data-driven approach enhances estimation precision by accounting OLS imperfections in the *Service Expansion Phase*.

Tu3I.5 • 17:45 (Invited)

Advanced Multi-Span Signal Monitoring Using Digital Coherent Receivers

Takeshi Hoshida¹, Ryu Shinzaki¹, Motohiko Eto¹, Kazuyuki Tajima¹, Kyosuke Sone¹, Setsuo Yoshida¹, Naoya Okada¹, Ichiro Yokokura¹, Atsushi Kanai¹, Junichi Sugiyama¹, Shoichiro Oda¹, Hisao Nakashima¹; ¹*Fujitsu Ltd, Japan*. We present end-to-end monitoring techniques for wavelength paths that visualize optical parameters such as power, polarization-dependent loss and polarization fluctuation as functions of distance in multi-span transmission links with advanced signal processing in optical transceivers.

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Tu3I.6 • 18:15

Multi-Span OSNR and GSNR Prediction Using Cascaded Learning, Zehao Wang^{1,2}, Giacomo Borraccini², Andrea D Amico², Yue-Kai Huang², Ting Wang², Daniel C. Kilper⁴, Koji Asahi³, Tingjun Chen¹; ¹*Duke University, USA*; ²*NEC Laboratories America, USA*; ³*NEC Corporation, Japan*; ⁴*CONNECT Centre, Ireland*. We implement a cascaded learning framework leveraging three different EDFA and fiber component models for OSNR and GSNR prediction, achieving MAEs of 0.20 and 0.14 dB over a 5-span network under dynamic channel loading.

16:30 -- 18:30

Room 301

Tu3J • Integrated Micro-Ring and Micro-Disk Modulators

Presider: Joyce Poon; Lightmatter, Canada

Tu3J.1 • 16:30

256-Gbps Whispering-Gallery Mode Enhanced Silicon Microring Modulator with a Free Spectral Range of 4.5 THz, Kaihang Lu¹, Hao Chen¹, Wu Zhou¹, Hon Ki Tsang², Yeyu Tong¹; ¹*Hong Kong Univ of Sci & Tech (Guangzhou), China*; ²*The Chinese Univ. of Hong Kong, Hong Kong*. We demonstrated a silicon microring modulator with an uncorrupted free spectral range of 4.5 THz. A single-lane data rate of 256 Gbps utilizing PAM-4 can be achieved, highlighting its potential for advancing high-bandwidth wavelength-division multiplexing communications.

Tu3J.2 • 16:45

180Gb/s High-Speed Electroabsorption Modulator (EAM) Integrated with DFB Laser Using Traveling-Wave Electrode for Bandwidth Enhancement, Yi-jen Chiu¹, Rih-You Chen¹, Bo-Hong Chen^{1,2}; ¹*National Sun Yat-Sen Univ., Taiwan*; ²*LandMark Optoelectronics, Taiwan*. We demonstrated a BH high-speed electroabsorption modulation laser (EML) with traveling wave electrode for decreasing microwave reflection, leading to bandwidth improvement. >20dB extinction ratio, >65GHz bandwidth, 110Gb/s NRZ and 180Gb/s PAM-4 eye diagrams was achieved.

Tu3J.3 • 17:00 (Invited)

Silicon Photonics Platform and Optical Memory, Yuan Yuan^{1,2}, Stanley Cheung^{1,3}, Yiwei Peng¹, Di Liang⁴, Bassem Tossoun¹, Geza Kurczveil¹, Yingtao Hu¹, Wayne Sorin¹, Zhihong Huang¹, Xian Xiao¹, Antoine Descos¹, Sean Hooten¹, Jongseo Baek¹, Marco Fiorentino¹, Raymond G. Beausoleil¹; ¹*Hewlett Packard Labs, Hewlett Packard Enterprise, USA*; ²*Department of Electrical and Computer Engineering, Northeastern Univ., USA*; ³*Department of Electrical & Computer Engineering, North Carolina State Univ., USA*; ⁴*Electrical Engineering and Computer Science Department, Univ. of Michigan, USA*. We introduce a silicon photonics platform that maximally harnesses the potential of both the heterogeneous III-V material system and silicon, supporting a diverse range of high-performance optoelectronic devices, including lasers, optical amplifiers, modulators, photodetectors, and emerging non-volatile optical memories. This platform delivers a CMOS-compatible, wafer-level integration solution, offering enhanced functionality and expanded application potential.

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Tu3J.4 • 17:30

Micro-Transfer Printed Membrane Laser and Electro-Absorption Modulator on Si Waveguide Integrated With Polymer Spot-Size Converter, Yoshiho Maeda^{1,2}, Tatsuro Hiraki^{1,2}, Takuma Aihara^{1,2}, Hiroya Homma², Takuro Fujii^{1,2}, Koji Takeda^{1,2}, Tomonari Sato^{1,2}, Yasutomo Ota^{3,4}, Satoshi Iwamoto⁵, Yasuhiko Arakawa⁴, Shinji Matsuo²; ¹*NTT Device Innovation Center, NTT Corporation, Japan*; ²*NTT Device Technology Labs, NTT Corporation, Japan*; ³*Department of Applied Physics and Physico-Informatics, Keio Univ., Japan*; ⁴*Inst. for Nano Quantum Information Electronics, The Univ. of Tokyo, Japan*; ⁵*Inst. of Industrial Science, The Univ. of Tokyo, Japan*. We demonstrate micro-transfer printing for integrating multiple III-V devices with different bandgaps on Si platforms. Membrane DFB lasers and EA modulators are fabricated on Si waveguides with polymer-based spot-size converters, modulating at 128 Gbit/s-NRZ signal.

Tu3J.5 • 17:45

Record 4 x 106 Gbps Transmission from a Directly Modulated Laser Array Using Photon-Photon Resonance, Gayatri Vasudevan Rajeswari¹, Martin Moehrle¹, Ariane Sigmund¹, Martin Schell¹; ¹*Fraunhofer HHI, Germany*. We present the first non-membrane four channel DML array, with each channel capable of transmitting at 106 Gbps PAM4 and 72 Gbps NRZ in the O-band. The DMLs show a modulation bandwidth > 52 GHz by utilizing the PPR effect.

Tu3J.6 • 18:00

Monolithically Integrated Microring Transmitter and Receiver for High-Density 3D Co-Packaged Optics, Reza Baghdadi¹, Alexander Sludds¹, Carlos Dorta-Quinones¹, Shashank Gupta¹, Pietro Ciccarella¹, Bryce Gardiner¹, Joyce K. S. Poon¹, Darius Bunandar¹, Nicholas Harris¹; ¹*Lightmatter, USA*. We report silicon microring transmitter and receiver with monolithically integrated driver and analog front end at up to 64Gbps NRZ. The total die area of the circuits is 0.006 mm², >10x smaller than prior reports.

Tu3J.7 • 18:15 (Top-Scored)

Compact WDM Coherent Transmitter Using Silicon Micro-Ring Modulators, Shuntaro Maeda¹, Takahiro Suganuma¹, Go Soma¹, Keita Hirashima¹, Takuya Okimoto¹, Yoshiaki Nakano¹, Takuo Tanemura¹; ¹*The Univ. of Tokyo, Japan*. We present a compact silicon photonic WDM coherent transmitter chip, comprising 16 micro-ring modulators (MRMs). Transmission of 112-Gbps WDM coherent signal (28-Gbaud QPSK × 2λ) is demonstrated through wavelength-and-IQ-selective modulation provided by each MRM.

16:30 -- 18:30

Room 304

Tu3K • Modelling for Ultra-Wideband Transmission

Presider: Gabriel Charlet; Huawei Technologies France, France

Tu3K.1 • 16:30

Efficient Numerical Solver for Estimating Power Profiles in UWB Transmission Considering Signal and Pump Depletion, Inwoong Kim¹, Olga Vassilieva¹, Pappas Palacharla¹; ¹*Fujitsu Network Communications Inc, USA*. We propose an efficient and accurate numerical solver for estimating power profiles in UWB transmission systems with arbitrary bidirectional signal and Raman pump configurations. A significant speedup and estimation error

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below 1 % is achieved.

Tu3K.2 • 16:45 (Invited)

Recent Advances in Real-Time Models for Multiband Transmission Systems, Pierluigi Poggiolini¹, Yanchao Jiang¹; ¹*Politecnico di Torino, Italy*. Recent advances in real-time multiband system models have enabled detailed optimization of launch power spectra, Raman amplification and other key system parameters, achieving improved throughput and GSNR uniformity across diverse operating conditions.

Tu3K.3 • 17:15

Signal and Raman Pump Launch Power Optimization in a C+L+S+E System Using Fast Power Profile Estimation, Jad Sarkis¹, Yanchao Jiang¹, Stefano Piciaccia², Fabrizio Forghieri², Pierluigi Poggiolini¹; ¹*Politecnico di Torino, Italy*; ²*CISCO Photonics Italy srl, Italy*. We speed up signal and pump spatial power profile calculation with ISRS and backward Raman amplification, demonstrating a 40x computational efficiency increase in the optimization of a 1000km C+L+S+E link by means of a GN/EGN model closed-form.

Tu3K.4 • 17:30

Maximizing Throughput by Band-Wise Bidirectional SCLU Transmission with Lumped Amplification, Olga Vassilieva¹, Inwoong Kim¹, Hiroyuki Irie², Hisao Nakashima², Takeshi Hoshida², Paparao Palacharla¹; ¹*Fujitsu Network Communications Inc, USA*; ²*Fujitsu Limited, Japan*. We propose band-wise bidirectional SCLU transmission. By counterpropagating S- and U-band signals and optimizing launch powers, we achieve maximum throughput that is 1.5% lower compared to aggregate throughput of individual band transmission.

Tu3K.5 • 17:45 (Invited)

How Wide Can You Go? the Challenges and Breakthroughs in Designing Ultrawideband Optical Fibre Communications Systems and Networks, Polina Bayvel¹; ¹*Univ. College London, UK*. This paper will review the challenges in extending the usable optical fibre bandwidth towards 60 THz and beyond, progress in ultrawideband transmission modelling and experiments, at different distance scales, and potential impact on optical network throughputs.

16:30 -- 18:30

Rooms 201-202

Tu3A • Hybrid Satellite/Terrestrial Networks: Where Does the Fiber End, and Satellite Take Over? II

Presider: Ting Wang; NEC Laboratories America Inc., USA and Jim Zou; Adtran, Germany

Tu3A.1 • 16:30 (Invited)

Title to be Announced, Katarzyna Balakier¹; ¹*European Space Agency, UK*. Abstract not available.

Tu3A.2 • 16:50 (Invited)

NTT's Recent Activities Related to LEO Satellite Networks: Use-Cases and Network Technology, Katsuaki Higashimori¹; ¹*NTT Corporation, Japan*. This presentation introduces NTT's recent activities toward future satellite optical communications. Some services using remote sensing data and IoT control, and the research for flexible topology control for complex

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LEO satellite optical networks are presented.

Tu3A.3 • 17:10 (Invited)

Title to be Announced, Mustafa Cardakli¹; ¹*Amazon, USA*. Abstract not available.

16:30 -- 18:30

Rooms 205-206

Tu3C • Novel Subsystem Concepts

Presider: Dario Pileri; Politecnico di Torino, Italy

Tu3C.1 • 16:30

Performance Limits of Spectro-Temporal Unitary Transformations for Coherent Modulation, Callum Deakin¹, Vivian Xi Chen¹; ¹*Nokia Bell Labs, USA*. We analyse the performance limits of coherent modulation based on lossless unitary transformations, demonstrating that they can achieve high (>30 dB) SINAD and outperform conventional IQ modulators at equivalent transmitter laser powers.

Tu3C.2 • 16:45

Numerical Investigation of Modulo-Based Analog-to-Digital Conversion for PCS-64-QAM, Zhiwei Liang¹, Sebastian Randel¹, Sander Wahls¹; ¹*Karlsruhe Inst. of Technology, Germany*. Recently, a novel signal processing method based on modulo operation has been proposed to avoid saturation and reduce quantization power consumption of ADC. We evaluate its suitability for a SSMF transmission system using PCS-64-QAM format.

Tu3C.3 • 17:00 (Invited)

Integrated Sensing and Communications for Metropolitan Environments, Yaxi Yan¹, Zhang Jingming¹, Yinghuan Li¹, Liwang LU¹, Jingchuan Wang¹, Kausthubh Chandramouli¹, Chao Lu¹, Alan Pak Tao Lau¹; ¹*The Hong Kong Polytechnic Univ., Hong Kong*. We review our recent works on integrated sensing and communications and highlight smart city applications in metropolitan environments through deployed fibers across Hong Kong.

Tu3C.4 • 17:30 (Top-Scored)

Phase-Coherent DSP Over Space and Wavelength Using Synchronized Optical Frequency Combs for Short-Reach Networks, Daniele Orsuti^{2,1}, Benjamin J. Puttnam², Ruben S. Luis², Manuel Neves³, Divya A. Shaji⁴, Budsara Boriboon², Jun Sakaguchi², Cristian Antonelli⁴, Paulo Monteiro³, Fernando Guiomar³, Luca Palmieri¹, Hideaki Furukawa²; ¹*Universita degli Studi di Padova, Italy*; ²*Photonic Network System Lab, NICT, Japan*; ³*Instituto de Telecomunicações, Univ. of Aveiro, Portugal*; ⁴*Physical and Chemical Sciences, Univ. of L'Aquila, Italy*. We demonstrate shared DSP over space and wavelength for short-reach networks using seed-synchronized optical frequency combs. Using just 6 reference channels, carrier phase recovery of 3(cores) x 158 x 24.5-GBaud PDM-64QAM C-band channels is demonstrated with >40-Tb/s/core over 14.3-km MCF without dispersion or frequency-offset compensation.

Tu3C.5 • 17:45 (Top-Scored)

Real-Time Transmission of Coherent Pluggable-Based Super-Channels Over 1500-km with 6.06-b/s/Hz Spectral Efficiency Using Digital Subcarriers, Amir Rashidinejad¹, Atul

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Mathur², Thomas Gerard², Jacqueline Sime³, Sezer Erkilinc⁴, Thomas Duthel³, Aditya Kakkar¹, Jonathan Buset², Chris R. Fludger³, Robert Maher²; ¹*Infinera Inc. Canada, Canada*; ²*Infinera Corporation USA, USA*; ³*Infinera GmbH, Germany*; ⁴*Infinera Ltd. UK, UK*. We successfully demonstrate real-time post-FEC error-free transmission of tightly-packed super-channels over 1500-km using 400G coherent pluggables. A record spectral efficiency of 6.06-b/s/Hz is achieved by leveraging digital subcarriers.

Tu3C.6 • 18:00

Experimental Validation of Partitioned MIMO Equalizer With Low-Resolution Interface for Mitigation of Mode-Group Coupling in SDM Transmission Over 3-Mode Fiber, Nicolas Braig-Christophersen¹, Aymeric Arnould¹, Robert Elschner¹, Carsten Schmidt-Langhorst¹, Ruben S. Luis², Pamir Oezsuna¹, Kallyan Das¹, Juan Lautaro Moreno Morrone¹, Robert Emmerich¹, Kazuhiko Aikawa³, Hideaki Furukawa³, Georg Rademacher^{4,1}, Johannes K. Fischer¹, Colja Schubert¹, Ronald Freund^{1,5}; ¹*Fraunhofer HHI, Germany*; ²*NICT, Japan*; ³*Fujikura Ltd, Japan*; ⁴*Inst. of Electrical and Optical Communications Univ. of Stuttgart, Germany*; ⁵*Technical Univ. of Berlin, Germany*. We propose partitioned MIMO equalization with low-resolution, quantized interface between sub-equalizers for few-mode fiber systems. Experiments up to DP-64QAM yield OSNR-penalties <0.2 dB for 2...4-bit interface resolutions compared to high-resolution MIMO, depending on the cardinality.

Tu3C.7 • 18:15

6-Dimensional Coherent Receiver with IQ Modulated LO, Yixiao Zhu¹, Xiansong Fang², Xiang Cai², Yimin Hu¹, Xian Zhou³, Weisheng Hu¹, Fan Zhang²; ¹*Shanghai Jiao Tong Univ., China*; ²*Peking Univ., China*; ³*Univ. of Science and Technology Beijing, China*. We propose a 6-dimensional coherent receiver with IQ-modulated remote LO. We experimentally demonstrate single-channel 2.5-Tb/s line rate PS-256-QAM signal transmission over 25-km SSMF within 67.6-GHz electrical bandwidth, achieving net electrical spectral efficiency of 29.1 b/s/Hz.

16:30 -- 18:30

Rooms 209-210

Tu3F • Optical AI Evaluation and Sensing

Presider: Tomoyuki Kato; Fujitsu Ltd, Japan

Tu3F.1 • 16:30

Programmable in-Memory Photonic Computing With VCSEL-Controlled PCMs, Yi Guo¹, Xiaonan An¹, Hongxiang Guo¹, Cen Liao², Linkun Zhong⁴, Bing Song², Jian Wu¹, Yanjun Liu⁴, Wenjia Zhang³; ¹*Beijing Univ. of Posts and Telecommunications, China*; ²*National Univ. of Defense Technology, China*; ³*Shanghai Jiao Tong Univ., China*; ⁴*Southern Univ. of Science and Technology, China*. We proposed a programmable in-memory photonic computing scheme, where large PCMs array was controlled by using spatial light from the VCSELs array. Experiment of edge detection verified its feasibility.

Tu3F.2 • 16:45

Scalable Photonic Complex-Valued Dot Product Engine, Hao Sun¹, Xinyi Zhu¹, Jose Azaña¹, Benjamin Crockett¹; ¹*INRS-EMT, Canada*. We propose a photonic dot-product engine for large complex vectors (> 200 elements) using in-fiber temporal coherent interference, enabling fast computation speed (~ 364 GOPS/λ), and demonstrate its application for efficient

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parallel image processing.

Tu3F.3 • 17:00

Hardware-in-the-Loop Training of a 4f Optical Correlator with Logarithmic Complexity

Reduction for CNNs, Lorenzo Pes¹, Maryam Dehbashizadeh Chehregan¹, Rick Luiken¹, Sander Stuijk¹, Ripalta Stabile¹, Federico Corradi¹; ¹*Eindhoven Univ. of Technology, Netherlands*. This work evaluates a forward-only learning algorithm on the MNIST dataset with hardware-in-the-loop training of a 4f optical correlator, achieving 87.6 % accuracy with $O(n^2)$ complexity, compared to backpropagation, which achieves 88.8 % accuracy with $O(n^2 \log(n))$ complexity.

Tu3F.4 • 17:15

Efficient Photonic Convolution Accelerator with Kernels Loaded by Analog

Signal, Wenting Jiao¹, Lin Wang¹, Yang Gao¹, Lei Zhang¹, Kun Yin¹, Tangjie Mu¹, Hui Yu¹; ¹*Zhejiang LAB, China*. We present a photonic convolution accelerator based on modulator arrays on lithium niobate platform, which innovatively utilizes analog signals to load convolution kernels, allowing for significant increases in computational efficiency and integration level.

Tu3F.5 • 17:30

Integration of Distributed Sensing Into Optical Coherent Networks Through Non-

Orthogonal Multiple Access, Jingchuan Wang¹, Liwang LU¹, Junwei Zhang², Alan Pak Tao Lau¹, Chao Lu¹; ¹*The Hong Kong Polytechnic Univ., Hong Kong*; ²*Sun Yat-sen Univ., China*. We introduce NOMA into the integrated distributed sensing and coherent communications. Using the same transmitter, high resolution and sensitive vibration sensing can be achieved over 10-km 60-GBaud 16-QAM transmission with negligible penalty.

Tu3F.6 • 17:45

Field-Trial of Real-Time Pulse-Based DAS and 400G Coherent DWDM

Coexistence, Giuseppe Rizzelli Martella^{2,1}, Marco Fasano³, Mariacristina Casasco¹, Andrea Madaschi³, Ann Margareth Rosa Brusin¹, Paola Parolari³, Roberto Gaudino¹, Pierpaolo Boffi³; ¹*Politecnico di Torino, Italy*; ²*Photonext Center, Italy*; ³*Politecnico di Milano, Italy*. We experimentally investigate on the coexistence over field-deployed metro fibers between pulse-based Distributed Acoustic Sensing (DAS) and 400G per wavelength coherent transmission on a 100GHz DWDM grid using commercially available instruments.

Tu3F.7 • 18:00 (Invited)

Novel Fiber Micro- and Nanostructures for Ultrasensitive Sensors and Photonic

Devices, Yuliya Semenova¹; ¹*Technological Univ. Dublin, Ireland*. We propose and experimentally investigate new approaches to tuning fiber-based microresonators and explore their applications in the sensing of microfluidic flows, micro displacement, and 2D force measurement.

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16:30 -- 18:30

Rooms 211-212

Tu3G • Optical Interconnect Technologies

Presider: Janet Chen; NVIDIA Corporation, USA

Tu3G.1 • 16:30 (Invited)

TSMC in the Silicon Photonics Era - an Electrical Perspective, Mikael Sahrling¹, Shenggao Li¹, Frank Lee¹, Stefan Rush¹; ¹*TSMC Technology Inc., USA*. TSMC is actively pursuing a Photonics Foundry Service to meet increased customer requests. The COUPE 3D packaging technology is a key part of this strategy since it enables a Photonics Die to be co-packaged with an Electric Die greatly reducing the interconnect signal integrity penalty between the two dies. This paper will present some of the work-in-progress to enable this breakthrough technology and highlight some aspects of the interconnect benefits between the two dies.

Tu3G.2 • 17:00

Intel 300mm Heterogeneously Integrated Silicon Photonics Technology: a Review of Recent Progress, Kejia Li¹, Richard Jones¹, Pegah Seddighian¹, Cesar Bartolo Perez¹, Leimeng Zhuang¹, Kadhair Al-hemyari¹, Naim Ahmed¹, Zhi Li¹, Hamed Shams-Mousavi¹, Giovanni Gilardi¹, Jeffrey Driscoll¹, Pierre Doussiere¹, Mahbub Satter¹, Jin Huang¹, Ahmadreza Farsaei¹, Aravind Krishnan¹, Karthik Narayanan¹, Felipe Vallini¹, Faraz Monifi¹, Tiehui Su¹, Hari Mahalingam¹, Boris Vulovic¹, David Mathine¹, Yuchun Zhou¹, Daniel Zhu¹, Saeed Fatholouloumi¹, Wenhua Lin¹, Raghuram Narayan¹, Reece Defrees², Adam Bowles², Kelly Magruder², Harel Frish², Razi Dehghannasiri², Kiyoung Lee², Josh Keener², Shane Yerkes², Md Golam Faruk², Wenrui Wang², Himanshu Jasuja², George Ghiurcan², Mark Eaton², Paul Martin², Andrew Devine², Randal Appleton², Thang Hoang¹, Christian Malouin¹; ¹*Integrated Photonics Solution, Intel Corporation, USA*; ²*Silicon Photonics Development and Manufacturing, Intel Corporation, USA*. We summarize the recent advancements on Intel's heterogeneously integrated silicon photonics platform designed to enable wide-ranging applications addressing the continued expansion of datacenter connectivity.

Tu3G.3 • 17:15 (Invited)

High Speed Optical Interconnect Technologies for AI/ML Applications, Hideyuki Nasu¹; ¹*Furukawa Electric Corp., Furukawa Electric Corp., Japan*. This paper introduces VCSEL-based ultra-compact optical transceivers under development in the NICT B5G BRIGHTEN project. A testing station employing an electrical pluggable interface is designed to evaluate a 100-Gb/s PAM4 x 16-channel SM VCSEL-based transceiver.

Tu3G.4 • 17:45

Simplified Coherent Transceiver Based on DFB Lasers and TFLN Chip for the Next Generation Coherent PON, Zifeng Chen¹, Xiangyang Dai², Can Liu², Yiming Zhang¹, Qunan Chen², Chun Jiang², Qiaoyin Lu¹, Weihua Guo^{1,2}; ¹*Huazhong Univ. of Science and Technol., China*; ²*Ori-Chip Optoelectronics Technology Co. Ltd., China*. A high-performance compact coherent-transceiver is demonstrated based on the monolithic TFLN chip integrated with modulator, wavelength-locker and BPDs. The LO and upstream DFB lasers realize a (30nm) ±85MHz frequency difference stability with the downstream laser.

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Tu3G.5 • 18:00 (Invited)

Optical Interconnects for AI Computing Applications, Chongjin Xie¹; ¹*PhotonicX AI, Singapore*. Cloud computing has driven the development of optical interconnects in the past decade and AI has become a new growth engine. We present past development, new requirements and discuss future challenges of optical interconnect technologies.

16:30 -- 18:30

Rooms 213-214

Tu3H • Programmable and Interferometric Photonics Processors

Presider: Angelina Totovic; Celestial AI, Greece

Tu3H.1 • 16:30 (Tutorial)

Recent Advances in Photonic Neural Networks Using Large-Scale Photonic Integrated Circuits, Guangwei Cong¹; ¹*AIST, Japan*. Photonic Neural Networks (PNN) offer low-latency and low-power solutions for ML/AI computing. This tutorial presents an overview of PNNs utilizing large-scale photonic integrated circuits, including recent advances, remaining challenges, novel concepts and expectations.

Tu3H.2 • 17:30 (Top-Scored)

Silicon Photonic Neuromorphic Processor for 100-Gbaud/ λ Optical Communications and Beyond, Benshan Wang¹, Qiarong Xiao¹, Tengji Xu¹, Li Fan¹, Shaojie Liu¹, Chaoran Huang¹; ¹*The Chinese Univ. of Hong Kong, Hong Kong*. We demonstrate a programmable silicon photonic neuromorphic processor for real-time, all-optical distortion compensation of up to 100-Gbaud/ λ PAM4 and OOK signals transmitted over 5 km of SMF at C-band, with latency and power consumption orders of magnitude lower than those of DSP chips.

Tu3H.3 • 17:45

Large-Scale Calibration-Free Mach–Zehnder Networks, Lijia Song¹, Xiaomin Jiao¹, Shihan Hong¹, Jin Xie¹, Huan Li¹, Daoxin Dai¹; ¹*Zhejiang Univ., China*. We propose a calibration-free MZI and demonstrate its large-scale scalability with a 64×64 MZI. This robust methodology for suppressing random phase imbalance can be generalized for any essential phase-sensitive photonic integrated devices.

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Wednesday, 02 April

08:00 -- 10:00

Room 207

W1D • Optical Signal Processing

Presider: Adonis Bogris; Univ. of West Attica, Greece

W1D.1 • 08:00

Optical General Matrix Multiplication Using Incoherent Light and Wavelength

Multiplexing, Farshid Ashtiani¹, Mohamad Hossein Idjadi¹, Stefano Grillanda¹; ¹*Nokia Bell Labs, USA*. We demonstrate an optical general matrix multiplication using incoherent light source and wavelength multiplexing to multiply two two-dimensional matrices with positive and negative elements and provide parallel readout of the output matrix, without hardware or time multiplexing.

W1D.2 • 08:15

Multitasking Parallel Chip-Scale Programmable Silicon Photonic Processor, Zihang

Yang^{1,2}, Yunlong Li^{1,2}, Huajie Wan^{1,2}, Tiange Wu^{1,2}, Shuang Zheng^{1,2}, Minming Zhang^{1,2}; ¹*School of Optical and Electronic Information, Huazhong uni of Science and Technology, China*; ²*National Engineering Research Center for Next Generation Internet Access System, China*. We propose and fabricate a multitasking parallel chip-scale programmable silicon photonic processor, which is implemented by a WDM-compatible two-dimensional photonic waveguide mesh. Different wavelength-dependent topologies and functionalities are experimentally demonstrated by programming the mesh structure.

W1D.3 • 08:30 (Invited)

Light-Sound Interactions for Optical Computing and Quantum Applications, Birgit

Stiller^{1,2}; ¹*Max-Planck-Inst Physik des Lichts, Germany*; ²*Inst. of Photonics, Leibniz Univ. Hannover, Germany*. We experimentally enhance photonic neural networks with acoustic functionality, e.g. an optoacoustic recurrent operator and optoacoustic activation functions. We demonstrate phonon cooling and the conditions for photon-phonon entanglement leading to new quantum signal processing schemes.

W1D.4 • 09:00

Optoelectronic Ising Machine-Based Maximum Likelihood MIMO Detection for Enhanced

SDM Fiber-Optic Transmission, Yibin Wan¹, Zhenhua Li¹, Zihao Chen¹, Zhixian Zhou¹, Jie Liu¹, Siyuan Yu¹; ¹*Sun Yat-sen Univ., China*. An optoelectronic Ising machine-based maximum likelihood MIMO detection is proposed and experimentally demonstrated in SDM fiber-optic communication systems, achieving a 16.6% net rate improvement than conventional MIMO DSP with tolerant iteration time and energy consumption.

W1D.5 • 09:15

Ultrafast All-Optical Matrix-Vector Multiplication Based on Four-Wave Mixing, Hao Liu¹,

Kostas Sozos², Stavros Deligiannidis², Suttikarn Wantee¹, Charis Mesaritis³, Kyle R. Bottrill¹, Adonis Bogris², Periklis Petropoulos¹; ¹*Optoelectronics Research Centre, Univ. of Southampton, SO17 1BJ, Southampton, UK, UK*; ²*Dept. of Informatics and Computer Engineering, Univ. of West Attica, Aghiou Spiridonos, 12243, Egaleo, Athens, Greece, Greece*; ³*Dept. of Biomedical Engineering, Univ. of West Attica, Aghiou Spiridonos, 12243, Egaleo, Athens, Greece, Greece*. We propose a nonlinear optical approach for ultra-fast, matrix-vector multiplications as

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required in machine-learning tasks. Optical multiplication is experimentally demonstrated, with less than 0.05% classification accuracy reduction compared to digital results on the MNIST dataset.

W1D.6 • 09:30

Parametric Time-Lens Array with Extended Temporal Aperture Enabling Gap-Free Real-Time Signal Processing, Manuel P. Fernández^{2,1}, Benjamin Crockett¹, Connor Rowe¹, Laureano Bulus³, Pablo Costanzo³, Jose Azaña¹; ¹*Institut National de la Recherche Scientifique – Énergie Matériaux et Télécommunications (INRS-EMT), Canada*; ²*Departamento de Ingeniería en Telecomunicaciones – Instituto Balseiro (UNCuyo-CNEA) & CONICET, Argentina*. We present a parametric time-lens array design that overcomes the trade-off between temporal aperture and repetition rate. By experimentally demonstrating overlapping factors >2 , we show its potential for processing broadband signals in a gapless manner.

W1D.7 • 09:45

Dual Privacy Protection for Distributed Fiber Sensing with Disaggregated Inference and Fine-Tuning of Memory-Augmented Networks, Shaobo Han¹, Philip N. Ji¹, Ting Wang¹; ¹*NEC Laboratories America Inc., USA*. We propose a memory-augmented model architecture with disaggregated computation infrastructure for fiber sensing event recognition. By leveraging geodistributed computing resources in optical networks, this approach empowers end-users to customize models while ensuring dual privacy protection.

08:00 -- 10:00

Room 208

W1E • Datacenter Wavelength and Mode Multiplexing

Presider: Brandon Buscaino; Ciena Corporation, USA

W1E.1 • 08:00

Order-Preserving Channel Calibration of Kerr Comb-Driven Microresonator-Based DWDM Link, Yuyang Wang¹, Songli Wang¹, Swarnava Sanyal¹, Nathaniel Nauman¹, Robert Parsons¹, James Robinson¹, Maarten Hattink^{1,2}, Kaylx Jang¹, Asher Novick^{1,2}, Karl J. McNulty¹, Xiang Meng¹, Michal Lipson¹, Alexander Gaeta¹, Keren Bergman¹; ¹*Columbia Univ., USA*; ²*Xscape Photonics Inc., USA*. We experimentally validate a robust channel calibration algorithm for Kerr comb-driven microresonator-based DWDM links, which preserves the post-tuning resonator spectral order in the presence of resonance aliases within a comb spectrum spanning multiple resonator FSRs.

W1E.2 • 08:15

A $4\lambda \times 50$ -Gb/s Si Photonic WDM Transmitter with Code-Based Wavelength Calibration and Locking, Daewon Rho¹, Jae-Koo Park^{1,2}, Yongjin Ji¹, Seung-Jae Yang¹, Woo-Young Choi¹; ¹*Electric and Electronic Engineering, Yonsei Univ., Korea (the Republic of)*; ²*Memory Division, DRAM Design Teams, Samsung Electronics, Korea (the Republic of)*. This paper presents a $4\lambda \times 50$ -Gb/s Si photonic WDM transmitter with four cascaded micro-ring modulators (MRMs), MRM drivers, and a heater controller. A code-based calibration and locking technique ensures optimal modulation performance through on-chip control.

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W1E.3 • 08:30

Inter-Channel FWM Mitigation Using Low-Complexity Digital Pre-Compensation for O-Band IMDD Transmission, Ryosuke Matsumoto¹, Takayuki Kurosu¹, Satoshi Suda¹, Takeru Amano¹; ¹*National Inst. of Advanced Industria, Japan*. We propose a low-complexity digital pre-compensation scheme to mitigate four-wave mixing in high-baud-rate IMDD systems. Efficient nonlinear compensation was demonstrated in the O-band 10-km WDM transmission using 4-ch.x112-Gb/s PAM-4 channels with a dense 200-GHz spacing.

W1E.4 • 08:45

Demonstration of the WDM Performance of a SiP Polarization Compensator and Modulator Operating at 300 Gbps in the O-Band Over 2 km, Aleksandar Nikic¹, Weijia Li¹, Charles St. Arnault¹, Santiago Bernal¹, Benton Qiu¹, Essam Berikaa¹, Yixiang Hu¹, Zixian Wei¹, Jinsong Zhang¹, Kaibo Zhang¹, Alessandra Bigongiari², Fabio Cavaliere², Antonio D'Errico², Luca Giorgi², Stephane Lessard², Roberto Sabella², Stefano Stracca², David Plant¹; ¹*McGill Univ., Canada*; ²*Ericsson, Italy*. We characterize the O-band WDM performance of a SiP polarization compensator, and then demonstrate 2 km PAM4 transmission at net 300 Gbps in a remote multi-carrier laser application.

W1E.5 • 09:00 (Top-Scored)

Experimental Demonstration of 2x112Gbit/s PM-PAM4 IM/DD System Using TFLN Polarization Controller, Juntao Cao¹, Haiqiang Wei¹, Changjian Guo², Chao Lu¹, Alan Pak Tao Lau¹, Kang Ping Zhong¹; ¹*The Hong Kong Polytechnic Univ., Hong Kong*; ²*South China Normal Univ., China*. We experimentally demonstrated 224Gbit/s PM-PAM4 intensity modulation-direct detection (IM/DD) transmission system by using a thin-film lithium niobate (TFLN) polarization controller. A record polarization tracking speed of 2krad/s is achieved.

W1E.6 • 09:15

CD-Mitigation with Spatial Mode Dispersion for 120-GBaud PAM4 Degenerate-Mode-Group MDM Transmission Over 10-km Weakly-Coupled FMF, Yu Yang², Gang Qiao¹, Honglin Ji², Mingqing Zuo¹, Zhaopeng Xu², Tonghui Ji², Lulu Liu², Shangcheng Wang², Baolong Zhu¹, Chengbin Long¹, Jiarui Zhang¹, Lei Shen³, Jie Luo³, Weisheng Hu², Juhao Li^{1,2}; ¹*Peking Univ., China*; ²*Pengcheng Laboratory, China*; ³*Yangtze Optical Fiber and Cable Joint Stock Limited Company, China*. We theoretically find the spatial mode dispersion is beneficial to the CD mitigation in degenerate-mode-group (DMG) IMDD transmission and experimentally demonstrate 120-GBaud 4-DMG PAM4 transmission in the C-band over 10-km weakly-coupled FMF using FFE only.

08:00 -- 10:00

Room 215

W1I • Waveguide Devices Based on Nonlinearities

Presider: Yi Sun; OFS Fitel LLC, USA

W1I.1 • 08:00 (Invited)

Flexible and Addressable 2nd Order Nonlinearities in Microresonators, Camille-Sophie Brès¹; ¹*École Polytechnique Fédérale de Lausanne, Switzerland*. I will discuss how optical and electrical poling of silicon nitride microresonators makes the platform an emerging candidate for $\chi^{(2)}$ integrated photonics, both for light conversion on-chip and linear electro-optic effect. I will

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show results of a monolithic modulator and how we address engineering constraints typically faced in ring resonators when aiming for broadband second harmonic generation.

W11.2 • 08:30

9-THz Wideband PPLN-Based Wavelength Converter for Simultaneous Conversion of C+L-Band WDM Signal to Full S-Band, Shunya Konno¹, Shimpei Shimizu², Masashi Abe¹, Takushi Kazama^{1,2}, Koji Enbutsu¹, Takahiro Kashiwazaki¹, Masanori Nakamura², Takayuki Kobayashi², Yutaka Miyamoto², Takeshi Umeki^{1,2}; ¹*NTT Device Technology Laboratories, Japan*; ²*NTT Network Innovation Laboratories, Japan*. We developed a wideband PPLN-based wavelength converter with conversion efficiency of >-2 dB over 9-THz full S-band. We demonstrated 100-km fiber transmission with the full-S-band transmitter combining the wavelength converter and the C+L-band WDM system.

W11.3 • 08:45

Phase-Preserving Amplitude Regeneration in a Mamyshev Regenerator with Group-Delay-Managed Nonlinear Medium and mid-Stage Optical Phase Conjugation, Cheng Guo¹, Hamed Rabbani¹, Mohammad Awwad¹, Youichi Akasaka², Paparao Palacharla², Ryuichi Sugizaki³, Shigehiro Takasaka³, Michael Vasilyev¹; ¹*Department of Electrical Engineering, Univ. of Texas at Arlington, USA*; ²*Advanced Technology Labs, Fujitsu Network Communications, USA*; ³*Furukawa Electric Company Ltd., Japan*. We experimentally demonstrate phase-preserving amplitude regeneration of RZ-QPSK signal by placing an optical phase conjugator between two Mamyshev regenerator stages using a group-delay-managed nonlinear medium, with intensity noise suppressed 1.6 times.

W11.4 • 09:00

Nonlinearity-Mediated Spectral Control of Light Using Pulsed Pumps Processed by Tunable Talbot Effect, Zijian Li¹, Geyang Wang¹, Chen Ding¹, Qiarong Xiao¹, Qijie Xie¹, Chaoran Huang¹, Lian-Kuan Chen¹, Chester Shu¹; ¹*The Chinese Univ. of Hong Kong, Hong Kong*. We present spectral control of a continuous-wave light source through Kerr interactions with dual pulsed pumps processed via tunable temporal Talbot effect, enabling new-band frequency comb generation on flexible grids for short-reach communication.

W11.5 • 09:15 (Top-Scored)

Electrically-Tunable and Power-Efficient Silicon Nitride Optical Parametric Oscillator, Jiaqi Li¹, Yanfeng Zhang¹, Siyuan Yu¹; ¹*Sun Yat-Sen Univ., China*. We present an integrated silicon nitride optical parametric oscillator that achieves a broad signal/idler tuning range (>5 THz) and high power conversion efficiency ($>25\%$), utilizing an electrically reconfigurable photonic crystal micro-ring resonator.

W11.6 • 09:30 (Invited)

Advances in on-Chip Optical Amplifiers, Tobias J. Kippenberg¹; ¹*École Polytechnique Fédérale de Lausanne, Switzerland*. Abstract not available

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08:00 -- 10:00

Room 301

W1J • Long-Distance and CV-QKD

W1J.1 • 08:00

Long-Distance Discrete-Modulated Continuous-Variable Quantum Key Distribution Over 126.56 km of Fiber, Yan Pan¹, Mingze Wu², Wang Heng¹, Jun h. Li², Yun Shao¹, Yang Li¹, Wei Huang¹, Song Yu², Yichen Zhang², Bingjie Xu¹; ¹*National Key Laboratory of Security Communication, Inst. of Southwestern Communication, China*; ²*State Key Laboratory of Information Photonics and Optical Communications, Beijing Univ. of Posts and Telecommunications, China*. Employing an advanced security analysis method, we experimentally demonstrated a local local oscillator continuous-variable quantum key distribution system over 126.56km of single mode fiber with probabilistic shaped 16QAM, achieving a secret key rate of 169.37kbps.

W1J.2 • 08:15

Demonstration of Co-Transmission of Quantum Key Distribution and Classical Signal With High Launch Power Across 125 km Few-Mode Fiber, Lei Shen^{3,2}, Siwei Wang^{1,2}, Bing Han^{1,2}, Guofeng Yan^{1,2}, Dawei Lyu^{1,2}, Zhang Xi^{1,2}, Zhongyang Wang^{1,2}, Ziyi Tang^{1,2}, Yuchen Zhang^{1,2}, Qianke Wang^{1,2}, Shuo Xu³, Li Zhang³, Lei Zhang^{3,2}, Jun Chu³, Jie Luo^{3,2}, Jinwei Zeng^{1,2}, Jun Liu^{1,2}, Jian Wang^{1,2}; ¹*Wuhan National Laboratory for Optoelectronics and School of Optical and Electronic Information, Huazhong Univ. of Science and Technology, China*; ²*Optics Valley Laboratory, China*; ³*State Key Laboratory of Optical Fiber and Cable Manufacture technology, China*. We have successfully implemented 125 km quantum-classical co-transmission using few-mode fiber by optimizing system configurations and isolation, achieving 2.1% quantum bit-error-rate and 100 Gbit/s classical transmission with 16 dBm launch power.

W1J.3 • 08:30

Experimental Demonstration of 150 km Four-Core Fiber Co-Transmission of Quantum and Classical Signals Enabled by Wavelength and Space Division Multiplexing, Lei Shen^{3,2}, Siwei Wang^{1,2}, Bing Han^{1,2}, Guofeng Yan^{1,2}, Dawei Lyu^{1,2}, Zhongyang Wang^{1,2}, Ziyi Tang^{1,2}, Qianke Wang^{1,2}, Kang Li^{1,2}, Shuo Xu³, Li Zhang³, Lei Zhang^{3,2}, Jun Chu³, Jie Luo^{3,2}, jinwei zeng^{1,2}, Jun Liu^{1,2}, Jian Wang^{1,2}; ¹*Wuhan National Laboratory for Optoelectronics and School of Optical and Electronic Information, Huazhong Univ. of Science and Technology, China*; ²*Optics Valley Laboratory, China*; ³*State Key Laboratory of Optical Fiber and Cable Manufacture technology, China*. We have realized 150 km co-transmission of 40 GBaud quadrature phase shift keying signal and quantum signal, improving channel isolation through wavelength-division and space-division multiplexing, achieving quantum bit-error-rate of only 1.15%.

W1J.4 • 08:45

High-Performance Multi-Carrier Continuous-Variable Quantum key Distribution, Wang Heng¹, Ting Ye¹, Yan Pan¹, Yun Shao¹, Yaodi Pi¹, Tao Zhang¹, Ao Sun¹, Lifeng Fu¹, Yang Li¹, Wei Huang¹, Bingjie Xu¹; ¹*Inst. of Southwestern Communication, China*. We experimentally demonstrate a high-performance multi-carrier CV-QKD system with asymptotic SKRs of 1819.32Mbps@5km, 1078.48Mbps@10km, 374.19Mbps@25km, 112.96Mbps@50km, 34.63Mbps@75km and 12.58Mbps@100km, marking the first CV-QKD achieving Gbps SKR

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within 10km and ten Mbps SKR over 100km.

W1J.5 • 09:00

Generalizing Nonlocal Dispersion Cancellation for Robust Quantum

Communications, Benjamin G. Crockett¹, Hao Yu^{1,2}, Nicola Montaut¹, Stefania Sciarra¹, Mario Chemnitz^{1,3}, Sai Tak CHU⁵, Brent E. Little⁴, David J. Moss⁶, Zhiming Wang², Jose Azaña¹, Roberto Morandotti¹; ¹INRS, Canada; ²Shimmer Center, Tianfu Jinagxi Laboratory, China; ³Leibniz Inst. of Photonic Technology, Germany; ⁴QXP Technology Inc., China; ⁵City Univ. of Hong Kong, China; ⁶Swinburne Univ. of Technology, Australia. We present a framework describing dispersion's impact on time-bin entangled photon pairs, identifying a new regime resilient to dispersion. This low-loss approach enables secure communication across dispersive links, without using lossy dispersion-compensating elements.

W1J.6 • 09:15

Improving End-to-end Key Security in Trusted Node-Based QKD Networks with Secret

Sharing, Mario Wenning^{1,2}, Jonas Berl^{1,3}, Tobias Fehenberger¹, Carmen Mas Machuca⁴; ¹Adva Network Security GmbH, Germany; ²Chair of Communication Networks, Technical Univ. of Munich, Germany; ³Communications Engineering Lab, Karlsruhe Inst. of Technology, Germany; ⁴Chair of Communication Networks, Univ. of the Bundeswehr Munich, Germany. We develop an optimized key routing scheme that applies secret sharing in a meshed, trusted-node-based QKD network. Each threshold increment improves end-to-end key security by at least six nines, with cost increases below 57 %.

W1J.7 • 09:30 (Invited)

Quantum key Distribution with Ultra Long-Distance Fiber, Zhen-Qiang Yin¹, Shuang Wang¹, Wei Chen¹, Zheng-Fu Han¹; ¹Univ. of Science and Technology of China, China. Quantum key distribution can offer unconditionally secure keys between distant peers. With the theoretical development of twin-field protocols and relevant experimental techniques, its fiber channel distance can be extended to around 1000km, enabling intercity key distributions.

08:00 -- 10:00

Room 304

W1K • Modelling and Nonlinearity Mitigation/Compensation

Presider: Olga Vassilieva; Fujitsu Network Communications Inc, USA

W1K.1 • 08:00

Accounting for Temporal Energy Correlations in the Enhanced Gaussian Noise

Model, Kaiquan Wu¹, Gabriele Liga¹, Marco Secondini², Alex Alvarado¹; ¹Eindhoven Univ. of Technology, Netherlands; ²TeCIP Inst., Scuola Superiore Sant'Anna, Italy. We incorporate the temporal symbol energy correlations into the enhanced Gaussian noise model. The new analytical model exhibits an SNR prediction error within 0.11 dB across various shaping blocklengths and distances.

W1K.2 • 08:15

Predicting Nonlinear Interference for Short-Blocklength 4D Probabilistic Shaping

Jingxin Deng¹, Bin Chen¹, Zhiwei Liang¹, Yi Lei¹, Gabriele Liga²; ¹School of Computer Science and Information Engineering, Hefei Univ. of Technology, China; ²Department of Electrical

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Engineering, Eindhoven Univ. of Technology, Netherlands. We derive a heuristic nonlinear interference model for 4D probabilistic shaping considering the polarization and time correlation of the 4D symbols. We demonstrate an average SNR prediction gap from split-step Fourier simulations of 0.15dB.

W1K.3 • 08:30

Optical Line System Physical Digital Model Calibration Using a Differential

Algorithm, Giacomo Borraccini¹, Yue-Kai Huang¹, Andrea D Amico¹, Ezra Ip¹, Ting Wang¹, Koji Asahi²; ¹NEC Laboratories America Inc., USA; ²NEC Corporation, Japan. A differential algorithm is proposed to calibrate the physical digital model of an optical line system from scratch at the commissioning phase, using minimal measurements and maximizing signal and OSNR estimation accuracy.

W1K.4 • 08:45

A Fast and Accurate EDFA Model for the Optimization of Power-Efficient SDM Subsea Transmission Systems

Aymeric Arnould¹, Ronald Freund^{1,2}, Georg Rademacher^{1,3}; ¹Fraunhofer-Institut for Telecommunications, Heinrich-Hertz-Institut, HHI, Germany; ²Technical Univ. of Berlin, Germany; ³Inst. for Electrical and Optical Communications, Univ. of Stuttgart, Germany. Based on the semi-analytical extended Saleh model, we propose a method with a limited complexity increase to accurately include the impact of EDFA physics in multi-parameter optimizations of power-efficient regimes for SDM subsea transmissions.

W1K.5 • 09:00

Nonlinearity Cancellation Based on Optimized First Order Perturbative Kernels

Alex Alvarado¹, Astrid Barreiro¹, Gabriele Liga¹; ¹Technische Universiteit Eindhoven, Netherlands. The potential offered by interference cancellation based on optimized regular perturbation kernels of the Manakov equation is studied. Theoretical gains of up to 2.5 dB in effective SNR are demonstrated.

W1K.6 • 09:15

Joint Pre- and Post-Learned Perturbation Nonlinearity Compensation Optimization for Long-Haul Optical Fiber Transmission Based on End-to-end Deep Learning

Lyu Li¹, Zekun Niu¹, Junzhe Xiao¹, Weisheng Hu¹, Lilin Yi¹; ¹Shanghaijiaotong Univ., China. We propose a joint pre- and post-learned perturbation nonlinearity compensation (LPNC) by using end-to-end deep learning. The experiment shows a 0.6 dB gain is validated in the 21-channel 64QAM 60 GBaud 800km transmission fiber link.

W1K.7 • 09:30

Impact of Baud Rate and Transmission Distance on Nonlinearity Compensation Using Optical Frequency Combs

Ronit S. Sohanpal¹, Eric Sillekens¹, Jiaqian Yang¹, Mindaugus Jarmolovicus¹, Romulo Aparecido de Paula Junior¹, Yijia Cai¹, Zhixin Liu¹, Robert I. Killley¹, Polina Bayvel¹; ¹Univ. College London, UK. We experimentally investigate the nonlinearity compensation performance of frequency combs and independent lasers sources at 15 and 49.5 GBd up to 7796 km, observing 0.5 dB gain using combs over unsynchronised laser sources.

W1K.8 • 09:45

Mitigation of Coherent Nonlinear Noise Accumulation in Transmission Across Cascaded SOAs

Hartmut Hafermann¹, Loig Godard¹, Xiaohui Zhao¹, Abel Lorences-Riesgo¹, Zhenzhen

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Zhang¹, Romain Brenot¹, Yann Frignac¹, Gabriel Charlet¹; ¹*Optical Communication Technology Lab, Huawei Technologies France, France*. It is shown experimentally and in simulations that nonlinear noise of cascaded semiconductor optical amplifiers accumulates coherently. Noise correlations degrade nonlinear SNR by up to 3 dB. They are found negligible after few kilometers of fiber and are reduced by up to 2 dB through polarization mixing.

08:00 -- 10:00

Rooms 201-202

W1A • Network Evolution and AI

Presider: Ashwin Gumaste; Indian Inst. of Technology Bombay, India

W1A.1 • 08:00 (Invited)

Embracing the AI Era: Optical Network Evolution to Scale the Backbone, Ligia Maria Moreira Zorello¹; ¹*Meta Platforms Technologies UK Ltd, UK*. The rapid growth of AI is driving significant changes in Meta's network infrastructure. Exponential traffic growth in the backbone network requires a scalable optical backbone network that meets quality of service for all services. We are adopting a point-to-point network topology combined with C+L-band line system and ZR+ pluggables. The combination of these technologies enables simplifying the design, improving the deployment and enhancing the performance and efficiency of the network.

W1A.2 • 08:30

Polarization-Independent Optical-Carrier-Distribution Scheme for Metro-Access Converged DC Interconnects, Ritsuki Hamagami¹, Masamichi Fujiwara¹, Shin Kaneko¹, Junichi Kani¹, Tomoaki Yoshida¹; ¹*NTT Access Network Service Systems Laboratories, NTT Corporation, Japan*. A novel optical-carrier-distribution scheme with which dual sub-carriers are externally distributed to a coherent transceiver consisting of an EA modulator and dual-polarization diversity heterodyne receiver is proposed. Its polarization-independent characteristics were demonstrated through transmission experiments.

W1A.3 • 08:45

Timeslot-Compactness-Aware Routing Wavelength and Timeslot Assignment Strategy for Distributed AI Training in a Multi-Granularity All-Optical Metro Spine-Leaf Network, Shaoxiong Feng¹, Jiawei Zhang¹, Zhiqun Gu¹, Bojun Zhang¹, Yuefeng Ji¹; ¹*Beijing Univ. of Posts and Telecommunications, China*. To accommodate the traffic flow from distributed AI training, we propose a timeslot-compactness-aware routing, wavelength and timeslot assignment strategy in a multi-granularity all-optical metro spine-leaf network, which achieves 6.58% less blocking, 14.7% more wavelength efficiency.

W1A.4 • 09:00

Multi-Agent Design for LLM-Assisted Network Management, Hussein Zaid¹, Pooyan Safari¹, Behnam Shariati¹, Aydin Jafari¹, Mihail Balanici¹, Johannes K. Fischer¹; ¹*Fraunhofer Inst. for Telecommunicati, Germany*. We propose a network automation solution using pre-trained LLMs and advanced prompt engineering that ensures NDA confidentiality compliance. Our method achieves a 96.7% success rate in executing user intent into network operations without model fine-tuning.

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W1A.5 • 09:15 (Invited)

Generative AI Roll Out for Transport Networks, Raghu Valisammagari^{1,2}; ¹*Network Systems, Verizon Communications Inc., USA*; ²*Swiss School of Business and Management, Switzerland*. Abstract not available

08:00 -- 10:00

Rooms 205-206

W1C • Submarine and Field Trials

Presider: Jean-christophe Antona; Alcatel Submarine Networks Inc., France

W1C.1 • 08:00 (Invited)

Technologies and Challenges for Pb/s Submarine Cable Deployment, Pascal Pecci¹, Elizabeth Rivera Hartling², Matthew Mitchell²; ¹*Meta France, France*; ²*Meta, USA*. While with SDM we had a consensus to increase capacity of subsea cable, with Pb/s cable solutions are diverging and we have 3 candidates. We will evaluate the challenges associated to them. Who will win?

W1C.2 • 08:30

Trans-Atlantic Record Deployment Achieving 24 Tb/s Capacity Enabled Through Probabilistic Shaping and FEC Gain Sharing, Siddharth Varughese¹, Domaniç Lavery¹, Marc Stephens¹, Han Sun¹, Pierre Mertz¹; ¹*Infinera Corp., USA*. Deployed capacity of 24 Tb/s is reported on a transatlantic SDM cable enabled through highly granular PS signalling and two-wave FEC gain sharing. Reported datarates demonstrate >30% total cable capacity improvements over previous transatlantic demonstrations.

W1C.3 • 08:45 (Invited)

Physics Based vs ML-Based Digital Twins of Submarine Networks, Juliana Tiburcio de Araujo¹, Alexis Carbo Meseguer¹, Jean-christophe Antona¹; ¹*Alcatel Submarine Networks Inc., France*. We investigate digital twin approaches to predict subsea link spectrum evolutions and QoT to facilitate spectrum sharing. We focus on a 0.5dB RMSE hybrid model with low complexity and reduced data training set.

W1C.4 • 09:15 (Top-Scored)

Field Trial of Real-Time 128Tb/s Co-Frequency Co-Time Full-Duplex Transmission Over Deployed 20km AR-HCFs in Urban Duct Network, Dawei Ge¹, Siyuan Liu^{2,1}, Peng Li³, Qiang Guo⁴, Yifan Xiong⁵, Mingqing Zuo¹, Dong Wang¹, Shoufei Gao^{6,5}, Dechao Zhang¹, Da Liu⁷, Yingying Wang^{6,5}, Lei Zhang³, Wei Ding^{6,5}, Jie Luo³, Hongqiang Zou⁷, Han Li¹, Zhangyuan Chen², Xiaodong Duan¹; ¹*China Mobile Research Inst., China*; ²*State Key Laboratory of Advanced Optical Communication Systems and Networks, Peking Univ., China*; ³*State Key Laboratory of Optical Fiber and Cable Manufacture Technology, YOFC, China*; ⁴*B&P Lab, Huawei Technology Co., Ltd., China*; ⁵*Linfiber Technology (Nantong) Co., Ltd., China*; ⁶*Inst. of Photonics Technology and College of Physics & Optoelectronic Engineering, Jinan Univ., China*; ⁷*China Mobile Communications Corporation Group Co., Ltd., China*. We report the first real-time 128Tb/s co-frequency co-time full-duplex transmission over the first deployed 20km AR-HCFs in complex urban duct network in China by leveraging extremely low distributed Rayleigh backscattering of AR-HCF.

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W1C.5 • 09:30

Real-Time 1.6-Tbps Transmission Over 10 km for 6G Fronthaul in Co-Packaged Optics Radio Access Networks Using Eye-Safe Standard-Single-Mode-Fiber-Fed Remote Laser Sources, Son T. Le¹, Guilhem de Valicourt¹, Peter Pupalaiakis¹, Randy Giles¹, Marco Lamponi¹, Lukas Elsinger¹, Shawn Liu¹, Brett Sawyer¹, Jon Proesel¹, Eugene Ho¹, Karen Liu¹, Zhiqi Zhu¹, Steve Corteselli¹, Laurent Alloin¹, Chris Daunt¹, Mark Ferriss¹, Behzad Rahmani¹, Fred Warning¹, Ashok Bruno¹, Siamak Abbaslou¹, Mehdi Zaman¹, Zeyu Pan¹, George Fischer¹, Gannon Reichert¹, Jon George¹, Utku Alakusu¹, Jeb Binkey¹, Isaac Martinez¹, Karel Van Acoleyen¹, Faezeh Fesharaki¹, Susanne Paul¹, Vaishnavi Karra¹, Tu Nguyen¹, Nikitha Machineni¹, Andrew Sullivan¹, Daniel Assumpcao¹, Peter Winzer¹, Fabio Cavaliere², Luca Giorgi², Alessandra Bigongiari², Antonio Tartaglia², Antonio D'Errico², Stefano Stracca², Roberto Sabella²; ¹*Nubis Communications, USA*; ²*Ericsson, Italy*. We demonstrate real-time 16x100-Gbps full-duplex 10-km transmission using a high-density, low-power, fully-packaged optical engine. Remote laser light is supplied via standard single-mode fiber without the need for active polarization management and with an eye-safety shutoff.

W1C.6 • 09:45

Operator Trial of Quadruple PON Coexistence With 100G-PON, 50G-PON, 25GS-PON and XGS-PON, Robert Borkowski¹, Kovendhan Vijayan¹, Suresh Chandrasekaran², John Valdez³, Erwin Wardojo³, Srimadhaven Thirumurthy⁴, Vincent Houtsma¹, Christoph Füllner⁵, Dora van Veen¹, Michae Straub⁵, Rene Bonk⁵, Chris Edwards⁴, Jochen Maes⁶; ¹*Nokia Bell Labs, USA*; ²*Fixed Networks, Nokia, USA*; ³*Frontier Communications, USA*; ⁴*Fixed Networks, Nokia, USA*; ⁵*Nokia Bell Labs, Germany*; ⁶*Nokia Bell Labs, Belgium*. We present North American operator trial involving world's first simultaneous operation of four PON technologies: 100G-PON, 50G-PON, 25GS-PON and XGS-PON over a field-deployed 11-km-long fiber. We report correct operation of all systems in the trial.

08:00 -- 10:00

Rooms 209-210

W1F • High-Speed Direct-Detection PON

Presider: Yuanqiu Luo; *Futurewei Technologies Inc, USA*

W1F.1 • 08:00

Dual-Wavelength 200Gb/s IM/DD 40km Transmission With 34dB Link Budget for Very High Speed PON, Ricardo Rosales¹, Xin Chen², Samir Rihani², Daniel Drysdale², Richard Cronin², Thomas Tilbury², Haibo Wang², Pantelis Aivaliotis², Giuseppe Talli¹, Maxim Kuschnerov¹; ¹*Huawei Technologies Duesseldorf GmbH, Germany*; ²*Huawei Technologies Research and Development Ltd., UK*. We demonstrate a potential low-cost implementation of a dual-wavelength 200Gb/s NRZ-based system reaching 34dB (40km) and 36dB (20km) link budgets enabled by EMLs with a shared SOA, regardless of both negative CD and Tx chirp.

W1F.2 • 08:15

First 100G NRZ-OOK PON Demonstration With >31 dB Loss Budget and Coexistence Study Over Field-Deployed Fiber, Christoph Füllner¹, Dora van Veen¹, Michae Straub¹, Michiel Verplaetse¹, Robert Borkowski¹, Wouter Lanneer¹, Yannick Lefevre¹, Vincent Houtsma¹, Rene Bonk¹, Peter Desmet², Colin Wu³, Jochen Maes¹; ¹*Nokia Bell labs, Germany*; ²*Nokia Network Infrastructure Fixed Networks, Belgium*; ³*Nokia Network Infrastructure Fixed Networks,*

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Australia. We perform a live demo of 100G NRZ-OOK PON downstream coexisting with XGS and 25GS PON over field-deployed fiber in Australia. We achieve a loss budget of >31 dB using pre-amplified reception, advanced equalization, and soft-input FEC decoding.

W1F.3 • 08:30

Enhanced Support Vector Machine Based Signal Recovery in Bandwidth-Limited 50-100 Gbit/s Flexible DS-PON, Liyan Wu¹, Yanlu Huang¹, Kai Jin¹, Shangya Han¹, Kun Xu¹, Yanni Ou¹; ¹*Beijing U. of Posts & Telecom, China.* We proposed an adaptive signal recovery algorithm with reduced complexity based on the SVM principle for flexible downstream PON.

Experimental results indicate a record-high link power budget of 24 dB for bandwidth-limited 100 Gbit/s direct-detection transmission@1E-3.

W1F.4 • 08:45

LUT-Assisted Clock Data Recovery and Equalization for Burst-Mode 50-100 Gbit/s Bandwidth-Limited Flexible PON, Yanlu Huang¹, Liyan Wu¹, Shangya Han¹, Kai Jin¹, Kun Xu¹, Yanni Ou¹; ¹*Beijing U. of Posts & Telecommunication, China.* We demonstrated LUT-assisted CDR and equalization for burst-mode 50-100 Gbit/s bandwidth-limited PON, achieving signal recovery under large 100 ppm frequency offsets and 0.5 UI phase mismatch using reduced 50ns preambles, with 0.3dB sensitivity penalty only.

W1F.5 • 09:00

Performances of Cost-Effective 50G ONU With Analog FFE and HI-FEC, Dylan Chevalier^{1,2}, Luiz Anet Neto³, Gael Simon¹, Pascal Scalart⁴, Lucas Inglès³, Jeremy Potet¹, Georges Gaillard^{1,3}, Philippe Chanclou¹, Laurent Bramerie², Michel Joindot², Mathilde Gay², Monique Thual²; ¹*Orange Labs, France*; ²*Institut FOTON, France*; ³*IMT Atlantique, France*; ⁴*IRISA, France.* We propose a cost-effective 50G ONU reception scheme leveraging analog FFE and Hard-Input-FEC, achieving +3.8 dB of coding gain with analog FFE. This implementation reduces costs at ONUs compared to regular SI-FEC+DSP ones.

W1F.6 • 09:15

An Experimental Analysis of 50G-PON LDPC, Luiz Anet Neto^{1,2}, Dylan Chevalier³, Gael Simon³, Lucas Inglès^{1,2}, Jeremy Potet³, Georges Gaillard³, Philippe Chanclou³, Ramesh Pyndiah^{1,2}; ¹*IMT Atlantique, France*; ²*Lab-STICC CNRS UMR 6285, France*; ³*Orange Innovation, France.* We experimentally assess the impacts of different LDPC decoding parameters with both soft- and hard-inputs in 50G-PON. We also derive the mean number of decoder iterations per received optical power over 25 km SSMF.

08:00 -- 10:00

Rooms 211-212

W1G • Light-Source, QD and Comb

Presider: Wei Shj; Université Laval, Canada

W1G.1 • 08:00

Feedback-Controlled Frequency Comb in Quantum Dot Lasers, Wenlu Wang¹, Shihao Ding², Zihao Wang^{3,4}, Ting Wang^{3,4}, Bo Yang^{3,4}, Jianjun Zhang^{3,4}, Xiaochuan Xu¹, Heming Huang⁵, Frédéric Grillot⁵, Jianan Duan¹; ¹*National Key Laboratory of Laser Spatial Information, School of Integrated Circuits, Harbin Inst. of Technology, China*; ²*College of Integrated Circuits and Optoelectronic Chips, Shenzhen Technology Univ., China*; ³*Beijing National Laboratory for*

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Condensed Matter Physics, Inst. of Physics, Chinese Academy of Sciences, China; ⁴*Center of Materials Science and Optoelectronic Engineering, Univ. of Chinese Academy of Sciences, China;* ⁵*Telecom Paris, Institut Polytechnique de Paris, France.* In this work, a fourth-order 100 GHz colliding-pulse mode-locked quantum dot laser was used to achieve dynamic control over frequency-modulated combs and amplitude-modulated combs and pulse width reduction through external optical feedback.

W1G.2 • 08:15

Ultra-Stable Broadband Comb Laser with Tunable Free Spectral Range, Bahareh Marzban¹, Tobias Blatter¹, Lucius Miller¹, Laurenz Kulmer¹, Killian Keller¹, Mathieu Bertrand¹, Alexander Dikopoltsev¹, Giacomo Scallari¹, Juerg Leuthold¹, Jerome Faist¹; ¹*ETH Zurich, Switzerland.* We demonstrate a novel broadband 1.6THz comb that enables dynamic adjustment of the repetition rate up to 17 GHz, achieving exceptional stability with a 1Hz RF linewidth and supporting data transmission up to 64GBaud QPSK.

W1G.3 • 08:30 (Invited)

Multi-Wavelength Quantum Dot Comb Lasers, Alan Y. Liu¹, Michael Davenport¹, Justin Norman¹, Szilard Szoke¹, Kaiyin Feng¹, Boju Gai¹, Michael Belt¹, Yujie Xia¹, Brian Koch¹; ¹*Quintessent Inc., USA.* Scalable and reliable interconnect solutions are needed to meet the demands of AI clusters and accelerated datacenters. Quintessent is developing efficient and reliable multiwavelength quantum dot lasers for low cost, high bandwidth density DWDM sources.

W1G.4 • 09:00

Flat-top Electro-Optic Frequency Comb Using a Single Modulator and Drive on Thin-Film Lithium Niobate, Gengxin Chen¹, Ziliang Ruan¹, Liu Liu¹; ¹*Zhejiang Univ., China.* We demonstrate a flat-top electro-optic frequency comb using a single modulator on the thin-film lithium niobate, featuring low optical loss and wide optical bandwidth. A double-pass configuration with similar comb performance is also introduced.

W1G.5 • 09:15

Widely Tunable InP-on-Silicon Lasers Based on the Micro-Transfer Printing of Double-Ridge Coupons, Yang Liu¹, Chen Ye¹, Laurens Bogaert¹, Emadreza Soltanian¹, Evangelia Delli¹, Guy Lepage², Peter Verheyen², Joris Van Campenhout², Günther Roelkens¹, Jing Zhang¹; ¹*Gent Univ., Belgium;* ²*IMEC, Belgium.* We demonstrate the micro-transfer printing of III-V double-ridge active devices onto silicon photonics, realizing an integrated tunable laser with over 45 nm tuning range and 5 mW waveguide-coupled output power.

W1G.6 • 09:30

Tunable Quantum Dot Lasers Monolithically Integrated with Silicon Photonics Rings and DBR Gratings, Rosalyn Koscica¹, Alec Skipper², Bei Shi^{2,3}, Kaiyin Feng², Andrew Netherton², Gerald Leake⁴, David Hame⁴, Jonathan Klamkin^{2,3}, John E. Bowers^{1,2}; ¹*Materials Department, Univ. of California Santa Barbara, USA;* ²*Inst. for Energy Efficiency, Univ. of California Santa Barbara, USA;* ³*Aeluma, Inc., USA;* ⁴*RF SUNY Polytechnic Inst., USA.* O-band quantum dot lasers are monolithically integrated on silicon photonics using MOCVD/MBE growth and a facet fill approach to reduce waveguide coupling loss below 6 dB. Lasers achieve ring resonator coupling and single-mode lasing.

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W1G.7 • 09:45

High-Power and Narrow Linewidth SOA-Integrated DFB Laser for 400-mW Class External Laser Sources, Daisuke Inoue^{2,1}, Konosuke Aoyama², Takashi Matsui², Shinya Iizaka², Shigenori Toyoshima², Shinsuke Yanagida², Kotaro Hoshino², Naoki Fujiwara¹, Daisei Shoji², Harold Kamisugi²; ¹*Sumitomo Electric Industries, LTD., Japan*; ²*Sumitomo Electric Device Innovations, Inc., Japan*. We demonstrate an over 500 mW (at 45°C) operation of 1.3 μm SOA-integrated DFB laser with reduced thermal resistance. The device exhibits single-mode operation with SMSR of over 50dB and narrow linewidth below 200 kHz.

08:00 -- 10:00

Rooms 213-214

W1H • Optical Wireless Communication (OWC)

Presider: Bernhard Schrenk; Austrian Institute of Technology, Austria

W1H.1 • 08:00 (Invited)

Beam-Steered Optical Wireless Communication, Eduward Tangdiongga¹; ¹*Technische Universiteit Eindhoven, Netherlands*. Optical wireless communication employing narrow but steerable laser beams is an emerging technology to realize high-capacity indoor communications, given robust beam pointing and advanced transceivers. We discuss a prototype system and present results from a typical indoor wireless link.

W1H.2 • 08:30

Reconfigurable Networks for Indoor Optical Wireless Communications Using Polarization-Controlled Dual-Function Metasurfaces, Xinda Yan¹, Zhiyu Chen¹, Jianou Huang^{1,2}, Eduward Tangdiongga¹; ¹*Eindhoven Univ. of Technology, Netherlands*; ²*Hangzhou Wenmi Xinguang Technology Development Co., Ltd, China*. We designed and fabricated metasurfaces acting as a Dammann vortex grating or a mirror at two orthogonal polarizations. The metasurface concurrently supports both optical MUX/DEMUX and routing, paving the way for reconfigurable indoor OWC networks.

W1H.3 • 08:45

Auto-Aligned Optical Wireless Communication System with Wide Field and Ultra-low Loss, Jin T. Mei¹, Haoran Fang¹, Haoran Xiao¹, Yansheng Zou¹, Yifei Zhu¹, Jiacheng Yan¹, Xiaoxiao Dai¹, Qi Yang¹, Chen Liu¹; ¹*School of Optical and Electronic Information, Huazhong Univ. of Science and Technology, China*. We introduce an auto-aligned optical wireless communication system by measuring and compensating for lateral and angular misalignments between transceivers, achieving a maximum link loss of 5.7 dB within a full-angle field of 70° × 45°.

W1H.4 • 09:00 (Tutorial)

Future Perspectives on Optical Wireless Communication – Optical Beam Shaping, Multiple Access and Integration, Chi-Wai Chow¹; ¹*National Yang Ming Chiao Tung Univ., Taiwan*. The tutorial covers the recent advances and future perspectives in optical-wireless-communication (OWC) technology, from devices, systems to applications. Particular focuses will be placed on optical beam shaping, beam steering, and photonic integration.

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10:30 -- 12:30

Room 303

W2A • Posters Session I

W2A.1

Wafer Scale TFLN Platform Exhibiting 0.1 dB/cm Single Mode Propagation Loss, Liming Lv¹, Bingzhou Hong¹, Shaobo Fang², Ruoyu Shen², Yunkai Yu², Ying Wang¹, Yue Zhou¹, Haiwen Cai^{1,3}, Wei Chu¹; ¹Zhangjiang Lab, China; ²School of Information Science and Technology, Fudan Univ., China; ³Shanghai Shanghai Inst. of Optics and Fine Mechanics, Chinese Academy of Sciences, China. Wafer scale thin film lithium niobate platform was demonstrated based on deep ultraviolet photolithography. The average single mode propagation loss is 0.23 dB/cm at 1550 nm with standard deviation of 0.07 dB/cm. A 0.1 dB/cm level single mode propagation loss was measured at 1576 nm.

W2A.2

Enhancement of RF Performance of 128-Gbaud Lumped EML Submodule Utilizing LC Resonance With Capacitive Wire-Bonding Pad, Seokjun Yun^{1,2}, Young-Tak Han¹, Dong-Hoon Lee¹, Dong-Hyo Lee¹, Seo-Young Lee¹, Young-Kyu Choi¹, Jang-Uk Shin¹, Sang-Ho Park¹, Hoon Kim², Yongsoon Baek¹; ¹Photonics/Wireless Devices Research Division, Electronics and Telecommunications Research Inst., Korea (the Republic of); ²School of Electrical Engineering, Korea Advanced Inst. of Science and Technology, Korea (the Republic of). We report on a high-bandwidth (>67 GHz) lumped EML submodule obtained by utilizing an LC resonance effect in conjunction with a capacitive wire-bonding pad for enhanced RF performances, enabling 128-Gbaud PAM-4 and PAM-6 operations experimentally.

W2A.3

Silicon Photonics for Harsh Environments, Jan Troska¹, Daniele Alfiero^{1,2}, Sophie Baron¹, Mateusz Baszczyk¹, Stefan Biereigel¹, Stephane Detraz¹, Adam Klekotko¹, Szymon Kulis¹, Francesco Martina¹, Paulo Moreira¹, Lauri Olanterä¹, Carmelo Scarcella¹, Christophe Sigaud¹, Csaba Soos¹; ¹CERN, Switzerland; ²Univ. of Birmingham, UK. We report the qualification of Silicon Photonics technology for deployment in the low temperature and high radiation environments of high energy physics experiments. This work is also applicable to satellite communications systems.

W2A.4

Underwater Visible Optical Wireless Broadcasting Communications Enabled by Beam-Steering Liquid Crystal Metasurface, Chao Yang¹, Zichen Liu², Yuhan Gong¹, Mian Wu¹, Ming Luo¹, Lin Wu¹, Chao Li², Xi Xiao³, Zhixue He², Jin Tao¹, Shaohua Yu²; ¹CICT, China; ²Peng Cheng Laboratory, China; ³National Information Optoelectronics Innovation Center, China. Assisted by a liquid crystal metasurface enabling 3x3 beam-steering with 3°x3° field-of-view, 2.7-Gb/s OOK point-to-multi-point low-cost and high-efficiency optical wireless communication over 2.5-meter water tank at 532-nm is successfully demonstrated employing only linear equalization.

W2A.5

An 8-Channel Optical Selective Switch for Polarization and Wavelength Multiplexed Optical Fiber Networks, Zengqi Chen¹, Wu Zhou¹, Yeyu Tong¹; ¹Hong Kong Univ of Sci & Tech (Guangzhou), China. We present an 8-channel chip-based selective switch designed for

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polarization- and wavelength-multiplexed fiber communication systems. The compact photonic chip, measuring $1.3 \times 0.48 \text{ mm}^2$, is fully reconfigurable and can handle randomly polarized light from optical fibers.

W2A.6

Withdrawn

W2A.7

Progress Towards Standardized Thin Film Lithium Niobate (TFLN) Photonic Integrated Circuits (PICs), Hamed Sattari¹, Alberto Della Torre¹, Arno Mettraux¹, Dorian Herle¹, Homa Zarebidaki¹, Jacopo Leo¹, Florian Dubois¹, Ivan Prieto¹, Olivier Dubochet¹, Michel Despont¹; ¹*Centre Suisse d'Electronique et de Micro, Switzerland*. We present advancements in our TFLN PIC foundry, highlighting waveguides, modulators, and edge couplers, alongside platform standardization. Multiple technology nodes support a range of functionalities, promising for robust building blocks for improved performance and scalability.

W2A.8

Advancements in LPCVD SiN Waveguides: Achieving 3 dB/m Propagation Loss on 200 mm Wafers, Onur Ozdemir¹, Tangla D. Kongnyuy¹, Nga P. Pham¹, Roelof Jansen¹, Mathias Prost¹, Joost Brouckaert¹, Philippe Helin¹; ¹*imec, Belgium*. We demonstrate low-loss LPCVD silicon nitride waveguides on 200 mm wafers with propagation losses reaching as low as 3 dB/m at 1550 nm; with combined improvements in fabrication process; enhancing the current silicon nitride platform of imec.

W2A.9

Asymmetric Bridged Coupler-Based Polarization Beam Splitter on Thin-Film Lithium Niobate Platform, Yu He¹, Yuhan Du¹, Zijian Pu¹, Hua Zhong¹, Yikai Su¹; ¹*Shanghai Jiao Tong Univ., China*. We demonstrate a compact polarization beam splitter on an x-cut thin-film lithium niobate platform. The device exhibits polarization extinction ratios exceeding 9.16 dB and insertion losses below 1.77 dB in a 60-nm operation wavelength range.

W2A.10

Photonic Crystal Fiber Metalens With Planar Chiral Units for Arbitrary Polarization Focusing, Yue Wang¹, Jiaqi Qu¹, Li Wang¹, Chengwei Qiu², Changyuan Yu¹; ¹*Department of Electrical and Electronic Engineering, the Hong Kong Polytechnic Univ., Hong Kong*; ²*Department of Electrical and Computer Engineering, National Univ. of Singapore, Singapore*. We propose a photonic crystal fiber metalens using planar chiral units. These chiral units introduce a new degree of freedom for metasurface, enabling arbitrary polarization focusing through integration with the Pancharatnam-Berry (PB) phase.

W2A.11

Efficient Resonance Seeking Algorithm for High-Order Ring-Assisted Mach-Zehnder Interferometer Calibration, Qishen Liang¹, Zichao Zhao¹, Haoran Ma¹, Bin Zhang^{1,2}, Yuehai Wang¹, Jianyi Yang¹; ¹*Zhejiang Univ., China*; ²*Zhejiang Lab, China*. We propose an efficient calibration algorithm for high-order RMZIs and experimentally demonstrate it with a fabricated RMZI chip. This approach achieves $<4^\circ$ phase error within 20 iterations, which verifies its feasibility in DWDM application.

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W2A.12

A Spot-Size-Converter for O-Band Standard Single Mode Fiber with Sub-Decibel Coupling Loss, Min Teng¹, Hao Wu¹, Ruiqiong Yang¹, Xiangwei Zeng¹, Feng Wang¹, Ning Cheng¹, Xuezhe Zheng¹; ¹*Innolight Technology, China*. An O-band SiN edge coupler for standard single-mode fiber coupling without undercut is proposed. It experimentally demonstrates a 0.8 dB/facet worst-case fiber coupling loss and -31 dB back reflection over the entire O band.

W2A.13

Experimental Verification of LR-8 Silicon-Nanowire-Based Optical Demultiplexer for 400 GbE and Beyond in MDCs, Seok-Hwan Jeong¹, Heuk Park², Joon Ki Lee²; ¹*The Univ. of Suwon, Korea (the Republic of)*; ²*Electronics and Telecommunications Research Inst., Korea (the Republic of)*. We present LR-8 silicon-nanowire-based flat-topped demultiplexer for high-bandwidth interconnects. By band rejection filtering based on discrete path length control and integrated extra filters, we experimentally demonstrated non-periodic flat-topped LR-8 spectra for the first time.

W2A.14

Dispersion Engineering of Integrated Si₃N₄ Fabry-Perot Bragg Gratings, Masoud Heidari¹, Yang Zhang¹, Mario Dagenais¹; ¹*Univ. of Maryland, USA*. This study demonstrates that optimizing the grating design of Fabry-Perot Bragg Gratings can offset material and waveguide dispersion, ensuring a constant free spectral range (FSR) across modes, which is important for many applications.

W2A.15

Silicon 6.4 Tb/s Micro-Ring Modulator Array Chip with Wavelength Multiplexed and Port Multiplexed for Optical Interconnect, Gangqiang Zhou¹, Chi Lu¹, Penghui Xia¹, Liangjun Lu², Qiang Zhang¹, Wanshu Xiong¹, Na Zhang¹, Kun Yin¹, Hui Yu¹; ¹*Zhejiang Lab, China*; ²*Shanghai Jiao Tong Univ., China*. We demonstrate a silicon micro-ring modulator array chip with eight-wavelength multiplexed and four-port multiplexed. All micro-ring modulators can support 100 Gb/s OOK /PAM4 modulation and 200 Gb/s PAM4 modulation. The total transmit data rate can be 6.4 Tb/s.

W2A.16

Strong Bandwidth Enhancement of Zn-Diffusion Single-Mode 850 nm VCSEL Transmission Over Graded-Index Single-Mode Fiber, Zhe-Wei Hsu¹, Xin Chen², Jian-Wei Tung¹, Chia-Hsuan Wang², Dong Hao², Po-Jui Lai¹, Adil Muhammad¹, Ming-Jun Li², Jin-Wei Shi¹; ¹*National Central Univ., Taiwan*; ²*Corning Incorporated, USA*. Strong O-E bandwidth enhancement (26 to 31GHz) of single-mode 850nm Zn-diffusion VCSEL via 1km graded-index single-mode fiber transmission is demonstrated. Error-free 48Gbit/sec transmission is achieved under low bias current as 4 mA without using equalizers.

W2A.17

Ultrafast Waveguide MUTC Photodiode Targeting Over 200 GBaud Applications at 1310 nm and 1550 nm, Linze Li¹, Tianyu Long¹, Zhouze Zhang¹, Luyu Wang¹, Baile Chen¹; ¹*School of Information Science and Technology, ShanghaiTech Univ., China*. We demonstrate a waveguide integrated modified uni-traveling carrier (MUTC) photodiode designed for optical interconnects exceeding 200 Gbaud. It features an ultra-wide bandwidth over 170 GHz, with

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responsivities of 0.52 A/W at 1550 nm and 0.35 A/W at 1310 nm.

W2A.18

Uniform Monolithically Integrated Silicon Photonics Optical Receiver Chip for CWDM4, Jin Xie¹, Hengzhen Cao¹, Yuluan Xiang¹, Dajian Liu¹, Daoxin Dai¹; ¹*Zhejiang Univ., China*. We proposed a monolithic high-speed optical receiver chip for CWDM4. It integrates an edge coupler, 4-channel add-drop optical filters based on cascaded CMWGs with gradually changing triangular tooth waveguide width and Ge/Si APDs. This design is fabricated by commercial 180-nm SOI CMOS technology, and exhibited outstanding uniformity.

W2A.19

Low-Noise Hybrid Three-Five/Si₃N₄ Laser with a Fast Wavelength Switching Range of 21 nm, Yilin Wu¹, Shuai shao¹, Sigang Yang¹, Hongwei Chen¹, Minghua Chen¹; ¹*Tsinghua Univ., China*. We report a hybrid integrated three-five/Si₃N₄ laser achieving a record 21.35-nm wavelength switching range in the C-band with a switching time below 4 μ s, and its intrinsic linewidth reaches a sub-10-Hz level.

W2A.20

Highly Efficient EML With SOA for 50G PON Application, Yifan Jiang¹, Wolfgang Parz¹, Yee Low¹, Nathan Bickel¹, Kemo Ran¹, Eva Huang¹, Luke Dewalt¹, Robert Boeck¹; ¹*MACOM Technology Solutions, USA*. An efficient SOA-integrated EML is developed and demonstrated for 50G PON OLT downstream application. This EML uses identical epitaxial layers for laser, electrol-absorption modulator (EAM), and SOA sections, which greatly simplifies fabrication complexity and cost.

W2A.21

Tapered-Hybrid Bend, Interior-Ridge Modulator and Filter Supporting Tbps-Scale Links, Kaylx Jang¹, Asher Novick^{2,1}, Robert Parsons¹, Keren Bergman¹; ¹*Columbia Univ., USA*; ²*Xscape Photonics, USA*. We demonstrate a novel interior-ridge modulator and filter based off a tapered-hybrid bend capable of Tbps-scale DWDM links, enabled by an FSR=37.5 nm, ILoff=0.025 dB, and 1.3 nm/mW filter thermal tuning efficiency.

W2A.22

Lifetime Model for Enabling Reliable InGaAs/GaAs Nano-Ridge Lasers Monolithically Integrated on 300 mm Silicon, Ping-Yi Hsieh^{1,2}, Artemisia Tsiara², Barry O'Sullivan², Sara El Akel³, Huseyin Sar², Debi P. Panda², Peter Swekis², Didit Yudistira², Bernardette Kunert², Joris Van Campenhout², Ingrid De Wolf^{1,2}; ¹*KU Leuven, Belgium*; ²*IMEC, Belgium*; ³*Grenoble INP - Phelma, France*. A lifetime model is presented to study the diffusion-driven gradual degradation and the recombination-enhanced rapid failure in monolithic InGaAs/GaAs-on-Si nano-ridge lasers induced by high current density at p-contacts. Design guidelines are provided for improving reliability.

W2A.23

Programmable Microring Modulators with High Extinction Ratio and Tunable Quality Factor, Hamed Shams Mousavi¹, Saeed Fatholouloumi¹, Paul Martin¹, Calvin Ma¹, Kelly Magruder², Adam Bowles², Jeffrey Driscoll¹; ¹*Integrated Photonics Solutions, Intel Corporation, USA*; ²*Silicon Photonics Development and Manufacturing, Intel Corporation, USA*. We present a novel programmable microring modulator with forward-biased PIN segment to compensate for

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fabrication variability. We show repeatable extinction ratios >30dB and the ability to reliably target loaded quality factors for controlling modulator bandwidth.

W2A.24

1.5 Terabit/s IM/DD Transmission with Kerr Soliton Frequency Comb for DCI

Application, Lakshmi Narayanan Venkatasubramani¹, Ahmed Galib Reza¹, Cagri Ozdilek², Timofey Shpakovsky², Maxim Karpov², John D. Jost², Liam P. Barry¹; ¹*Dublin City Univ., Ireland*; ²*Enlightra, Switzerland*. We experimentally demonstrate 1.575 Terabit/s aggregated transmission rate with 75 Gb/s/λ on-off keying signal employing a dissipative Kerr soliton optical frequency comb. The system is scalable to provide multi-Terabit/s optical interconnects.

W2A.25

Electro-Optically Tuned Multi-Channel Interference Laser with Rear-Emission for Rapid Wavelength Switching

Jiajun Lou¹, Quanan Chen², Zifeng Chen¹, Qiaoyin Lu¹, Weihua Guo¹; ¹*Huazhong Univ. of Science and Technology, China*; ²*NingBo Ori-Chip Optoelectronics Tech. Co. LTD, China*. Monolithic multi-channel interference widely-tunable lasers with an integrated rear-emission structure for fast wavelength switching have been developed. The laser demonstrates a tuning-range >48nm, output power >40mW, ~50% improvement in slope-efficiency and a wavelength switching-time <100ns.

W2A.26

Integrated Compact Optical Vortex Beam Modulators, Huajie Wan¹, Kang Li¹, Yunlong Li¹, Shuang Zheng¹, Jian Wang¹, Minming Zhang¹; ¹*Huazhong uni of Science and Technology, China*. We demonstrate the first silicon integrated compact modulators capable of generating a vortex beam carrying adjustable orbital angular momentum with a EO bandwidth of 27 GHz, a smallest radius of 4.75 micrometers.

W2A.27

Temperature Effect on the Correlation Between Cores in a 7-Core Fiber, Yifan Liu^{1,2}, Mikael Mazur³, Lauren Dallachiesa³, Nazanin Hoghooghi², Takuma Nakamura^{1,2}, Franklyn Quinlan^{1,2}, Nicolas K. Fontaine³; ¹*Department of Physics, Univerisity of Colorado Boulder, USA*; ²*Time and Frequency Division, National Inst. of Standards and Technology, USA*; ³*Nokia Bell Labs, USA*. We investigate the change in phase correlations between individual cores of a 40 km-long 7-core optical fiber under continuously varying temperatures, showing that relative path length changes among most cores are less than $10^{-8}/^{\circ}\text{C}$.

W2A.28

Ultra-Wideband and Low DMG Four-Mode-Group TDFA Based on Hybrid-Mode

Pumping, Chaoya Shan¹, Hu Zhang¹, Jiaqi Wang¹, Nan Cui¹, Lixia Xi¹, Xiaoguang Zhang¹; ¹*Beijing Univ. of Posts and Telecomm, China*. We propose a four-mode-group thulium-doped fiber amplifier (TDFA) operating within the 1720-2000 nm waveband with a differential mode gain (DMG) below 3.7 dB by implementing hybrid-mode pumping scheme and particle swarm optimization.

W2A.29

Low-Loss Photonic Circuits Fabricated on Antimony Trisulphide on Thin-Film Lithium

Niobate Towards Nonlinear-Optic Applications, Yaqi Liu¹, Tian Shu¹, Lutong Cai¹, Lin Zhang¹; ¹*Tianjin Univ., China*. We demonstrate low-loss waveguide (0.9 dB/cm) with strong

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nonlinearity of $n_2 = 5.11 \times 10^{-14} \text{ cm}^2/\text{W}$ fabricated on antimony trisulphide on thin-film lithium niobate. The group velocity dispersion is theoretically investigated.

W2A.30

Detection of Fiber Macro-Bending Anomalous Events in Operator Networks, Petros Ramantanis², Sébastien Bigo², Fabien Boitier², Armen Aghasaryan², Camille Delezoide², Matteo Lonardi¹, Patricia Layec², Allain Legacy¹, Sylvain Chenard¹, Eliana Vercelli¹, Giovanni Bellotti¹; ¹*Nokia Corporation, France*; ²*Nokia Bell Labs, France*. We experimentally measure the specific spectral signature of strong fiber bending and propose a metric to detect strong bending events. Leveraging telemetry from a production network we report short-lived anomalies which exhibit the aforementioned signature.

W2A.31

Experimental Validation of GOSNR Estimation Using Polarization-Resolved Optical Spectrum Analysis on Metro and Long-Haul WDM Links, Steven Searcy¹, Gang He², Sorin Tibuleac¹; ¹*Adtran, USA*; ²*EXFO, Canada*. We perform diverse experimental validation of an optical spectrum analysis GOSNR estimation method, showing good agreement (typically within 0.5 dB) relative to the conventional transceiver-based method over metro and long-haul distances and two fiber types.

W2A.32

Exploring Telemetry Collection Interval and Continuity in a Six-Month Study of a Pan-European Network, Kaida Kaeval¹, Torm Järvelill¹, Jasper Müller², Marko Tikas³; ¹*Tallinn Univ. of Technology, Estonia*; ²*Adtran, Germany*; ³*Tele2 Estonia AS, Estonia*. Reliable telemetry data is the key to unlocking machine learning-based network observability. This paper discusses the collection design, content, and continuity based on a 6-month-long data collection in a live network from the operator's perspective.

W2A.33

Beyond 50 Gbps Vehicle Optical Network Utilizing WDM Visible Light Transmission in Multi-Mode Fiber Backbone, Yunkai Wang¹, Xinyi Liu¹, Xianhao Lin¹, Jifan Cai¹, Fujie Li¹, Zhilan Lu¹, Yiqi Huang¹, Haibo Yu¹, Jiabin Ye¹, Yingjun Zhou¹, Nan Chi¹; ¹*Fudan Univ., China*. We present a new approach for intra-vehicle network utilizing gratings and WDM transmission over a 5m MMF link. Neural network is employed for post equalization to achieve 50.26 Gbps using five different wavelengths.

W2A.34

Machine Learning for QoT Estimation to Adapt to Non-Uniform or Unknown Parameters, Jinming Chen¹, Maite Brandt-Pearce¹; ¹*Univ. of Virginia, USA*. When faced with unknown and non-uniform physical parameters in networks, we employ a DNN to predict the OSNR by incorporating them into input features, enhancing the prediction accuracy of existing models by over 1.5 dB.

W2A.35

Control and Monitoring of IPoWDM Networks with Pluggable EDFAs, Andrea Sgambelluri¹, Francesco Paolucci², Bashar Ali², Piero Castoldi¹, Filippo Cugini²; ¹*Scuola Superiore Sant'Anna, Italy*; ²*CNIT, Italy*. An innovative control and monitoring system operating within IPoWDM nodes equipped with pluggable EDFAs is demonstrated. The system enables effective correlation of

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monitored data and fast transmission parameter adaptation without requiring complex control plane interactions.

W2A.36

Photonic Chip with Embedded Data Center Fabric, Jose Castro¹, Bulent Kose¹, Robert Reid¹, Yu Huang¹, Brett Lane¹, Simon Gross², Michael Withford²; ¹*Panduit Corp, USA*; ²*Modular Photonics, Australia*. We demonstrate 3D direct laser-written photonic integrated circuits for deployment of folded CLOS topologies in data center networks. Optical characterization includes losses, crosstalk, spectral responses, and traffic at 400Gbps.

W2A.37

Integrated Optoelectronic Ising Machine Based on Silicon Photonics, Ziyao Zhang¹, Guanyu Chen¹, Yuan Gao², Wujie Fu², Soon Thor Lim³, Anil Prabhakar⁴, Aaron Danner², Tao Zhu¹; ¹*Chongqing Univ., China*; ²*National Univ. of Singapore, Singapore*; ³*Inst. of High Performance Computing, A*STAR, Singapore*; ⁴*Indian Inst. of Technology Madras, India*. We demonstrate an integrated optoelectronic Ising machine for combinatorial optimization problems by integrating silicon modulators and germanium photodetectors. A 100-spin MAXCUT problem with square lattice graph is successfully solved by the proposed Ising chip.

W2A.38

Photonic Three-Dimensional Tensor Convolution Operation Based on Time-Wavelength Interleaved Frequency Synthesis Technology, Jiayuan Guo¹, Wenjia Zhang¹, Jiang Yue¹, Jiangbing Du¹, Zuyuan He¹; ¹*Shanghai Jiao Tong Univ., China*. We propose an integrated photonic three-dimensional tensor convolution accelerator by time-wavelength interleaved frequency synthesis technology, achieving the extraction of three-dimensional CT edge information with 1K resolution @15 FPS and a PSNR of 24 dB.

W2A.39

Single-Shot Matrix-Matrix Multiplication Optical Processor for Deep Learning, Chao Luan¹, Ronald Davis¹, Dirk R. Englund¹, Ryan Hamerly¹; ¹*RLE, MIT, USA*. We demonstrate a space-wavelength-time multiplexed optical tensor processor based on the chromatic dispersion of free-space diffraction grating. Parallel matrix-matrix multiplication with 64 MACs/shot and 8-bits precision over 7 wavelengths was demonstrated for accurate image classification.

W2A.40

Photonic KAN: a Kolmogorov-Arnold Network Inspired Efficient Neuromorphic Accelerator, Yiwei Peng¹, Sean Hooten¹, Xinling Yu¹, Thomas V. Vaerenbergh¹, Yuan Yuan¹, Xian Xiao¹, Bassem Tossoun¹, Stanley Cheung¹, Marco Fiorentino¹, Raymond G. Beausoleil¹; ¹*Hewlett Packard Enterprise, USA*. We propose Photonic Kolmogorov-Arnold Networks, leveraging optical nonlinear transfer functions along edges. It achieves 2300x reduction in footprint-energy efficiency, alongside a 7x reduction in latency compared to previous photonic accelerators.

W2A.41

PipSwitch: A Circuit Switch Using Programmable Integrated Photonics, Eric Ding¹, Rachee Singh¹; ¹*Cornell Univ., USA*. We present an optical circuit switch design on programmable integrated photonics (PIPs). Our solution finds the correct and optimal set of

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matchings that provides all-to-all network connectivity and demonstrates scalability to 32 ports.

W2A.42

Enabling Scalable Photonic Tensor Cores with Polarization-Domain Photonic Computing,

Amin Shafiee¹, Linhong Chen², Sudeep Pasricha¹, Jie Yao², Mahdi Nikdast¹; ¹*Colorado State Univ., USA*; ²*Department of Materials Science and Engineering, Univ. of California at Berkeley, USA*. We present a silicon-photonic tensor core using 2D ferroelectric materials to enable wavelength- and polarization domain computing. Results, based on experimentally characterized material properties, show up to 83% improvement in computation accuracy compared to coherent networks.

W2A.43

Optically Interconnected Disaggregated Datacenters in Support of ML/AI Applications: A Failure Analysis,

Albert Pagès¹, Fernando Agraz¹, Salvatore Spadaro¹; ¹*Universitat Politècnica de Catalunya, Spain*. Disaggregated datacenters are promising solutions for executing ML applications. One crucial aspect is the application resilience against infrastructure failures. We analyze application affectation and disruption rates in front of various failure patterns.

W2A.44

Digital Twin-Enabled Optical Network Channel Power Management by WSS and Booster Auto-Adjustment,

Chenyu Sun^{1,2}, Xin Yang⁴, Gabriel Charlet¹, Photios A. Stavrou³, Yvan Pointurier¹; ¹*Optical Communication Technology Lab, Paris Research Center, Huawei Technologies France SASU, France*; ²*Sorbonne Univ., France*; ³*Communication Systems Department, EURECOM, France*; ⁴*Politecnico di Milano, Italy*. With a digital twin implementing a multi-step lookahead mechanism, we experimentally demonstrate how to increase WSS adjustment margin budget for enhanced power management in optical networks.

W2A.45

Optimization of Router Cost and Consumption in a Point-to-Multipoint Metro-Core Architecture,

Polizois Soumplis^{3,1}, Konstantinos Christodoulopoulos^{3,4}, Panagiotis Kokkinos^{3,5}, Marco Quagliotti⁶, Andrea Di Giglio⁶, Antonio Napoli⁷, Mohammad Hosseini⁷, Konstantinos Yiannopoulos^{3,2}, Emmanuel Varvarigos^{3,1}; ¹*Electrical and Computer Engineering, National Technical Univ. of Athens, Greece*; ²*Informatics and Telecommunications, Univ. of the Peloponnese, Greece*; ³*Inst. of Communications and Computer Systems, Greece*; ⁴*Informatics and Telecommunications, National and Kapodistrian Univ. of Athens, Greece*; ⁵*Digital Systems, Univ. of the Peloponnese, Greece*; ⁶*TIM-Telecom Italia S.p.A., Italy*; ⁷*Infinera, Germany*. We study the router cost and power consumption in a light-tree based architecture with coherent point-to-multipoint (P2MP) transceivers. Significant savings are expected compared to existing P2MP approaches due to router consolidation deeper in the metro-core.

W2A.46

Quantifying the Operational Benefits of Deep Learning Based Dynamic Traffic Prediction Using Real-World Dataset,

Dimitris Uzunidis¹, Christos Christofidis¹, Ivan De Francesca², Jose Manuel Rivas Moscoso², David Larrabeiti³, Josep Maria Fàbrega⁴, Dan M. Marom⁵, Ioannis Tomkos¹; ¹*Univ. of Patras, Greece*; ²*Telefónica, Spain*; ³*Universidad Carlos III de Madrid, Spain*; ⁴*Centre Tecnologic de Telecomunicacions de Catalunya, Spain*; ⁵*Hebrew Univ. of Jerusalem, Israel*. A convolutional neural network is trained using real-world data, for dynamic prediction of the required transceivers supporting 6G X-haul, leading to 20% and 16% lower

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average transceiver utilization over static and semi-static cases, respectively.

W2A.47

A Parallel Multi-Grid High-Degree OXC Node Architecture Based on Partial-WSS in a Scaling Multi-Fiber Network, Bojun Zhang¹, Jiawei Zhang¹, Zeshan Chang², Ruishan Chen², Zhiqun Gu¹, Ruikun Wang¹, Yongcheng Li³, Yuefeng Ji¹; ¹*Beijing Univ. of Posts and Telecommunications, China*; ²*Huawei Technologies Co., Ltd., China*; ³*Soochow Univ., China*. We propose a parallel multi-grid OXC node architecture based on partial-WSS to achieve the high-degree non-blocking connectivity in a scaling multi-fiber optical network, which reduces 70% bandwidth blocking ratio and 71.4% port counts of WSS.

W2A.48

Optical Transport Network Optimization Supporting Integrated Sensing and Communication Services, Markos Anastasopoulos¹, Jesus Gutierrez Teran², Anna Tzanakaki¹; ¹*National and Kapodistrian Univ. of Athens, Greece*; ²*IHP, Germany*. This paper proposes and experimentally validates an architecture exploiting an optical transport network interconnecting Radio Access Network and core domains, to facilitate joint support of sensing and communication services in accordance with the 6G vision.

W2A.49

Energy-Efficient Routing Based on Satellite-Ground Station Coordination in LEO Optical Satellite Networks, Cui Zijian¹; ¹*Beijing Univ. of Posts and Telecommunications, China*. A collaborative energy-efficient routing algorithm reduces excessive power consumption of satellites in shadow regions in LEO optical networks, decreasing life consumption of heavily loaded satellites by 29.7% compared to conventional methods.

W2A.50

Autonomous Blocking Method Addressing Rogue User Terminals by Exploiting Photonic Gateway in Metro/Access Converged All-Photonics Network, Shin Kaneko¹, Yasutaka Kimura¹, Junichi Kani¹, Tomoaki Yoshida¹; ¹*NTT Corporation, Japan*. We propose an autonomous method that blocks incorrect wavelengths from customer premises to metro/access-converged all-photonics network without adding special components, and demonstrate detection and shutdown in 18s, which is sufficiently short for initial optical-path setup.

W2A.51

200 Gb/s/λ OOK PON Within Only 50 GHz Bandwidth Enabled by Spectrum Compression Filter Achieving 32 dB Power Budget, Chao Yang², Chao Li¹, Yuhan Gong², Ming Luo², Jin Tao², Zichen Liu¹, Zhixue He¹; ¹*Pengcheng Laboratory, China*; ²*China Information Communication Technologies Group Corporation, China*. Supported by spectrum compression filter with 50 GHz effective bandwidth, 200 Gb/s OOK PON downstream transmission is successfully demonstrated with 32 dB power budget, achieving a low-cost, high-speed, high-performance solution for optical access network.

W2A.52

Fiber-WiFi Coordinated Seamless Handover and Resource Allocation for Immersive XR Collaborations Over FTTR-B, Sourav Mondal¹, Elaine Wong¹; ¹*The Univ. of Melbourne, Australia*. We propose the first resource allocation scheme that harnesses predictive bandwidth

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allocation for Fiber-To-The-Room-Business networks with seamless Fiber-WiFi coordinated handover for immersive XR collaborations while meeting 8K frame quality and ≤ 15 msec end-to-end frame latency.

W2A.53

Silicon Photonics-Based Waveband Routing for Flexible Functional Splits, Takahiro Kodama¹, Ryosuke Matsumoto², Kazuhiro Ikeda², Shu Namiki²; ¹*Kagawa Univ., Japan*; ²*National Inst. of Advanced Industrial Science and Technology, Japan*. We propose to exploit silicon photonics-based waveband routing for realizing flexible functional splits on the physical layer to maximize the performance at low-energy consumption. Key functions of waveband pass-through and add/drop were experimentally demonstrated.

W2A.54

Polarization Based Fiber Optic Sensing and Monitoring in Real-Time IM-DD Based PON, Dora van Veen¹, Kovendhan Vijayan¹, Robert Borkowski¹, Vincent Houtsma¹; ¹*Nokia Corporation, USA*. We propose a low-complexity scheme to enable polarization sensing in IM-DD based PON. We performed a detailed real-time validation of the performance for fiber infrastructure monitoring and environmental sensing use-cases.

W2A.55

First Field Trial of FTTR Wi-Fi Inter-Domain Roaming Collaboration Based on Proposed Native Management and Control Architecture, Jinglong Zhu¹, Junwei Li¹, Shan Zhang¹, Yu Zhang², Leiya Hu¹, Dechao Zhang¹; ¹*China Mobile Research Inst., China*; ²*Huawei Technologies Co., Ltd, China*. We firstly propose native management and control architecture of FTTR Wi-Fi inter-domain seamless roaming, based on which a field trial is demonstrated and the results show the performance of roaming promoting more than 100%.

W2A.56

Soil Salinity Monitoring Using Active Sensing in Distributed Fiber Optic Sensors, Steven Binder¹, Mable Fok¹; ¹*The Univ. of Georgia, USA*. Soil salinity content is monitored by embedding a distributed fiber optic sensor underneath soil and actively sensing an acoustic signal's propagation properties. The system can distinguish soil salinity levels from 0 dS/m to 8 dS/m.

W2A.57 Motion Reconstruction of an Inchworm Inspired Soft Robotic Climber Using Fiber Optic Sensors and Neural Network, Mei Yang¹, Dongliang Guo², Sheng Li², Steven Binder¹, Cole Sterck¹, Mable Fok¹; ¹*The Univ. of Georgia, USA*; ²*Univ. of Virginia, USA*. An inchworm-inspired soft robotic climber with embedded Fiber Bragg Grating (FBG) sensors has been designed and experimentally studied. Real-time motion reconstruction of the climber is achieved using FBG and Long Short-Term Memory (LSTM) neural networks.

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14:00 -- 16:00

Room 207

W3D • Photonics Enabled High Performance Computing

Presider: Mahdi Nikdast; Colorado State Univ., USA

W3D.1 • 14:00 (Invited)

Photonic Fabric for Memory and Compute Disaggregation, Subal Sahn¹, Ankur Aggarwal¹, Nadav Bergstein¹, Trung Diep¹, Jing Ding¹, Andrew Gimlett¹, Ravi Mahatme¹, Parmanand Mishra¹, Sujit Ramachandra¹, Matteo Staffaroni¹, Angelina Totovic¹, Saurabh Vats¹, Phil Winterbottom¹, Waleed Younis¹, Shifeng Yu¹, David Lazovsky¹; ¹*Celestial AI, USA*. Photonic Fabric Appliance offers a pathway to bypass the bounded memory to compute ratio found in commercially available GPUs, offering improvements in throughput, energy efficiency and latency, laying the foundation for future-proof AI hardware.

W3D.2 • 14:30

Scalable and Calibration-Free Microring Circuits Programming with Over 9-Bit Precision, Shaojie Liu¹, Tengji Xu¹, Benshan Wang¹, Dongliang Wang¹, Qiarong Xiao¹, Chaoran Huang¹; ¹*The Chinese Univ. of Hong Kong, Hong Kong*. We propose a method to program large-scale MRR circuits with minimum calibration. We experimentally achieve over 9-bit precision on a large-scale MRR array and demonstrate a photonic eigenvector and eigenvalue solver with errors of 10^{-4} .

W3D.3 • 14:45

Photonic 4D-Convolution Tensor Core Based on Micro-Ring Mesh Architecture, Jiang Yue¹, Wenjia Zhang¹, Han Wang¹, Jiayuan Guo¹, Jiangbing Du¹, Zuyuan He¹; ¹*Shanghai Jiao Tong Univ., China*. We propose a 4D-photonic convolution tensor core leveraged by the micro-ring mesh that enabling parallel batch processing and parallel multi-kernel computation. The equivalent computing power is up to 2.24 Tera-operations per second (TOPs) per second with over 90% recognition accuracy.

W3D.4 • 15:00

Experimental Demonstration of an Optical Neural PDE Solver via on-Chip PINN Training, Yequan Zhao^{1,2}, Xian Xiao¹, Antoine Descos¹, Yuan Yuan¹, Xinling Yu^{1,2}, Geza Kurczveil¹, Marco Fiorentino¹, Zheng Zhang², Raymond G. Beausoleil¹; ¹*Hewlett Packard Enterprise, USA*; ²*Univ. of California, Santa Barbara, USA*. Partial differential equation (PDE) is an important math tool in science and engineering. This paper experimentally demonstrates an optical neural PDE solver by leveraging the back-propagation-free on-photonic-chip training of physics-informed neural networks.

W3D.5 • 15:15

Photonic Analog-to-Digital Architecture for Accelerating Multiply-Accumulate Operations, Nathaniel J. Nauman¹, James Robinson¹, Yuyang Wang¹, Kaylx Jang¹, Xiang Meng¹, Keren Bergman¹; ¹*Columbia Univ., USA*. We demonstrate a 3-bit photonic analog-to-digital architecture to accelerate multiply-accumulate operations, achieving a $\pm 300\text{mV}$ buffer for 50mV steps within a 350mV range. This architecture enhances energy efficiency for near-memory computation while maintaining full digital precision.

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W3D.6 • 15:30 (Invited)

In-Memory Optical Computing with Non-Volatile Silicon Photonic Memory, Bassem

Tossoun¹, Di Liang², Stanley Cheung¹, Yuan Yuan¹, Xian Xiao¹, Yanir London¹, Bin Shi¹,

Thomas V. Vaerenbergh¹, Geza Kurczveil¹, Marco Fiorentino¹, Raymond G.

Beausoleil¹; ¹*Hewlett Packard Labs, Hewlett Packard Enterprise, USA*; ²*Electrical and Computer*

Engineering, Univ. of Michigan, USA. Research in non-volatile memory on silicon photonic

integrated circuits is advancing rapidly. We explore recent progress in this emerging area and

discuss their applications within programmable PICs for machine learning, artificial intelligence,

and quantum computing.

14:00 -- 16:00

Room 208

W3E • Optical Performance Monitoring and Longitudinal Power Monitoring

Presider: Ezra Ip; *NEC Laboratories America Inc., USA*

W3E.1 • 14:00

Demonstration of Linear and Nonlinear SNR Estimation Using a Commercial

Transponder, Vinod Bajaj¹, Fred Buchali², Fabien Boitier¹, Petros Ramantanis¹, Vahid Aref²,

Patricia Layec¹; ¹*Nokia Bell Labs, France*; ²*Nokia Solutions and Networks, Germany*. We

demonstrate linear and nonlinear SNR estimation over a commercial 130 Gbaud coherent

transponder by using received signal features. The obtained linear and nonlinear SNR

estimation error were within 0.7 dB and 1.3 dB, respectively.

W3E.2 • 14:15

Enhanced Fault Diagnosis Framework by Critical Time Data Capture, Qingyi Guo¹,

Choloong Hahn¹, Junho Chang¹, Zhiping Jiang¹; ¹*Huawei Technologies Canada, Canada*. The

fault diagnosis framework is enhanced to guarantee the capture of signal waveform at the

critical time. We demonstrate the identification and localization of sub-microsecond fault induced

by OTDR.

W3E.3 • 14:30

Visualizing Longitudinal Evolution of Forward- and Backward-Raman-Amplified Power

and Gain, Runa Kaneko¹, Takeo Sasai¹, Masanori Nakamura¹, Fukutaro Hamaoka¹, Etsushi

Yamazaki¹; ¹*NTT Network Innovation Laboratories, Japan*. We experimentally demonstrated

fiber-longitudinal power monitoring (LPM) in the signal transmission using forward- and

backward-pumped distributed Raman amplifiers. LPM visualized the effect of anomaly loss in

the link on the longitudinal Raman gain.

W3E.4 • 14:45

SNR of Fiber-Longitudinal Power Monitor, Takeo Sasai^{1,2}, Etsushi Yamazaki¹, Sze Y. Set²,

Shinji Yamashita²; ¹*NTT, Japan*; ²*The Univ. of Tokyo, Japan*. We present and experimentally

validate analytical results on the accuracy of fiber-longitudinal power monitor at arbitrary

positions. The power-profile SNR is shown to quantify the accuracy and determine the

detectable limit of loss events.

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W3E.5 • 15:00

Implementation Penalties for Nonlinear Interference Estimation with Linear Least Squares Longitudinal Power Monitoring, Lorenzo Andrenacci¹, Antonino Nespola², Stefano Straullu², Yanchao Jiang¹, Stefano Piciaccia³, Gabriella Bosco¹, Dario Piloni¹; ¹*Politecnico di Torino, Italy*; ²*LINKS Foundation, Italy*; ³*CISCO Photonics, Italy*. We investigate the practical implementation penalty of using hard-decided symbols to generate the reference signal in linear least squares longitudinal power monitoring for nonlinear interference estimation, both numerically and over a 17x65-km experimental setup.

W3E.6 • 15:15

Mitigation of Power Offset Induced by Hard-Decision-Error in Fiber Longitudinal Power Profile Estimation, Yingjie Jiang¹, Du Tang¹, Ji Luo², Yu Chen², Bofang Zheng², Yaojun Qiao¹; ¹*State Key Laboratory of Information Photonics and Optical Communications, Beijing Univ. of Posts and Telecommunications, China*; ²*B&P Laboratory, Huawei Technologies Co. Ltd., China*. We propose a fiber-nonlinearity distribution weighting-based scheme to mitigate the power offset induced by hard-decision (HD) error in least-square PPE. Experimental results demonstrate that the proposed method is as accurate as using transmitter-side (Tx) data.

W3E.7 • 15:30

Impact of BER on Longitudinal Power Profile Estimation and its Correction, Junho Chang¹, Choloong Hahn¹, Qingyi Guo¹, Zhiping Jiang¹; ¹*Huawei Technologies Canada, Canada*. We investigate the accuracy degradation of the longitudinal power profile estimation due to erroneous retrieval of reference signals in high-BER regions. A correction formula for the BER-induced power offset is derived and experimentally verified.

W3E.8 • 15:45

A Multi-Stage Method for Least-Square Based Longitudinal Power Profile Computation, Fabien Boitier¹, Alessandro Pacini^{2,1}, Alix A. May¹, Patricia Layec¹; ¹*Nokia Bell Labs, France*; ²*Scuola Superiore Sant'Anna, Italy*. We propose a multi-stage computation for longitudinal power monitoring reducing the memory footprint compared to linear least square approach. We demonstrate a power accuracy penalty lower than 0.1dB over more than 85% of link.

14:00 -- 16:00

Room 215

W3I • Radio-over-Fiber (RoF) Transmission

Presider: Simon Rommel; Technische Universiteit Eindhoven, Netherlands

W3I.1 • 14:00

Ultra-low Phase Noise Photonic-Generated Millimeter Wave to Overcome the Capacity Limitation in Electronic D-Band (110-170 GHz) Signal Generation, Zichuan Zhou¹, Amany Kassem¹, Izzat Darwazeh¹, Zhixin Liu¹; ¹*Univ. College London, UK*. We lock ultra-low-noise lasers to generate a 153-GHz millimeter-wave carrier with a record-low integrated (10Hz-10MHz) jitter of 14fs, outperforming a conventional electronic multiplier-based signal generator, resulting in >6dB sensitivity enhancement using 10GBaud 64QAM.

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W3I.2 • 14:15

Simplified FR3-Band Radio Signal Transmission with Data-Seeded Wideband Photonic RF Carrier Generation, Bernhard Schrenk¹; ¹*Austrian Inst. of Technology, Austria*. Full-octave RF generation from 7.5-15GHz with up to 12-fold frequency enhancement of a fronthauled 1.25Gb/s data harmonic is demonstrated. Upper mid-band radio transmission is accomplished without BER penalty when compared to local RF synthesis.

W3I.3 • 14:30

Demonstration of Fiber-THz Mobile Fronthaul System Over a 200 m SIMO Wireless Link Employing Phase Matching and MRC Technology, Zhifeng Xie², Bingchang Hua¹, Yuancheng Cai¹, Xiaoguang Yang², Weidong Tong², Zhigang Xin², Junjie Ding¹, Jiao Zhang^{2,1}, Mingzheng Lei¹, Yucong Zou¹, Xingyu Chen¹, Min Zhu^{2,1}, Jianjun Yu^{1,2}; ¹*Purple Mountain Laboratories, China*; ²*Southeast Univ., China*. We successfully demonstrated 32-Gbaud 4QAM signal transmission over a 200m wireless SIMO link in the fiber-terahertz mobile fronthaul system at J-Band, achieving 2.5 dB SNR gain based on phase matching and MRC technology.

W3I.4 • 14:45 (Invited)

Toward 6G: Analog Fronthaul Solutions for Mobile Networks, Rafael Puerta^{1,2}, Tianyu Jiang², Kristaps Rubuls³, Dan Li², Mahdieh Joharifar², Armands Ostrovskis³, Fabio Pittala⁴, Markus Gruen⁴, Hadrien Louchet⁴, Anders Djupsjöbacka⁵, Richard Schatz², Toms Salgals³, Sandis Spolitis³, Vjaceslavs Bobrovs³, Oskars Ozolins^{5,3}, Xiaodan Pang^{2,5}; ¹*Ericsson Research, Ericsson, Sweden*; ²*Applied Physics, KTH Royal Inst. of Technology, Sweden*; ³*Riga Technical Univ., Latvia*; ⁴*Keysight Technologies, Germany*; ⁵*RISE Research Inst.s of Sweden, Sweden*. This paper explores photonic-based analog fronthaul solutions for 6G, highlighting their effectiveness in meeting the RF requirements of standards, supporting future distributed-MIMO networks, and providing insights into prospective solutions for radios in potential 6G bands.

W3I.5 • 15:15

Continuous and Capacity-Approaching Scaling Between SNR and Spectral Efficiency Enabled by FDM Fractional-Order Digital-Analog RoF, Yicheng Xu¹, Yixiao Zhu¹, Mengfan Fu¹, Xi Chen¹, Yongxin Sun¹, Weisheng Hu¹, Qunbi Zhuge¹; ¹*Shanghai Jiao Tong Univ., China*. We propose and experimentally demonstrate a frequency-division-multiplexing fractional-order digital-analog RoF with continuous and capacity-approaching scaling between SNR and spectral efficiency. ~2 dB SNR gain per 0.25 increment in bandwidth ratio is shown in the experiment.

W3I.6 • 15:30

Demonstration of Bidirectional W-Band Seamless Fiber-Wireless Integrated System Based on Full Photonic Up- & Down-Conversions at Fiber Optic Network Side, Boyu Dong¹, Yinjun Liu¹, Zhongya Li¹, Sizhe Xing¹, Aolong Sun¹, Junhao Zhao¹, Yaxuan Li¹, Junlian Jia¹, Jianyang Shi¹, Yingjun Zhou¹, Ziwei Li¹, Chao Shen¹, Nan Chi¹, Junwen Zhang¹; ¹*Fudan Univ., China*. We propose and demonstrate a bidirectional W-band seamless fiber-wireless integrated system, utilizing all-optical up-&down-conversions at fiber optic network side, achieving the access data rates of 45.2 and 128 Gbps in UL and DL, respectively.

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W3I.7 • 15:45

Fading-Free 2.58-Tb/s/λ CPRI-Equivalent Rate Analog IFoF Fronthaul Over 10-km Fiber Using TFLN DDMZM, Yixiao Zhu^{1,3}, Xiansong Fang², Lingjun Zhou^{2,3}, Junbo Zhu³, Yunchen Li³, Yimin Hu¹, Zhixue He³, Lei Wang³, Weisheng Hu^{1,3}, Ke Li³, Fan Zhang^{2,3}; ¹*Shanghai Jiao Tong Univ., China*; ²*Peking Univ., China*; ³*Pengcheng Laboratory, China*. We demonstrate fading-free analog IFoF fronthaul with pre-dispersion compensation based on high-bandwidth and low- V_{π} thin-film LiNbO₃ dual-drive Mach-Zehnder modulator. We achieve 3.32-Tb/λ and 2.58-Tb/s/λ CPRI-equivalent rates at BTB and 10-km fiber with SNR exceeding 21.9dB.

14:00 -- 16:00

Room 301

W3J • Sensing and Protection in Access Networks

Presider: Paul Wright; *British Telecommunications, UK*

W3J.1 • 14:00

Coherent OFDR-Based Individual Fiber Identification and Event Detection Over a 21-km Passive Optical Distribution Network With a 1:32 Split, Lauren Dallachiesa¹, Mikael Mazur¹, Patrick Iannone¹, Nicolas K. Fontaine¹, Roland Ryf¹, Ellsworth Burrows¹, David T. Neilson¹; ¹*Nokia Bell Labs, USA*. We demonstrate a real-time polarization-resolved coherent OFDR system for fiber identification and event detection in a 1:32 split PON, leveraging Rayleigh signatures to uniquely identify distribution fibers and events enabling monitoring beyond the passive splitter.

W3J.2 • 14:15 (Invited)

Accelerating Distributed Fiber Optic Sensing (DFOS) Ecosystem Development in Metro and Access Networks, Jun Shan Wey¹; ¹*Verizon Communications Inc, USA*. While DFOS promises to greatly enhance optical network infrastructure OAM and create future new business opportunities, the industry ecosystem is still in its early stages. We review the ecosystem landscape and discuss standards development progress.

W3J.3 • 14:45

Wavelength and Code Orthogonality Based Distributed Acoustic Sensing Over a Passive Optical Network, Pallab K. Choudhury¹, Elie Awwad¹; ¹*Télécom Paris, IP Paris, France*. We present a wavelength and code orthogonality based DFOS enabling simultaneous sensing of all paths of a splitter-based passive optical network. Strain sensitivity of 80nm_{pp} is measured with no penalty on coexisting 10Gb/s downstream transmission.

W3J.4 • 15:00

DSP-Assisted in-Vivo Health Monitoring for ≥ 50G PON, Christoph Füllner¹, Anuj K. Yadav², Rene Bonk¹; ¹*Nokia Bell labs, Germany*; ²*École Polytechnique Fédérale de Lausanne, Switzerland*. We propose a novel in-vivo health monitoring concept for PON exploiting digital signal processing. We investigate the correlation between potential PON fault scenarios and the digitally derived link quality parameters.

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W3J.5 • 15:15

Enhancing Operational Security of Human-to-Machine Applications Through Concept Drift Detection, Xiangyu Yu¹, Carlos Natalino², Paolo Monti², Lena Wosinska², Sourav Mondal¹, Yuxiao Wang¹, Elaine Wong¹; ¹*Univ. of Melbourne, Australia*; ²*Chalmers Univ. of Technology, Sweden*. We propose a novel concept drift detection framework to detect and mitigate malicious traffic for human-to-machine applications in fiber-wireless access networks, reducing uplink latency by up to 98 % and enhancing its operational security.

W3J.6 • 15:30

Chaotic Digital Filter-Based Physical Layer Security in Seamlessly Converged Fiber-MmWave Access Networks, Jiayang He¹, Luis Vallejo¹, Wei Jin¹, Roger P. Giddings¹, Jianming Tang¹; ¹*Bangor Univ., UK*. Chaotic digital filter-based physical-layer security is experimentally demonstrated, for the first time, over 25km fiber, 5m mmWave-converged networks with free-running laser/envelope detection-based mmWave generation/detection, transmitting 1.67Gb/s encrypted signals continuously without O-E-O conversions and extensive DSPs.

W3J.7 • 15:45

650 nm LED Integrated in PON Optical Sub Assembly for Future PON

Management, Jeremy Potet¹, Georges Gaillard¹, Fabienne Saliou¹, Gael Simon¹, Aude Rodriguez¹, Dylan Chevalier¹, Philippe Chanclou¹; ¹*Orange, France*. A 50 MBit/s link based on a 650 nm LED emitter integrated in a PON optical subassembly is proposed. Transmission through up to 5 km of single mode fiber is demonstrated. Use cases like PON troubleshooting or PtP management are discussed.

14:00 -- 16:00

Room 304

W3K • Specialty Fiber Devices I

Presider: Atsushi Nakamura; NTT, Japan

W3K.1 • 14:00 (Invited)

Practical Wavelength Conversion Techniques Using Highly Nonlinear Fibers, Shigehiro Takasaka¹, Ryuichi Sugizaki¹, Masanori Takahashi¹; ¹*Furukawa Electric Co., Ltd., Japan*. We review wavelength conversion techniques using highly nonlinear fibers toward practical applications. Dispersion stable HNLFs show wideband wavelength conversion over C-band. Suppression techniques on stimulated Brillouin scattering increases conversion efficiency more than 0 dB.

W3K.2 • 14:30

Experimental Comparison of S-Band Doped Fiber Amplifier, Lumped and Distributed Raman Amplifiers in a Long-Haul Coherent Transmission, Dini Pratiwi¹, Mingming Tan¹, Pratim Hazarika¹, Aleksandr Donodin¹, Ian Phillips¹, Wlodek Forysiak¹; ¹*Aston Univ., UK*. We compare S-band long-haul transmission of 30GBaud DP-16-QAM WDM signals using TDFA, distributed Raman and three types lumped Raman amplifiers over 1050km SSMF. Distributed Raman amplifier performed the best, followed by TDFA and lumped Raman.

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W3K.3 • 14:45

Role of Dispersion Slope in Fiber Optical Parametric Amplifiers, Vladimir Gordienko¹, Andrew D. Ellis¹, Nick Doran¹; ¹*Aston Univ., UK*. We demonstrate that employment of gain fibers with low dispersion slope in fiber optical parametric amplifiers reduces the incurred error vector magnitude by up to 4.9 dB via mitigation of the impact of the pump phase modulation.

W3K.4 • 15:00

FOPA Performance Limitations Due to Pump Phase Modulation, Mariia Bastamova¹, Vladimir Gordienko¹, Stylianos Sygletos¹, Mingming Tan¹, Aleksandr Donodin¹, Nick Doran¹, Andrew D. Ellis¹; ¹*Aston Univ., UK*. Pump phase modulation, employed to mitigate stimulated Brillouin scattering in fiber optical parametric amplifiers (FOPAs), is a key source of signal degradation. We demonstrate significant potential to overcome this limitation and enable high-performance FOPA operation as an inline amplifier.

W3K.5 • 15:15

High-Isolation and Low-Crosstalk Optical-Circulator-Based 2-Core Fan-out Device, Yuta Wakayama¹, Asumi Kaya², Ikuya Saji², Shohei Beppu¹, Kosuke Komatsu¹, Daiki Soma¹, Taketoshi Takahata², Tetsuya Kobayashi², Lidia Galdino³, Kevin Bennett³, Sergejs Makovejs³, Noboru Yoshikane¹, Takehiro Tsuritani¹; ¹*KDDI Research, Japan*; ²*Optoquest, Japan*; ³*Corning, USA*. We consolidate an optical circulator and a 2-core fiber fan-out into a single device, achieving an insertion loss of 0.8 dB, with isolation exceeding 50 dB and inter-core crosstalk remaining below -65 dB.

W3K.6 • 15:30 (Invited)

Advanced Infrared Fiber Lasers and Amplifiers: Circumnavigating the Earth with All-Optical Unregenerated Lightwave Transmission, Robert E. Tench^{1,2}, Keith Petrillo³; ¹*RET and Associates LLC, USA*; ²*Principal Fiber Laser Scientist, Fibertek Inc., USA*; ³*Fibertek, USA*. We present recent designs for novel infrared fiber amplifiers in all-optical unregenerated DWDM transmission systems circumnavigating the Earth with satellite free-space and subsea fiber lightwave technologies. Practical architectures and timelines for deployment of these novel amplifiers and systems are discussed.

14:00 -- 16:00

Rooms 201-202

W3A • Advanced Packaging and Integrated Optics for Scale-Up AI Interconnects I

Presider: Juthika Basak; Advanced Micro Devices Inc, USA

W3A.1 • 14:05 (Invited)

“The Copper Behind Blackwell”: Understanding Today's Copper Scale-up Networks, Karl Bois¹; ¹*NVIDIA Corporation, USA*. This presentation will delve into leading-edge copper scale-up architectures. The historical trend of bandwidth in NVIDIA GPUs and all-to-all GPU domain will be discussed. A scale-up copper architecture utilizing state-of-the-art signaling at 200 Gbit/s per differential pair will be presented, specifically the GB200 NVL 72 rack-scale design. The discussion will cover its constitutive components, including GB200 compute nodes, NVLink switch trays, and copper cable backplane cartridges.

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W3A.2 • 14:30 (Invited)

The Paradigm Shift: Bringing Optics to AI, Vivek Raghuraman¹; ¹*Mixx Technologies, USA*. AI scale-up requires high-density interconnects matching the D2D interface bandwidth. By doubling bandwidth yearly, packaging architecture changes have become unsustainable. Silicon photonics enables scaling while maintaining consistency in packaging, providing a reliable platform for generations.

W3A.3 • 14:50 (Invited)

Optical Solutions for Scale Up, Julie Sheridan Eng¹; ¹*Coherent Corp, USA*. This talk will review optical solutions for scale up, including shortwave multi-mode VCSEL-based solutions, and Silicon Photonics-based solutions including InP lasers. The state of the art including strengths and weaknesses of each path will be reviewed.

W3A.4 • 15:10 (Invited)

Integrated Versus External Laser Sources in Pluggable and Co-Packaged Optics Applications, Sylvie Menezo¹; ¹*SCINTIL Photonics, SCINTIL Photonics, France*. We will evaluate the advantages and disadvantages of integrated laser sources on silicon: performance, power consumption, thermal aspects, ease/cost of implementation will be discussed for pluggable and co-packaged optics applications.

14:00 -- 16:00

Rooms 205-206

W3C • Multi-Core Fibers

Presider: Takashi Matsui; NTT Corporation, Japan

W3C.1 • 14:00 (Invited)

Fabrication of Multicore Fibers from Large-Scale Preforms, Kay Schuster¹, Tobias Tiess¹, Michael Lorenz¹, Martin Böttcher¹; ¹*Heraeus Comvance, Germany*. We present the scaled-up fabrication of multicore fibers (MCF) based on the drilling of large cladding cylinders. Several MCF samples are discussed with batch sizes up to 2000 fiber-km of MCF and excellent axial conformity.

W3C.2 • 14:30 (Top-Scored)

16-Core MCF With Standard-Coating-Diameter for 1,600 Gbps Data Center Communication, Shota Kajikawa¹, Ryota Kaji¹, Katsuhiko Takenaga¹, Takuya Oda¹, Kentaro Ichii¹; ¹*Fujikura Ltd., Japan*. 16-core multicore fiber with standard-coating-diameter offers a simple connectivity and a high-density optical solution for 1,600 Gbps data center communication to address the increasing bandwidth demand for generative artificial intelligence.

W3C.3 • 14:45

Macro- and Micro-Bending Performances of Uncoupled 200 μ m-Coated Multi-Core Fibers, Yuki Kawaguchi¹, Hirotaka Sakuma¹, Tetsuya Haruna¹, Tetsuya Hayashi¹, Takemi Hasegawa¹; ¹*Sumitomo Electric Industries, Ltd, Japan*. We investigate bending performances of 200 μ m-coated multi-core fibers and show the bending losses were equivalent to those of single-core fibers and the crosstalk induced by wire-mesh micro-bending was as low as -52dB@100 km in counter-propagation.

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W3C.4 • 15:00

Dual-Comb-Enabled Locating and Assessment of Splicing Points in Heterogeneous Multicore Fiber, Chen Cheng¹, Mingming Zhang¹, Zichen Qian¹, Junda Chen¹, Can Zhao¹, Ming Tang¹; ¹*Huazhong Univ. of Science and Tech., China*. We propose a dual-comb-enabled method for precise splicing point measurement in heterogeneous multicore fibers, achieving 3.34- μ m spatial resolution with 10-MHz receiving bandwidth, providing an efficient tool for future MCF splicing quality assessment concerning XT.

W3C.5 • 15:15

Locating Excess Mode-Dependent Loss in Coupled Multi-Core Fibers Based on Coherent OTDR, Jumpei Hayakawa¹, Atsushi Nakamura¹, Shingo Ohno¹, Kunihiro Toge¹; ¹*NTT, Japan*. We propose and experimentally demonstrate a novel method based on coherent optical time domain reflectometry for locating excess mode-dependent loss in coupled multi-core fibers for the first time.

W3C.6 • 15:30

Single Spectrum Cutoff Wavelength Measurement Method for Multicore Fibers, Elaine S. Chou¹, Takemi Hasegawa¹, Tetsuya Hayashi¹; ¹*Optical Communications Laboratory, Sumitomo Electric Industries, Ltd., Japan*. We propose a simplified cutoff wavelength measurement method for multicore fibers, which derives an upper bound on the maximum cutoff wavelength among the cores from a single spectral attenuation measurement employing full-mode, full-core excitation.

W3C.7 • 15:45

N × 106.25 Gb/s PAM4 Transmission Using Multicore Graded-Index Plastic Optical Fiber, Yasuhiro Koike¹, Kenta Muramoto¹; ¹*Keio Photonics Research Inst., Keio Univ., Japan*. Multicore graded-index plastic optical fibers fabricated through a single-step extrusion process are presented, demonstrating PAM4 transmission at up to 106.25 Gb/s per channel with multimode VCSELs for large-capacity parallel optical interconnects.

14:00 -- 16:00

Rooms 209-210

W3F • Switches and Control of Photonic Circuits

Presider: Takako Hirokawa; GlobalFoundries, USA

W3F.1 • 14:00

Silicon 4×4×8 λ Space-and-Wavelength Selective Optical Switch with Resonant Phase Shifters, Rui Ma¹, Lingzhi Luo¹, Chunhui Yao¹, Jing Zhang², Minjia Chen¹, Peng Bao¹, Günther Roelkens², Richard Penty¹, Qixiang Cheng¹, Tongyun Li¹; ¹*Univ. of Cambridge, UK*; ²*Ghent Univ.-imec, Belgium*. A silicon 4×4×8 λ space-and-wavelength selective optical switch in a modified dilated Banyan topology is demonstrated with Mach–Zehnder interferometers and resonant phase shifters. All 128 routing channels exhibit >30dB extinction ratio and > 60GHz passband.

W3F.2 • 14:15 (Top-Scored)

Broadband and Low-Crosstalk 2×2 Electro-Optic Switch via Micro-Transfer Printing TFLN on Si₃N₄, Jinwei Su¹, Wei Gao¹, Zekun Cui¹, Liangjun Lu^{1,2}, Kan Wu¹, Jianping Chen^{1,2}, Linjie

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Zhou^{1,2}; ¹*Shanghai Jiao Tong Univ., China*; ²*SJTU-Pinghu Inst. of Intelligent-Optoelectronics, China*. We demonstrate a 2x2 electro-optic switch based on cascaded 1x2 MZIs via micro-transfer printing TFLN on the Si₃N₄, showing a 3-dB bandwidth of >100 nm, crosstalk of <-45 dB, and response time of <3 ns.

W3F.3 • 14:30 (Tutorial)

Controlling Broadband and Resonant PICs with Many Components, Francesco Morichetti¹; ¹*Politecnico di Milano, Italy*. This tutorial provides an overview of the main building blocks for complex PICs and introduces tools for automated calibration and feedback control of reconfigurable PICs. Applications in optical communications, sensing and computing are illustrated.

W3F.4 • 15:30

Input and Output Port-Adjacent Silicon Photonics PILOSS Switch for Wafer-Scale Optical Interconnections, Siim Heinsalu¹, Ryotaro Konoike¹, Keijiro Suzuki¹, Kazuhiro Ikeda¹; ¹*National Inst. of Advanced Industria, Japan*. We propose a novel optical switch topology that dramatically simplifies the rewiring of optical waveguides to connect multiple xPU chiplets for future optical substrates. The topology was successfully demonstrated with an 8 × 8 switch.

W3F.5 • 15:45

Dilated Crosspoint 4x4x4λ Optical Switch, Ziyao Zhang¹, Bohao Sun¹, Minjia Chen¹, Rui Ma¹, Richard Penty¹, Qixiang Cheng¹, Tongyun Li¹; ¹*Univ. of Cambridge, UK*. We propose and demonstrate a novel dilated crosspoint 4x4x4λ space-and-wavelength selective switch. Experimental results reveal that the switch achieves an insertion loss ranging from 2.3dB to 8.6dB and crosstalk levels in between -35.3dB and -59.7dB.

14:00 -- 16:00

Rooms 211-212

W3G • Imaging and Shape Sensing

Presider: Abel Lorences-Riesgo; Huawei Technologies, France

W3G.1 • 14:00 (Invited)

Subsurface Monitoring and Imaging Based on DAS, Ettore Biondi^{1,2}, Jiakuan Li¹, Elijah Bird¹, Zhongwen Zhan¹; ¹*Seismological Laboratory, California Inst. of Technology, USA*; ²*Geophysics Department, Stanford Univ., USA*. We demonstrate how distributed acoustic sensing arrays deployed on existing urban telecommunication fiber can be used to perform high-resolution subsurface imaging of the Los Angeles basin by leveraging local and regional natural seismicity present in Southern California.

W3G.2 • 14:30

Fiber Shape Sensing Using a Single-Core Standard Single-Mode Fiber, Pedro Tovar¹, Jiachuan Lin¹, Zhiping Jiang¹; ¹*Huawei Technologies Canada Co., Ltd., Canada*. This work presents the first technique for fiber shape sensing using one single-core standard single-mode fiber. Experiments identified circular loops, straight paths, and spools. Potential applications are expected in fiber slack detection and manhole localization.

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W3G.3 • 14:45

Ultra-Broadband High-Speed Wavelength-Swept DFB Laser Array and Precision Fiber Bragg Grating Sensor Interrogation System, Yaqiang Fan¹, Pan Dai¹, Zhenxing Sun¹, Yuan Lv¹, Wei Yuan¹, Haolin Xia¹, Jingxuan Zhang¹, Junwei Dong¹, Jihong Xu¹, Feng Wang¹, Xiangfei Chen¹; ¹*Nanjing Univ., China*. A robust, ultra-broadband high-speed wavelength-swept DFB laser array with 60 nm range and 82.7 kHz speed enables high-precision FBG sensor interrogation, stable even in challenging environments, with potential for extensive applications in optical sensing technologies.

W3G.4 • 15:00

Ultra-Weak Fiber Bragg Grating (UWFBG) Array With 7,560 Gratings for High-Resolution Distributed Sensing, Zhengqi Sun¹, Xiangpeng Xiao¹, Yuejuan Lv¹, Hai Liu¹, Ke Ai¹, Qizhen Sun^{1,2}, Zhijun Yan^{1,2}; ¹*Huazhong Univ. of Science and Technology, China*; ²*Huazhong Univ. of Science and Technology, China*. We present a wavelength division multiplexing UWFBG array including 7,560 FBGs with 8 mm grating length and interval interrogated by OFDR. The measuring range and precision are up to 5,200 $\mu\epsilon$ and 1.1 pm, respectively.

W3G.5 • 15:15

Twist-Compensation and Self-Calibration Method for High Accuracy DFBG-Based Shape Sensing, Weiliang Zhao¹, Zhijun Yan¹, Xiangpeng Xiao¹; ¹*Huazhong Univ. of Science and Techn, China*. We proposed a twist-compensation and self-calibration method for high accuracy DFBG-based shape sensing. The method reduces the maximum reconstruction error of 2D and 3D shapes from 1.20% and 5.78% to 0.29% and 2.87%, respectively.

W3G.6 • 15:30

Double-Effect Off-Axis Ring Bragg Gratings Inscribed by Femtosecond Laser for Curvature and Temperature Sensing, Chao He¹, JiaMing Wu¹, Xuewen Shu¹; ¹*Huazhong University of Science and Techno, China*. We demonstrate a novel curvature and temperature sensor based on a off-axis ring fibre Bragg grating inscribed by femtosecond laser. The curvature and temperature sensitivity are 1.587 nm/m⁻¹ and -60 pm/°C, respectively.

W3G.7 • 15:45

Enhancing ϕ -OFDR Sensing Distance and Accuracy Based on Synchronous Equal Frequency Resampling, Tianle Chen¹, Zhou Xu¹, Guijiang Yang¹, Lei Tu¹, Liang Wang¹, Ming Tang¹; ¹*Huazhong Univ. of Sci. & Tech., China*. Synchronous equal frequency resampling is proposed to simultaneously compensate both the random laser frequency sweep range and sweep nonlinearity. The strain RMSE is reduced by 16 times with sensing distance extended to 70 m.

14:00 -- 16:00

Rooms 213-214

W3H • Coherent and Direct Detect Transmission Technologies

Presider: Frank Chang; Source Photonics, USA and Molly Piels; OpenLight Photonics, USA

W3H.1 • 14:00 (Top-Scored)

A SiP O-Band Transmitter Implementing Polarization Compensation Enabling Remote Operation of the Carrier Laser, Aleksandar Nikic¹, Weijia Li¹, Charles St. Arnault¹, Santiago

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Bernal¹, Benton Qiu¹, Essam Berikaa¹, Kaibo Zhang¹, Luhua Xu⁴, Max Zhang², Ian Plant³, Alessandra Bigongiari⁵, Fabio Cavaliere⁵, Antonio D'Errico⁵, Luca Giorgi⁵, Stephane Lessard⁵, Roberto Sabella⁵, Stefano Stracca⁵, David Plant¹; ¹*McGill Univ., Canada*; ²*College Brebeuf, Canada*; ³*Vanier College, Canada*; ⁴*CMC Microsystems, Canada*; ⁵*Ericsson, Italy*. We demonstrate a SiP O-band transmitter, compensating for any injected laser SOP, achieving 100/178 Gbps PAM4/PAM8 performance below Hard-Decision and Soft-Decision FEC thresholds, with the carrier laser located 1 km away on SSMF.

W3H.2 • 14:15

Silicon Photonics DWDM Transmitter with Heterogeneously Integrated Multiwavelength DFB Laser and SOA, Songtao Liu¹, Ranjeet Kumar¹, Xinru Wu¹, Xiaoxi Wang¹, Duanni Huang¹, Guan-lin Su¹, Junyi Gao¹, Haisheng Rong¹; ¹*Intel Corporation, USA*. We present a four-channel silicon photonics DWDM transmitter powered by a single heterogeneously integrated multiwavelength DFB laser and SOA, enabling simultaneous four-channel operation at 26 Gbps per channel, scalable to 53 Gbps per channel.

W3H.3 • 14:30

60 Tb/s Silicon Photonic Transmission Link Based on Ultrahigh-Coherence

Microcomb, Xuguang Zhang¹, Zixuan Zhou¹, Yijun Guo¹, Minxue Zhuang¹, Warren Jin², Bitao Shen¹, Yujun Chen¹, Jiahui Huang¹, Zihan Tao¹, Ming Jin¹, Ruixuan Chen¹, Zhangfeng Ge³, Zhou Fang⁴, Ning Zhang⁴, Yadong Liu⁴, Pengfei Cai⁴, Weiwei Hu¹, Haowen Shu¹, Dong Pan⁴, John E. Bowers², Xingjun Wang¹, Lin Chang¹; ¹*Peking Univ., China*; ²*Univ. of California Santa Barbara, USA*; ³*Peking Univ. Yangtze Delta Inst. of Optoelectronics, China*; ⁴*SiFotonics Technologies Co., Ltd., China*. We realize a silicon photonic transmission link with an aggregate data rate exceeding 60 Tb/s and reduce the phase-related DSP consumption by 99.99999% using a self-injection locked microcomb as the light source.

W3H.4 • 14:45

25Gb/s Offset-QAM-4 Optical Transmitter Using Micro-Ring Modulators

Dan Sturm¹; ¹*Electrical and Computer Engineering, Univ. of Washington, USA*. Ultra-low power and compact QAM transmitters using MRMs can become an ultimate solution for 400Gb/800Gb data-rates for CPO applications. Here, we demonstrate an MRM-based optical transmitter achieving 25Gb/s QAM-4 in GlobalFoundries silicon photonics.

W3H.5 • 15:00 (Invited)

Plasmonics for Communication: Enabling 200 GBd Transmitters Through Co-

Integration, Ueli Koch¹, David Moor¹, Manuel Kohli¹, Yuriy Fedoryshyn¹, Michael Möller², Juerg Leuthold¹; ¹*ETH Zurich, Switzerland*; ²*Saarland Univ., Germany*. Co-integration of photonic platforms with electronics plays a key role to unlock Terabaud communication. Plasmonic solutions offer critical features like high-speed, compactness, and compatibility with multiple technologies. Latest progress towards next-generation interconnects is presented here.

W3H.6 • 15:30 (Invited)

Advances in High Baud Rate Low Power IM/DD Transmission, David Plant¹; ¹*McGill Univ., Canada*. Abstract: We review recent progress in high baud rate IM/DD transmission for intra- and inter- data center interconnects. We compare several transmitter technologies including thin film lithium niobate and BTO modulators as well as EMLs.

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16:30 -- 18:30

Room 207

W4D • Novel Photonic Computing and Switching Paradigms

Presider: Shu Namiki; Natl Inst of Adv Industrial Sci & Tech, Japan

W4D.1 • 16:30 (Invited)

Analog Optical Computing for Sustainable AI and Beyond, Francesca Parmigiani¹, Hitesh Ballani¹, Grace Brennan¹, Burcu Canakci¹, Jiaqi Chu¹, James Clegg¹, Daniel Cletheroe¹, Fabian Falk¹, Christos Gkantsidis¹, Jannes Gladrow¹, Kirill Kalinin¹, Doug Kelly¹, Heiner Kremer¹, Greg O'Shea¹, Lucinda Pickup¹, Babak Rahmani¹, Ant Rowstron¹; ¹*Microsoft Research Cambridge, UK*. I will introduce the Analog Optical Computer, which, through co-design of applications and integrated 3D hardware, has the potential to accelerate by >100-fold machine learning tasks and real-world optimization problems, like medical imaging and financial transactions.

W4D.2 • 17:00

A Time-Space-Wavelength Multiplexed AWGR-Based Photonic Tensor Core Using WDM SiGe EAM Array Chiplets, Antonios Prapas¹, Miltiadis M. Pegios¹, Apostolis Tsakyridis¹, Stefanos Kovaos¹, Odysseas Asimopoulos¹, Christos Pappas¹, Theodoros Moschos¹, Manos Kirtas¹, Nikolaos Passalis¹, Konstantinos Vyrsoinos¹, Anastasios Tefas¹, Nikos Pleros¹; ¹*Aristotle Univ. of Thessaloniki, Greece*. We demonstrate experimentally an 8x8 AWGR-based photonic accelerator that leverages a SiGe EAM array chiplet as its computational core. The experimental implementation of a MNIST classifier at 20 Gbaud revealed a Cohen's kappa-score of 0.7421.

W4D.3 • 17:15

Demonstration of Tunable and Reconfigurable All-Optical Matrix-Vector Multiplication Using Nonlinear Wave Mixing, Wing Ko¹, Abdulrahman Alhaddad¹, Amir Minoofar¹, Hongkun Lian¹, Huibin Zhou¹, Muralekrishnan Ramakrishnan¹, Zile Jiang¹, Xinzhou Su¹, Moshe Tur², Jonathan Habif¹, Alan Willner¹; ¹*Univ. of Southern California, USA*; ²*Tel Aviv Univ., Israel*. We experimentally demonstrate an all-optical matrix-vector multiplication approach for encoded analog data using nonlinear wave mixing. We show the multiplication of matrices ($m \times 4$) with vectors (4×1) at 3 and 5 GSa/s with ~5 bit precision.

W4D.4 • 17:30

167Gbps 1x16 Programmable Visible Light Optical Switching for Data Center Optical Interconnects, Fujie Li¹, Haoyu Zhang¹, Zhilan Lu¹, Yiqi Huang¹, Wenqing Niu¹, Chao Shen¹, Junwen Zhang¹, Yingjun Zhou¹, Nan Chi¹; ¹*Fudan Univ., China*. We propose a flexible data center interconnect technology, achieving 1x1 to 1x16 optical switching through 4x4 array receiver. Experiments demonstrate a single-channel communication rate of 10.48 Gbps, with a total system throughput of 167 Gbps.

W4D.5 • 17:45

Optical AllReduce: Ready to Eliminate Intra-DC in-Cast Vulnerability for Deep Learning Training, Yuepeng Wu¹, Cen Wang², Hongxiang Guo¹, Yuta Wakayama², Qiuyan Li¹, Noboru Yoshikane², Takehiro Tsuritani², Jian Wu¹; ¹*BUPT, China*; ²*Photonics Division, KDDI Research, Japan*. We present an in-network optical AllReduce that eliminates in-cast problems in

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distributed training. Physical-layer experiments and large-scale evaluations verify the advantages of maximum 20x bandwidth compression, 50% equipment savings, and 22x faster communications in training.

W4D.6 • 18:00 (Invited)

Photonic Computing and Switching Using Generic and Membrane InP Photonic Integration, Ripalta Stabile¹; ¹*Technische Universiteit Eindhoven, Netherlands*. The investigation of scalable deep photonic neural networks via extensive modeling and experiments is shown using generic InP photonic integrated matrices. More compact InP Membrane on Silicon technology is proposed for next-generation switching and computing.

16:30 -- 18:30

Room 215

W4H • Machine Learning DSP

Presider: Gabriele Liga; Technische Universiteit Eindhoven, Netherlands

W4H.1 • 16:30 (Invited)

Recent Advances on Machine Learning-Aided DSP for Short-Reach and Long-Haul Optical Communications, Laurent Schmalen¹, Vincent Lauinger¹, Jonas Ney², Norbert Wehn², Patrick Matalla¹, Sebastian Randel¹, Alexander von Bank¹, Eike-Manuel Edelmann¹; ¹*Karlsruher Institut für Technologie, Germany*; ²*Univ. of Kaiserslautern-Landau (RPTU), Germany*. In this paper, we highlight recent advances in the use of machine learning for implementing equalizers for optical communications. We highlight both algorithmic advances as well as implementation aspects using conventional and neuromorphic hardware.

W4H.2 • 17:00

Blind Equalization in Dynamic PMD Channels Using Variational Autoencoders with LSTM, José I. Núñez Kasaneva¹, Boris P. Karanov¹, Alex Alvarado¹, Gabriele Liga¹; ¹*Eindhoven Univ. of Technology, Netherlands*. We propose a new variational autoencoder-based blind equalizer for polarization demultiplexing, and assess it in a dynamic polarization channel. We demonstrate a 0.4 dB SNR gain and doubled tolerance to state-of-polarization drift compared to CMA-RDE.

W4H.3 • 17:15

Experimental Demonstration of End-to-End Optimization for Directly Modulated Laser-Based IM/DD Systems, Sergio Hernandez¹, Christophe Peucheret², Francesco Da Ros¹, Darko Zibar¹; ¹*Technical Univ. of Denmark, Denmark*; ²*Univ. Rennes, CNRS, FOTON - UMR6082, France*. We experimentally demonstrate the joint optimization of transmitter and receiver parameters in directly modulated laser systems, showing superior performance compared to nonlinear receiver-only equalization while using fewer memory taps, less bandwidth, and lower radiofrequency power.

W4H.4 • 17:30

Digital Pre-Distortion for Drivers and SOAs Nonlinearities Enabling Power Budget Extension, Xiaohui Zhao^{1,2}, Trung Hien Nguyen², Loig Godard², Nayla El Dahdah², Romain Brenot², Sheherazade Lamkadmi Azouigui², Hartmut Hafermann², Massimo Tornatore¹, Yann Frignac², Sami Mumtaz², Abel Lorences-Riesgo², Gabriel Charlet²; ¹*Politecnico di Milano*,

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Italy; ²*Optical Communication Technology Lab, Huawei Technologies France, France.* We experimentally show that DPD nonlinear compensation can improve the power budget from 13.5dB to 16.9dB with an 800Gbps 90Gbaud signal thanks to enabling larger transmitted power while reducing nonlinear SNR degradation.

W4H.5 • 17:45

Non-Linear Equalization in 112 Gb/s PONs Using Kolmogorov-Arnold Networks, Rodrigo Fischer¹, Patrick Matalla², Sebastian Randel², Laurent Schmalen¹; ¹*Communications Engineering Lab (CEL), Karlsruhe Inst. of Technology, Germany;* ²*Inst. of Photonics and Quantum Electronics (IPQ), Karlsruhe Inst. of Technology, Germany.* We investigate Kolmogorov-Arnold networks (KANs) for non-linear equalization of 112 Gb/s PAM4 passive optical networks (PONs). Using pruning and extensive hyperparameter search, we outperform linear equalizers and convolutional neural networks at low computational complexity.

W4H.6 • 18:00

Novel ML-Assisted Optical Equalization Photonic Integrated Circuit for High-Speed IM/DD Systems, George Brestas¹, Giannis Kanakis¹, Maria Spyropoulou¹, Christophe Caillaud², Giancarlo Cerulo², Vladyslav Vakarin², Mokhtar Kortzi², Christoph Füllner³, Robert Borkowski⁴, Alessandro Aimone³, Rene Bonk³, Hercules Avramopoulos¹; ¹*Photonics Communications Research Laboratory, National Technical Univ. of Athens, Greece;* ²*III-V lab, a joint lab between Nokia Bell Labs, Thalys Research & Technology and CEA LETI, France;* ³*Nokia Bell Labs, Germany;* ⁴*Nokia Bell Labs, USA.* We demonstrate a novel InP equalization circuit capable of compensating bandwidth limitations and dispersion in high-speed IM/DD systems. Controlled by a blind ML-based optimizer, it outperforms digital FFE at 50 Gb/s over 10km.

16:30 -- 18:30

Room 301

W4I • CV-QKD and Frequency Combs

Presider: Andrew Lord; BT Applied Research, UK

W4I.1 • 16:30

Demonstration of Non-Orthogonal Pilot Multiplexing for Continuous-Variable Quantum Key Distribution, Yang Hong¹, Amirhossein Ghazisaeidi¹, Haik Mardoyan¹, Jeremie Renaudier¹; ¹*Nokia Bell Labs France, France.* We propose and experimentally demonstrate non-orthogonal pilot multiplexing for CV-QKD, which requires no additional time/frequency/polarization resource whilst effectively reducing receiver's DSP complexity. ~53.35-Mb/s average secret key rate over a channel loss of 5dB is achieved.

W4I.2 • 16:45

Field Trials of CVQKD Using 10-MHz Linewidth LO Based on Optical Injection Locking, Jinpeng Liao¹, Yue Wang¹, Jinghang Huang¹, Dawei Wang¹; ¹*Sun yat-sen Univ., China.* We demonstrated over field-deployed fibers that CVQKD using 10 MHz linewidth LO injected by a 10 kHz seed laser with simplified DSP and no active phase locking performs better than LLO using two 10 kHz lasers.

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W4I.3 • 17:00 (Invited)

Experimental Evidence of Multimode Quantum Correlations in Bright SiN

Microcombs, Adrien Bensemhoun¹, Silvia Cassina², Carlos Gonzalez-Arciniegas³, Mohamed Faouzi Melalkia¹, Giuseppe Patera⁴, Ségolène Olivier⁵, Yohan Désières⁵, Quentin Wilmart⁵, Sylvain Guerber⁵, Alessandro Zavatta⁶, Anthony Martin¹, Jean Etesse¹, Laurent Labonté¹, Olivier Pfister³, Virginia D'Auria¹, Sébastien Tanzilli¹; ¹*Université Côte d'Azur, France*; ²*Univ. of Insubria, Italy*; ³*Univ. of Virginia, USA*; ⁴*Univ. of Lille, France*; ⁵*Univ. Grenoble Alpes CEA LETI, France*; ⁶*Istituto Nazionale di Ottica, Italy*. We demonstrate multimode quantum correlation in bright frequency combs out of a SiN microresonator. Multimode features naturally arise due to a cascade of non-linear optical process, making one CW pump sufficient to initiate their generation.

W4I.4 • 17:30

273.067 Mbps Gaussian-Modulated Dual-Polarization Continuous-Variable Quantum Key

Distribution Over 10 km Fiber, Tao Zhang¹, Yan Pan¹, Wei Huang¹, Wang Heng¹, Ting Ye¹, Fan Fan¹, Jinlu Liu¹, Lifeng Fu¹, Yang Li¹, Bingjie Xu¹; ¹*Inst. of Southwestern Communication, China*. We demonstrate, for the first time to our knowledge, a high-speed Gaussian-modulated dual-polarization continuous-variable quantum key distribution system, achieving a secret key rate of 273.067 Mbps@10km, with a 52% improvement over the single-polarization system.

W4I.5 • 17:45

Discrete-Modulated CVQKD With Composable Security

Adnan A. Hajomer¹, Florian Kanitschar², Nitin Jain¹, Michael Hentschel², Runjia Zhang¹, Norbert Lütkenhaus³, Ulrik L. Andersen¹, Christoph Pacher², Tobias Gehring¹; ¹*Technical Univ. of Denmark, Denmark*; ²*Austrian Inst. of Technology, Austria*; ³*Univ. of Waterloo, Canada*. We report the first continuous-variable quantum key distribution experiment using four states that utilizes a composable security proof to generate a secret key fraction of 0.033 bits/symbol over a 10 km fiber channel, while providing security against collective attacks.

W4I.6 • 18:00

40-km Mbps Discrete-Modulated Continuous Variable Quantum Key Distribution with

Constellation Shaping Pre-Optimization, Yiming Bian¹, Lu Fan¹, Xuesong Xu¹, Liang Zhao¹, Mingze Wu¹, Song Yu¹, Yichen Zhang¹; ¹*Beijing Univ. of Posts & Telecomm., China*. We report a 256-QAM continuous variable quantum key distribution with a source quality evaluation allowing constellation shaping pre-optimization. This method maximizes system performance, achieving an asymptotic/finite-size key rate of 7.05/2.01 Mbps over 40 km distance.

W4I.7 • 18:15

Impact of Pilot-Aided Signal Schemes on Practical CV-QKD Security

Utku Akin^{1,2}, Jonas Berl^{1,3}, Wasim Ahamed¹, Christian Schaeffer⁴, Vitaly Rymanov⁴, Andreas Stöhr⁴, Tobias Fehenberger¹, Norbert Hanik²; ¹*Adva Network Security GmbH, Germany*; ²*Technical Univ. of Munich, Germany*; ³*Karlsruhe Inst. of Technology, Germany*; ⁴*Microwave Photonics GmbH, Germany*. We experimentally explore security vulnerabilities in CV-QKD systems due to receiver nonlinearities. We demonstrate that higher pilot powers can lead to underestimating excess noise, showing the critical need to align the signaling scheme with receiver characteristics.

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16:30 -- 18:30

Room 304

W4J • Specialty Fiber Devices II

Presider: Victor Kopp; Chiral Photonics Inc, USA

W4J.1 • 16:30 (Invited)

All-Polarization-Maintaining Ultrafast Fiber Lasers, Qian Li¹; ¹*Peking Univ., China*. Utilizing a self-stabilized interferometer mode-locker, we demonstrate a bidirectional all-polarization-maintaining Er-doped fiber laser, and the generation of both harmonic mode-locking and noise-like pulses in an all-polarization-maintaining Tm-doped fiber laser.

W4J.2 • 17:00

Efficient SMF-to-MCF Power Splitter Using Multimode Interference in Square Core Fiber, Sijing Liang¹, John D. Downie², Sergejs Makovejs³, Merrion Edwards³, Periklis Petropoulos¹, Yongmin Jung¹; ¹*Optoelectronics Research Centre, UK*; ²*Corning Research and Development Corp., USA*; ³*Corning Incorporated, USA*. We present a low-loss (0.3 dB) SMF-to-MCF power splitter, utilizing multimode interference in a square core fiber. This scheme minimizes power loss and offers scalability to diverse multicore fiber types through graded-index-fiber lens integration.

W4J.3 • 17:15

Bidirectional 4-Core MC-EDFA Featuring Integrated Optical Components and Inter-Core Optical Loopback Function, Hitoshi Takeshita¹, Yusuke Shimomura¹, Wakako Maeda¹; ¹*NEC Corporation, Japan*. Simple implementation of bidirectional 4-core MC-EDFA was achieved by integrating an isolator, coupler, FBG, and GFF. With a loopback, the 0.9-dB gain flatness and 12.6-dB gain amplification performance are sufficient for submarine system use.

W4J.4 • 17:30

Novel Core-Pumped Multicore Fiber Amplifier Integrated with Energy-Efficient Pump Light Distributor, Sijing Liang¹, John D. Downie², Sergejs Makovejs³, Ian A. Davidson¹, Nilotpal Choudhury¹, Zahra Kakaei¹, Jayanta K. Sahu¹, Periklis Petropoulos¹, Yongmin Jung¹; ¹*Optoelectronics Research Centre, Univ. of Southampton, UK*; ²*Corning Research and Development Corp., USA*; ³*Corning Incorporated, USA*. We present a novel core-pumped multicore fiber amplifier featuring an energy-efficient pump light distributor and high-NA doped fibers. This amplifier provides a 14.7-dB average gain with a 4.9-dB average noise figure across the C-band.

W4J.5 • 17:45 (Invited)

Fiber Sensing with Structured Light Beams, Juliet Gopinath¹; ¹*Univ. of Colorado Boulder, USA*. We demonstrate an optical fiber sensor that uses structured light to act as a temperature and force sensor. Our sensor can be used to resolve the direction and magnitude of forces applied to a fiber.

W4J.6 • 18:15

First Demonstration of Multicore Fiber Long Period Gratings Using Femtosecond Laser Direct Inscription Technique, Mingjing Xu¹, Lin Ma¹, Fengrui Yu¹, Yunhe Zhao^{1,2}, Zuyuan He¹; ¹*State Key Laboratory of Advanced Optical Communication Systems and Networks, Shanghai Jiao Tong Univ., China*; ²*Inst. of Logistics Science and Engineering, Shanghai Maritime*

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Univ., China. We demonstrate long period gratings (LPGs) on multicore fibers using femtosecond laser direct writing technique. In experiment, we succeeded in independent LPG fabrication at arbitrary cores with a coupling efficiency as high as 90%.

16:30 -- 18:30

Rooms 201-202

W4A • Advanced Packaging and Integrated Optics for Scale-Up AI Interconnects II

Presider: Daniel Kuchta; Nvidia, USA

W4A.1 • 16:30 (Invited)

Photonic and Electronic Co-Packaging Technologies – From Research to Pilot

Manufacturing, Peter A. O'Brien¹; ¹*Tyndall National Inst., Ireland*. This talk will present developments in co-packaging technologies and the transition from research to pilot-scale manufacturing. Areas to be covered include developments in glass-based electrical interposers, BGA-style photonic-electronic packages, and micro-optics for surface pluggable optical fibre connections. The talk will also review the critical role of packaging equipment in determining package designs to ensure manufacturability and emerging packaging trends in co-packaged optics.

W4A.2 • 16:50 (Invited)

Critical Challenges and Design Choices in Massively Parallel Optical Links, Darrell R.

Childers¹; ¹*US Conec Ltd, USA*. Currently, multifiber ferrules are extremely precise optomechanical devices that achieve submicron lateral alignment and physical contact. Greatly increasing the fiber count in ferrules will pose significant challenges, necessitating compromises in both connector performance and functionality.

W4A.3 • 17:05 (Invited)

Scalable Detachable Fiber Connectivity for Seamless Integration with Advanced

Semiconductor Packaging, Hesham Taha¹; ¹*Teramount Ltd, Israel*. This presentation will highlight Teramount's technological advances in wafer-level optics and integration workflows into standard semiconductor foundry and outsourced semiconductor assembly and tests (OSATs) processes.

W4A.4 • 17:20 (Invited)

Advanced Packaging Solution for Co-Packaged Optics, Yu-Po Wang¹; ¹*SPIL, Taiwan*. As

demand of generative AI growing in unprecedented speed, data processing in low latency, high bandwidth, high performance and large memory capacity is a crucial factor. Recent developments on optical engine with Fan-out advanced package and integrated to Co-Packaged Optics will be discussed. In addition, challenges and solutions will be reviewed in several aspects such as design, thermal, warpage and electrical.

W4A.5 • 17:40 (Invited)

CPO Challenges at the Contract Manufacturer (CM) and Electronics Manufacturing

Services (EMS) Level, Noam Ophir¹; ¹*Jabil Circuit, USA*. CPO presents unique challenges for advanced packaging compared to traditional transceiver architectures. This talk will touch on some of those unique considerations and focus on the challenges the CM / EMS businesses are working to overcome to enable commercialization of this new class of photonics solutions.

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16:30 -- 18:30

Rooms 205-206

W4C • SDM Fiber Cables

Presider: Chiara Lasagni; Universita degli Studi di Parma, Italy

W4C.1 • 16:30 (Invited)

Deployment and Installation of Multi-Core Fiber Cable to Terrestrial Field, Takayoshi Mori¹, Yusuke Yamada¹, Masashi Kikuchi¹, Kazutaka Noto¹, Takashi Matsui¹, Kazuhide Nakajima¹; ¹*NTT Corp., Japan*. A stable connection loss below 1.0 dB in laminated-PLC-type FIFOs and pre-connectorized MCF cables is confirmed, as well as feasible temperature cycling properties. These elements enable large-scale deployment of terrestrial MCF-link containing several hundred fibers.

W4C.2 • 17:00

Experimental Verification of Correlation Length Coefficient by 3-D Measurement of Optical Fibers in High-Density Cable, Masashi Kikuchi¹, Takayoshi Mori¹, Tomoya Shimizu¹; ¹*NTT Corporation, Japan*. We are first to experimentally verify the correlation length, necessary for evaluating crosstalk in multi-core fiber, through 3-D measurement of optical fiber in high-density cables. The measured values are consistent with coupled-power theory.

W4C.3 • 17:15

Behavior of Inter-Core Crosstalk of Two-Core Fiber in Submarine Cable, Yuki Kawaguchi¹, Hiroataka Sakuma¹, Tetsuya Haruna¹, Tetsuya Hayashi¹, Takemi Hasegawa¹, Keisuke Yasuhara², Juan C. Aquino², Daishi Masuda²; ¹*Sumitomo Electric Industries, Ltd, Japan*; ²*OCC Corporation, Japan*. We study inter-core crosstalk of two-core fiber in a submarine cable and show the crosstalk in cable is improved by 12 dB compared with that on fiber spool thanks to the heterogeneous core configuration.

W4C.4 • 17:30

Characterization of the First Field-Deployed Weakly-Coupled Few-Mode Fiber Cable, Lei Shen¹, Gang Qiao², Baolong Zhu², Lipeng Feng³, Lulu Liu⁴, Lei Zhang¹, Honglin Ji⁴, Jiarui Zhang², Yiran Wang², Yuyang Gao², Mingqing Zuo², Chengbin Long², Anxu Zhang³, Zhaopeng Xu⁴, Shangcheng Wang⁴, Qi Wu⁴, Jie Luo¹, Zhixue He⁴, Yongqi He², Weisheng Hu⁴, Zhangyuan Chen², Juhao Li²; ¹*State Key Laboratory of Optical Fiber and Cable Manufacture Technology, YOFC, China*; ²*State Key Laboratory of Advanced Optical Communication Systems and Networks, Peking Univ., China*; ³*China Telecom Research Inst., State Key Laboratory of Optical Fiber and Cable Manufacture Technology, China*; ⁴*Peng Cheng Laboratory, China*. We develop and characterize the first field-deployed weakly-coupled FMF cable link with 4-mode fibers in two tubes inside a 10.4-km cable. The impact of splices on the link loss and modal crosstalk is also investigated.

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W4C.5 • 17:45 (Invited)

Impact of Recent Fiber Technologies on Undersea Systems, Dmitriy Kovsh¹; ¹*SubCom Customer Solutions, USA*. The paper reviews common configurations of undersea optical cables and considerations system designers face selecting fiber parameters. Properties of various fibers (SMF, MCF) will be discussed as they affect optical performance of undersea links.

16:30 -- 18:30

Rooms 209-210

W4E • Advanced Optical and Electronic Techniques in Transmission

Presider: Masanori Nakamura; NTT Network Innovation Laboratories, Japan

W4E.1 • 16:30

Experimental Demonstration of Nonlinearity Mitigation by Phase Conjugation and Digital Chromatic Dispersion Management Using Wavelength Converter DSP, Shoma Tateno¹, Hidemi Noguchi¹, Kohei Hosokawa¹, Emmanuel Le Taillandier de Gabory¹; ¹*NEC, Japan*. We present nonlinearity mitigation by phase conjugation and digital CD management using wavelength-converter DSP. We experimentally demonstrated Q-factor improvement of a 30.6-Gbaud PM-16 QAM signal over 960-km two-lap transmission in wavelength conversion within the C-band.

W4E.2 • 16:45 (Invited)

Plasmonic PIC for High Baud Rate Transmission, Benedikt Baeuerle¹, Wolfgang Heni¹, Juerg Leuthold², Claudia Hoessbacher¹; ¹*Polariton Technologies Ltd, Switzerland*; ²*ETH Zurich, Switzerland*. Plasmonic photonic integrated circuits (plasmonic PICs) enhance high-speed silicon photonics, meeting demands for next-generation electro-optical interfaces. We present recent results showing how plasmonic modulators support 400G per lane, enabling 1.6T and 3.2T optical transceivers and beyond.

W4E.3 • 17:15

Transmission Distance Extension by Using Wideband Incoherent Forward Pump in Bidirectional Distributed Raman Amplification Compared to Coherent Pump, Daichi Ogata¹, Shigehiro Takasaka¹, Junji Yoshida¹, Norihiro Ohishi¹; ¹*Furukawa Electric co., Ltd., Japan*. We demonstrate full C-band 100 Gbaud DP-16QAM WDM signal transmission and confirm that semiconductor wideband incoherent forward pumps extend transmission distance twice and 1.2 times compared to EDFA only amplification and coherent forward pumps, respectively.

W4E.4 • 17:30

Experimental Demonstration of MPI-Penalty-Free S-Band Transmission Over G.654.E Fibres, Romulo Aparecido de Paula Junior¹, Jiaqian Yang¹, John D. Downie², Lidia Galdino², Eric Sillekens¹, Henrique Buglia¹, Ronit Sohanpal¹, Robert I. Killey¹, Polina Bayvel¹; ¹*Univ. College London, UK*; ²*Corning Research and Development Corporation, USA*. We demonstrate multipath interference-penalty-free S-band transmission over two G.654.E-compliant fibres with cable cutoff up to 1530 nm. No SNR degradation was observed across various transmission distances and baud rates.

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W4E.5 • 17:45 (Invited)

Digital I/Q Signal Processing Technology Enabling High Symbol Rate Transmission Systems,

Takayuki Kobayashi¹, Masanori Nakamura¹, Fukutaro Hamaoka¹, Akira Kawai¹, Hiroshi Yamazaki¹, Munehiko Nagatani¹, Hiroyuki Takahashi¹, Yutaka Miyamoto¹; ¹*NTT Corp., Japan*. This paper reviews I/Q signal processing with various applications, such as high-precision signal distortion compensation essential for high-speed symbol-rate transmission, and pre-processing for bandwidth doubling to achieve higher symbol rates, and presents our research results.

16:30 -- 18:45

Rooms 211-212

W4F • Integrated Sensing and Communication in RoF/FSO

Presider: Abel Lorences-Riesgo; *Huawei Technologies, France*

W4F.1 • 16:30

Multi-Channel Photonic Integrated Radio-Over-Fiber Frequency Converter for Multi-Beam Antennas,

Filippo Scotti¹, Luca Rinaldi¹, Paolo Ghelfi¹; ¹*CNIT, Italy*. A multi-channel RoF transmitter and frequency converter InP-PIC is reported. Four directly-modulated 10GHz-bandwidth lasers share a local oscillator up to 35GHz. The system is characterized and tested with QAM modulations, demonstrating error-free operation in Ka-band.

W4F.2 • 16:45

120 Gbps PDM-16QAM Signal Outdoor Transmission Over 850 Meters 2x2 MIMO Wireless Link at 300 GHz,

Weiping Li¹, Jianjun Yu^{1,2}, Xianming Zhao³, Xin Lu¹, Yi Wei¹, Luhan Jiang¹, Wen Zhou¹, Min Zhu², Jiao Zhang², Kaihui Wang¹, Feng Zhao⁴, Jianguo Yu⁵; ¹*Fudan Univ., China*; ²*Purple Mountain Laboratories, China*; ³*Harbin Inst. of Technology, China*; ⁴*Xi'an Univ. of Posts and Telecommunications, China*; ⁵*Beijing Univ. of Posts and Telecommunications, China*. We demonstrate field trials of a dual-channel 2x2 MIMO THz-wave system for 120-Gbps PDM-16QAM signal transmission over 850-m wireless distance based on the polarization multiplexing and advanced DSP technology, which also sets a new benchmark for the highest *rate-distance-product* in photonic THz-wave wireless delivery globally.

W4F.3 • 17:00

A Crossbar-Based Coherent Silicon Photonic MIMO Processor for Wireless

Communications, Stefanos Kovaos¹, Maria Vargemidou¹, Chris Vagionas¹, Ronis Maximidis¹, Apostolis Tsakyridis¹, Miltiadis M. Pegios¹, Amalia Miliou¹, Nikos Pleros¹; ¹*Aristotle Univ. of Thessaloniki, Greece*. We demonstrate a silicon photonic coherent MIMO processor using a photonic Crossbar (Xbar) layout. Successful experimental validation of its performance as a 4x4 MIMO processor and a 3x3 MIMO with on-chip phase retrieval is presented.

W4F.4 • 17:15

Blind MIMO Vector-Quantized Variational Autoencoder Equalizer for Free-Space

Coherent Optical Transmission, Guojin Qin¹, Yuan Wei¹, Ziqi Tang¹, Yingjun Zhou¹, Junwen Zhang¹, Nan Chi¹, Jianyang Shi¹; ¹*Fudan Univ., China*. We propose a novel blind MIMO vector-quantized variational autoencoder equalizer for free-space coherent optical transmission in turbulence channel. The method is shown to simultaneously achieve better time-varying error

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correction performance and mitigate the IQ skew in the receiver side.

W4F.5 • 17:30

Demonstration of D-Band Wireless Transmission Over 30.2 km Distance Based on Photonic-Assisted Scheme, Mingxu Wang¹, Jianjun Yu¹, Xiongwei Yang¹, Yi Wei¹, Chengzhen Bian¹, Xianming Zhao², Peng Tian¹, Yang Han¹, Qiutong Zhang¹, Jingwen Tan¹, Hansong Ma¹, Bing Zhang¹, Sicong Xu¹, Qinyi Zhang¹, Feng Zhao³, Wen Zhou¹, Kaihui Wang¹, Weiping Li¹; ¹*Fudan Univ., China*; ²*Harbin Inst. of Technology, China*; ³*Xi'an Univ. of Posts and Telecommunications, China*. A record-breaking 30.2-km ultra-long-haul high-speed wireless transmission at D-band is experimentally demonstrated, achieving a data rate of 4 Gbps/λ and a capacity-distance product of 120.8 Gbps×km.

W4F.6 • 17:45 (Invited)

Photonic Terahertz Integrated Sensing and Communication (ISAC) Systems, Lu Zhang¹, Zhidong Lyu¹, Oskars Ozolins², Xiaodan Pang¹, Xianbin Yu¹; ¹*Zhejiang Univ., China*; ²*Riga Technical Univ., Latvia*. This paper explores the role of photonic terahertz technologies in integrated sensing and communication systems, focusing on integrated waveform design, optical processing, and algorithms to enhance communication capabilities and sensing performance.

W4F.7 • 18:15

Integrated Communications and Sensing in a 1.8 km FSO Field Trial: Stokes-Based SOP Monitoring and Tracking at 400 Gbps, Sara T. Mantey¹, Marco Fernandes¹, Nuno Silva¹, Gil Fernandes¹, Nourdin Kaai², Fernando Guiomar¹, Paulo Monteiro¹, Armando Pinto¹, Nelson Muga¹; ¹*Instituto De Telecomunicacoes and Univ. of Aveiro, Portugal*; ²*Aircision, Netherlands*. We demonstrate simultaneous SOP monitoring and compensation in a 1.8km FSO link at 400Gbps. Long-term measurements (21-hours) reveal that Stokes-based SOP tracking provides improved monitoring accuracy and enhanced communication reliability (>19%), against typical CMA equalization.

W4F.8 • 18:30

A THz/FSO Fusion Transmission System with Shared Transmitter and Communication Link, Qinyi Zhang¹, Jianjun Yu¹, Jianyu Long¹, Chen Wang¹, Jiali Chen¹, Xin Lu¹, Bo Liu¹, Xiongwei Yang¹, Yi Wei¹, Feng Zhao², Wen Zhou¹, Yaoqiang Xiao³, Weiping Li¹, Kaihui Wang¹; ¹*Fudan Univ., China*; ²*Xian Univ. of Posts and Telecommunication, China*; ³*Hunan Univ., China*. For the first time, we experimentally demonstrated a THz/FSO fusion transmission system that shares the same transmitter and communication link, which can simultaneously support 30 GBaud QPSK THz and optical signals transmission over a 10 m wireless link.

16:30 -- 18:30

Rooms 213-214

W4G • Digital Twins in Network Control and Management

Presider: Yvan Pointurier; Huawei Technologies, France

W4G.1 • 16:30 (Tutorial)

Digital Twin and AI Agent for Autonomous Optical Networks, Qunbi Zhuge¹, Xiaomin Liu¹, Yihao Zhang¹, Qizhi Qiu¹, Weisheng Hu¹; ¹*Shanghai Jiao Tong Univ., China*. This tutorial

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presents key enabling technologies including digital twin and AI Agent to realize zero-touch autonomous operations of optical networks. The applications of LLM in this paradigm will also be discussed.

W4G.2 • 17:30 (Top-Scored)

Inputs Refinement with Incremental Learning for Accurate Digital Twin of Optical Networks, Xin Yang¹, Chenyu Sun², Reda Ayassi², Gabriel Charlet², Massimo Tornatore¹, Yvan Pointurier²; ¹*Politecnico di Milano, Italy*; ²*Huawei Technologies France, France*. We propose a parameter refinement method based on incremental learning, leveraging multiple network snapshots to provide accurate estimated inputs (i.e., lumped losses, gain spectra, and offset noise) to digital twins, improving QoT prediction and optimization.

W4G.3 • 17:45

QoT Digital Twin for Bridging Physical Layer Knowledge Gaps in Multi-Domain Networks, Renato Ambrosone¹, Andrea D Amico², Riccardo Schips¹, Andrea Rosso¹, Esther Le Rouzic³, Stefan Melin⁴, Stefano Straullu⁵, Giacomo Borraccini², Francesco Aquilino⁵, Hideki Nishizawa⁸, Sai Kishore Bhyri⁶, Gert Grammel⁷, Vittorio Curri¹; ¹*Politecnico di Torino, Italy*; ²*NEC Laboratories America Inc., USA*; ³*Orange, Innovation Networks, France*; ⁴*Telia Company AB, Sweden*; ⁵*Links foundation, Italy*; ⁶*Infinera India Private Limited, India*; ⁷*Juniper Networks, Germany*; ⁸*NTT Network Innovation Labs, Japan*. We propose building a spectrally resolved QoT Digital Twin for optical network domains where models and telemetry are unavailable, by probing transmission on a single spectral slot, using GNP, and demonstrating accurate experimental results.

W4G.4 • 18:00

Filtering Impairments-Aware Digital Twin for SNR Prediction Over Network Life-Cycle, Reda Ayassi¹, Xin Yang¹, Chenyu Sun¹, Yvan Pointurier¹, Gabriel Charlet¹; ¹*Huawei Technologies, France*. We propose a new method to improve SNR prediction of existing and new services with the presence of unknown penalties due to filtering effects. We validate the method in a testbed experiment with 5 OMS and up to 200 deployed services and show an average improvement of SNR service prediction of up to 0.9dB.

W4G.5 • 18:15

Machine Learning Based Failure Prediction for Optical Network Digital Twins, Camille Delezoide¹, Petros Ramantanis¹, Fabien Boitier¹, Patricia Layec¹; ¹*Nokia Bell Labs, France*. We leverage binary classification models to provide digital twins with forecasting ability, to proactively mitigate the impact of failures on availability. Our preferred model achieves 98.5% accuracy on data collected from a live production network.

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Thursday, 03 April

08:00 -- 10:00

Room 207

Th1D • Coherent for Datacenters

Presider: Jeffrey Rahn; Meta Platforms Inc, USA

Th1D.1 • 08:00

A Low Complexity Symbol-Rate Joint Equalization and Timing Recovery Scheme for Short-Reach Coherent Systems, Yuyuan Gao¹, Xian Zhou¹, Haiqiang Wei², Juntao Cao², Alan Pak Tao Liu², Kang Ping Zhong²; ¹*Univ. of Science and Technology Beijing, China*; ²*Hong Kong Polytechnic Univ., China*. The complexity reduction for 32GBaud DP-16QAM with joint equalization and timing recovery scheme using a baud-rate TED algorithm with PLL is demonstrated. ROP penalty less than 0.75 dB are achieved in case of 65.48% complexity reduction with high phase noise tolerance.

Th1D.2 • 08:15

Colorless Detection of a 3.2-Tb/s-Class WDM Superchannel Aiming for Uncooled Coherent Optics, Di Che¹, Mikael Mazur¹, Nicolas K. Fontaine¹; ¹*Nokia Bell Labs, USA*. We propose a colorless detection for WDM signals with neither laser wavelength control nor demultiplexers using a comb as local oscillator and demonstrate a single-shot reception of 407.2-GHz (3.35-Tb/s) superchannel with >1-THz tolerance on laser frequency drift.

Th1D.3 • 08:30

Demonstration of Bidirectional 200G DCI Based on Ultimate-Simplified Lite-Coherent Detection with Optical Injection Locking, Qijun Bian¹, An yan¹, Yongzhu Hu¹, Penghao Luo¹, Xingyu Li¹, Nan Chi¹, Junwen Zhang¹; ¹*Fudan Univ., China*. We propose and experimentally demonstrate bidirectional DCI transmission based on ultimate-simplified lite-coherent detection with optical injection locking. By using only one FP-laser at edge, we achieve bidirectional 200G interconnections of central- and edge-DCs.

Th1D.4 • 08:45

Modulated Remote LO Enabled 1.92-Tb/s 5-Dimensional Coherent Transmission Over 10-km SSMF, Xiansong Fang¹, Yixiao Zhu², Xiang Cai¹, Xian Zhou³, Weisheng Hu², Fan Zhang^{1,4}; ¹*Peking Univ., China*; ²*Shanghai Jiao Tong Univ., China*; ³*Univ. of Science and Technology Beijing (USTB), China*; ⁴*Pengcheng Laboratory, China*. We demonstrate 1.92-Tb/s line rate 5-dimensional coherent transmission over 10-km SSMF by modulating signal and remote LO simultaneously. The remote LO is modulated with an SSB signal, retaining a residual carrier for phase noise mitigation.

Th1D.5 • 09:00

Beyond 1-Tbps PS-64QAM Coherent-Lite DCI Transmission Using Low-Cost DFB Lasers and Vectorized DDCPE, Chen Wang¹, Jianyu Long¹, Jianjun Yu¹, Bohan Sang¹, Wen Zhou¹, Kaihui Wang¹, Feng Zhao², Bo Liu³, Ze Dong⁴, Xiangjun Xin⁴, Yong Chen⁵, Weizhang Chen⁵, Bing Ye⁵; ¹*Fudan Univ., China*; ²*XUPT, China*; ³*NUIST, China*; ⁴*BIT, China*; ⁵*ZTE, China*. We demonstrated beyond 1Tbps coherent-lite 90-GBaud PS-64QAM DCI transmission over 80-km SSMF utilizing low-cost DFB lasers and a novel low-complexity vectorized decision-directed carrier phase estimation algorithm with dynamic factor.

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Th1D.6 • 09:15

A Blind and Low-Complexity Tx/Rx IQ Skew and XY Skew Calibration for High-Speed Coherent Optical Transceiver, Hongyu Li¹, Mengfan Cheng¹, Qi Yang¹, Ming Tang¹, Deming Liu¹, Lei Deng¹; ¹*Huazhong Univ. of Science and Technology, China*. A blind and low-complexity scheme using a partial sideband cross-correlation algorithm is proposed that can simultaneously calibrate Tx/Rx IQ skew and XY-skew of coherent optical transceiver, with the measurement error <0.2ps for 20Gbaud 64QAM signal.

Th1D.7 • 09:30

Spectrally-Efficient 700.4-Gb/s/λ Optical Interconnect Using Asymmetric Self-Coherent Detection and MHz DFB Laser, Yixiao Zhu¹, Xiansong Fang², Xiang Cai², Yimin Hu¹, Xian Zhou³, Weisheng Hu¹, Fan Zhang²; ¹*Shanghai Jiao Tong Univ., China*; ²*Peking Univ., China*; ³*Univ. of Science and Technology Beijing, China*. We experimentally demonstrate 700.4-Gb/s/λ transmission at 7.8-b/s/Hz net electrical spectral efficiency using LO-free asymmetric self-coherent detection and 1.3-MHz DFB laser. The wavelength drifting tolerance and transfer function-enhanced phase noise are characterized for low-cost data-center interconnects.

08:00 -- 10:00

Room 208

Th1E • Advanced Modulator and Detectors

Presider: Guo-Qiang Lo; Advanced Micro Foundry Pte Ltd, Singapore

Th1E.1 • 08:00

Hybrid Silicon Nitride/Lithium Niobate Electro-Optical Modulator With Wide Optical Bandwidth and High RF Bandwidth Based on Ion-cut Wafer-Level Bonding Technology, Zhuoyun Li^{1,2}, Yang Chen¹, Jianmin Zhang^{1,2}, Fan Xu³, Shuxiao Wang¹, Xin Ou¹, Yan Cai^{1,3}, Mingbin Yu^{4,3}; ¹*State Key Laboratory of Materials for Integrated Circuits, Shanghai Inst. of Microsystem and Information Technology, China*; ²*Univ. of the Chinese Academy of Sciences, China*; ³*Shanghai Industrial μTechnology Research Inst., China*; ⁴*Shanghai Mingkun Semiconductor Co., Ltd, China*. We demonstrate a hybrid SiN/TFLN electro-optic Mach-Zehnder modulator with 3 dB bandwidth beyond 110 GHz and 67 GHz operating at C-band and O-band. Ion-cut wafer-level bonding was employed and the lithium niobate is etchless.

Th1E.2 • 08:15

200 GBd Electro-Optic PLZT Modulator for O-Band Transmission, Shiyoshi Yokoyama¹, Yuexin Yin¹, Sahar Alasvand Yazdani¹, Hiromu Sato¹, Guo-Wei Lu¹; ¹*Kyushu Univ., Japan*. We demonstrate a 200 GBd modulation using a ferroelectric film-on-insulator (PLZT) modulator. The 2.5 mm-long phase shifter efficiently facilitated modulation, achieving error-free O-band transmission over a 2.0 km distance.

Th1E.3 • 08:30

An 8x256 Gbps Silicon Photonic DWDM Transmitter with Thermally Stable Microring Modulators, Jintao Xue^{1,2}, Shenlei Bao^{1,2}, Chao Cheng^{1,2}, Wenfu Zhang^{1,2}, Binhao Wang^{1,2}; ¹*State Key Laboratory of Transient Optics and Photonics, Xi'an Inst. of Optics and Precision Mechanics, China*; ²*School of Future Technology, Univ. of Chinese Academy of Sciences, China*. An 8x256 Gbps silicon photonic DWDM transmitter utilizing >67 GHz microring modulators is demonstrated. An optoelectronic closed-loop feedback wavelength

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tuning algorithm compensates for process variations and temperature fluctuations.

Th1E.4 • 08:45

A Temporal Tail-Cutting Approach for Optimizing HighSpeed Performance of Ge-Si Photodetectors, Bohan Chu¹, Shihuan Ran¹, Xinhang Li¹, Yu Li^{1,2}, Jianping Chen^{1,2}, Linjie Zhou^{1,2}; ¹*Shanghai Jiao Tong Univ., China*; ²*SJTU-Pinghu Inst. of Intelligent-Optoelectronics, China*. We propose a physically realizable temporal tail-cutting algorithm for Ge-Si photodetectors. We achieve a 160 Gbps data transmission with the transmitter dispersion eye closure quaternary (TDECQ) enhanced from 5.13 dB to 2.64 dB, when the algorithm is engaged.

08:00 -- 10:00

Room 215

Th1I • Distributed Acoustic Sensing

Presider: María R. Fernández-Ruiz; Universidad de Alcala, Spain

Th1I.1 • 08:00 (Invited)

Future SMART Cities Enabled by Fiber Sensing, Biondo Biondi¹; ¹*Stanford Univ., USA*. We demonstrate the potential impact on modern cities of leveraging pre-existing telecommunication infrastructure to build fiber sensing arrays under whole metropolitan regions with a sensor density of meters.

Th1I.2 • 08:30

Simultaneous Monitoring of 8 Fiber Routes by Means of High-Speed Switching for Time-Sharing FDM-DAS, Hiroshi Takahashi¹, Yoshifumi Wakisaka¹, Takahiro Ishimaru¹, Chihiro Kito¹, Keisuke Murakami¹, Daisuke Iida¹, Yusuke Koshikiya¹, Kunihiro Toge¹; ¹*NTT Corporation, Japan*. We propose the simultaneous monitoring of 8-fiber routes by means of high-speed switching for time-sharing frequency division multiplexed distributed acoustic sensing (TS-FDM-DAS). We demonstrate traffic monitoring in the field area by our TS-FDM-DAS proposal.

Th1I.3 • 08:45

First Demonstration of Path Diversity of Optical Fiber Cables Using a DAS

Interrogator, Michel Leclerc¹, Olivier Plomteux¹, Louis Belanger-Sansoucy¹, Hongxin Chen¹, Michel Leblanc¹; ¹*Research and Development, Exfo Inc., Canada*. For the first time, we show how to distinguish whether given optical fibers share the same cables using distributed optical sensing. Our method leverages the correlations of distributed environmentally induced vibrations along the deployed cables.

Th1I.4 • 09:00 (Top-Scored)

Optical-Domain Interference Fading Suppression Structure for ϕ -OTDR Sensors Based on Nonlinear Amplification of Optical Injection Locking, Junda Chen^{1,2}, Shengming Shi¹, Can Chen¹, Jiajun Zhou³, Mingming Zhang¹, Zhonghong Lin¹, Can Zhao¹, Ming Tang¹; ¹*Huazhong Univ. of Science and Technology, China*; ²*Chalmers Univ. of Technology, Sweden*; ³*JFS Laboratory, China*. An optical-domain fading suppression structure is proposed based on the nonlinear amplification of optical injection locking (OIL) for the ϕ -OTDR sensor, enhancing the SNR by 27.7 dB of the detected vibration phase.

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Th11.5 • 09:15

Vector-Based Multi-Frequency-Position Phase Averaging of Φ -OTDR DAS for Large-Scale Vibration Monitoring, Yoshifumi Wakisaka¹, Hiroshi Takahashi¹, Takahiro Ishimaru¹, Daisuke Iida¹, Kunihiro Toge¹; ¹*NTT Corporation, Japan*. We propose vector-based multi-position multi-frequency phase averaging in multi-frequency Φ -OTDR to measure large-scale vibrations over sub- μm with high precision while balancing system simplicity and spatial resolution. We detect more correct vibration patterns on real-field network.

Th11.6 • 09:30

Distributed Acoustic Sensing with Super Spatial-Resolution Based on Deconvolutional Neural Network, Zhang Jingming^{1,2}, Yaxi Yan¹, Yinghuan Li¹, Alan Pak Tao Lau¹, Liyang Shao², Changyuan Yu¹; ¹*Hong Kong Polytechnic Univ., Hong Kong*; ²*Southern Univ. of Science and Technology, China*. A deconvolutional neural network based on ResUNet++ is proposed to improve the spatial resolution of DAS from 10m to less than 2m. Multiple simultaneous vibrations within a 10m range are successfully resolved and detected.

Th11.7 • 09:45 (Top-Scored)

Urban Water Leakage Detection System Based on Distributed Acoustic Sensing Over Dark Fiber Networks, Vahid Sharif¹, Mikel Sagues¹, Alayn Loayssa¹; ¹*Department of Electrical, Electronic, and Communications Engineering, Inst. of Smart Cities, Universidad Pública de Navarra, Spain*. A novel system for automatically detecting leaks in urban water supply networks is proposed and experimentally demonstrated in a real-world scenario. It leverages the extensive fiber optic access network infrastructure already available.

08:00 -- 10:00

Room 301

Th1J • Advances in Future PON

Presider: Chathurika Ranaweera; Deakin Univ., Australia

Th1J.1 • 08:00 (Invited)

Harmony from Chaos: Orchestrating an Interoperable Ecosystem for the Future of PON, Kevin A. Noll¹; ¹*CableLabs, USA*. Passive Optical Networks (PON) face complex integrations due to limited interoperability, few management standards, and the challenge of multi-technology access network integration. This paper explores evolving standards and strategies for streamlined, future-ready deployment and management across diverse vendor systems.

Th1J.2 • 08:30

Model-Free Deep Learning of Joint GS and PS for 300G Flexible Coherent PON Based on Direct Information Interaction Between OLT and ONUs, Zhongya Li^{1,2}, An yan¹, Junhao Zhao¹, Boyu Dong¹, Ouhan Huang¹, Yingjun Zhou¹, Jianyang Shi¹, Ziwei Li¹, Chao Shen¹, Peng Zou², Yiheng Zhao², Fangchen Hu², Junwen Zhang¹, Nan Chi¹; ¹*Fudan Univ., China*; ²*Zhangjiang Laboratory, China*. We proposed a model-free deep-learning of joint geometric- and probabilistic-shaping for optimization in a 20-km, 25-Gbaud, 300-Gbps FLCS-CPON using direct information exchanges between OLT and ONUs, achieving a 4 dB dynamic-range enhancement over traditional scheme.

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Th1J.3 • 08:45

Multipoint-to-Point All-Optical Channel Aggregation for Coherent Passive Optical Network Using Talbot-Based Processing and Power-Division Multiplexing, Zijian Li¹, Chen Ding¹, Qiarong Xiao¹, Zixian Wei¹, Chaoran Huang¹, Chester Shu¹; ¹*The Chinese Univ. of Hong Kong, Hong Kong*. We propose a multipoint-to-point all-optical channel aggregation scheme using Talbot-based processing and power-division multiplexing, enhancing scalability of uplink traffic in a coherent passive optical network through superposition of multipath signals at the power-domain physical layer.

Th1J.4 • 09:00

Non-Commensurate Sampling Based Picosecond-Level Measurement Scheme for Enhanced Timing Accuracy in Very High-Speed PON Systems, Yang Zou¹, Zhen Luo¹, Suyi Wang², Qionxia Shen², Jian Xu¹, Shenmao Zhang^{1,3}, Xiaoxiao Dai^{1,3}, Chen Liu^{1,3}, Mengfan Cheng^{1,3}, Lei Deng^{1,3}, Qi Yang^{1,3}, Deming Liu^{1,3}; ¹*Huazhong Univ of Science and Technology, China*; ²*Fiberhome Telecommunication Technologies Co., Ltd., China*; ³*Jinyinhu Laboratory, China*. A picosecond-level round trip delay measurement scheme based on non-commensurate sampling has been experimentally validated in 50G and 200G PON systems. This advancement enables reduced guard time, improved bandwidth utilization and enhanced environmental information perception.

Th1J.5 • 09:15 (Invited)

Progress on Very High Speed PON in ITU-T, Derek Nasset¹; ¹*Huawei Technologies R&D UK Ltd, UK*. This paper provides a status update on the progress of Very High Speed PON in the ITU-T. Emerging requirements coming from network operators and the various technology candidates to meet them are reviewed.

08:00 -- 10:00

Room 304

Th1K • Direct Detection DSP

Presider: Shota Ishimura; KDDI Research Inc., Japan

Th1K.1 • 08:00

Equalizer-Free 60-km Bidirectional Transmission of 100-Gbps PAM4 Signals Using Wavelength-Range Estimation Method, Yasunari Tanaka¹, Kazutaka Hara¹, Junichi Kani¹, Tomoaki Yoshida¹; ¹*NTT, Japan*. We experimentally demonstrate equalizer-free bidirectional transmission of 100 Gbps PAM4 signals over a 60-km single-mode fiber through a wavelength-range estimation method which extends the zero-dispersion wavelength estimation technique we previously proposed.

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Th1K.2 • 08:15

Joint Partial Response Equalization and Multiplication-Free Error Corrector for Beyond 200-Gb/s Intra-DCIs, Xue Zhao¹, Jiahao Zhou¹, Jing Zhang¹, Rui Wang¹, Junyuan Nie¹, Shaohua Hu¹, Zhaopeng Xu², Bo Xu¹, Kun Qiu¹; ¹*Univ of Electronic Science & Tech China, China*; ²*Peng Cheng Laboratory, China*. We propose a multiplication-free error corrector (MF-EC) to suppress the error propagation resulted from $1/(1+D)$ decoder in a 256-Gb/s PAM-4 system. The proposed MF-EC achieves the same performance as MLSE at the KP4-FEC threshold.

Th1K.3 • 08:30

Cross- λ Phase Diversity: A Simple Chromatic-Dispersion-Tolerant Direct-Detection Scheme, Hiroshi Yamazaki^{2,1}, Masanori Nakamura², Josuke Ozaki³, Yoshihiro Ogiso³, Takayuki Kobayashi², Toshikazu Hashimoto¹, Yutaka Miyamoto²; ¹*NTT Device Technology Laboratories, NTT Corporation, Japan*; ²*NTT Network Innovation Laboratories, NTT Corporation, Japan*; ³*NTT Device Innovation Center, NTT Corporation, Japan*. Two adjacent wavelength channels carry the same 2D signal with phase-diverse carriers to enable LO-less 2D field detection with non-redundant DAC/ADCs and simple baseband PAM driving, achieving a net >300-Gbps/ λ C-band 80-km transmission.

Th1K.4 • 08:45

Pairwise Transmission Enabling Dispersion-Unconstrained Multilane IM-DD Systems Beyond 100G-per-Lane, Paikun Zhu¹, Yuki Yoshida¹, Kouichi Akahane¹, Ken-ichi Kitayama^{1,2}, Bahram Jalali¹; ¹*National Inst. of Information and Communications Technology, Japan*; ²*Hamamatsu Photonics, Japan*. We demonstrate a pairwise transmission concept which breaks the fiber dispersion barrier in multilane IM-DD systems by joint optoelectronic coding across multiple lanes. Low-complexity C-band 224Gb/s (112Gb/s/lane) up-to-80km transmissions with different link configurations are investigated.

Th1K.5 • 09:00

Dynamic Nonlinear MIMO Equalization in 3-D Polarization Multiplexed Direct Detection Systems, Weiqi Lu¹, Yuhao Fang¹, Yang Zou², Puzhen Yuan¹, Dongxu Lu³, Xiaoxiao Dai², Qi Yang², William Shieh^{1,3}; ¹*Westlake Univ., China*; ²*Huazhong Univ. of Science and Technology, China*; ³*Westlake Inst. for Optoelectronics, China*. We demonstrate a first dynamic nonlinear MIMO equalizer for 3-D polarization multiplexed systems. By using this technique, we successfully transmit 150-Gb/s 3-D signals over 10-km SSMF.

Th1K.6 • 09:15

Low-Bit Volterra Equalization with Automatic Grouping-Enabled Non-Uniform Quantization for High-Speed DML-Based IM/DD Systems, Can C. Chen¹, Yue Liu², Qi Wu⁴, Zhaopeng Xu¹, Jianwei Tang¹, Honglin Ji¹, Tonghui Ji¹, Hui Chen¹, Lulu Liu¹, Shangcheng Wang¹, Zhongliang Sun¹, Junpeng Liang¹, Jinlong Wei¹, Yuan Jiang³, Weisheng Hu¹; ¹*Pengcheng Laboratory, China*; ²*National Univ. of Singapore, Singapore*; ³*Sun Yat-sen Univ., China*; ⁴*Shanghai Jiao Tong Univ., China*. We propose an automatic grouping-enabled non-uniform quantization approach for efficient Volterra equalization in > 50-Gbaud DML-based IM/DD systems. The proposed scheme achieves up to 75.6% storage savings while maintaining BER accuracy, significantly outperforming uniform quantization.

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Th1K.7 • 09:30

Channel-Response-Aware Delta-Sigma Modulator Design Based on Genetic Algorithm, Linsheng Zhong¹, Zipeng Liang¹, Yuming Zhao¹, Sunningchang Zhang¹, Xu Jian¹, Xiaoxiao Dai¹, Mengfan Cheng¹, Lei Deng¹, Deming Liu¹, Qi Yang¹; ¹*Huazhong Univ of Science and Technology, China*. We propose a channel-response-aware DSM design optimized with genetic algorithm to enhance SNR distribution. 32-Gb/s 16-QAM DMT signal, generated with a 2-bit DAC, achieves a 1.6 dB SNR improvement over a bandwidth-limited 15-km fiber link.

Th1K.8 • 09:45

On Geometric Shaping for 400 Gbps IM-DD Links with Laser Intensity Noise, Felipe Villenas¹, Kaiquan Wu¹, Yunus Can Gültekin¹, Jamal Riani^{2,1}, Alex Alvarado¹; ¹*Eindhoven Univ. of Technology, Netherlands*; ²*Marvell Technology, USA*. We propose geometric shaping for IM-DD links dominated by relative intensity noise (RIN). For 400 Gbps links, our geometrically-shaped constellations result in error probability improvements that relaxes the RIN laser design by 3 dB.

08:00 -- 10:00

Rooms 201-202

Th1A • Machine Learning for Network Operations

Presider: Qiong Zhang; Amazon Web Services, USA

Th1A.1 • 08:00 (Tutorial)

Generative AI for Network Operations, Jin Wang¹; ¹*AT&T Corp, USA*. Concrete Generative AI use cases in the different phases (Day 0 planning, Day 1 build, Day 2 operation and Day 3 decommissioning) of network operations in AT&T are introduced.

Th1A.2 • 09:00 (Top-Scored)

First Field Trial of LLM-Powered AI Agent for Lifecycle Management of Autonomous Driving Optical Networks, Xiaomin Liu¹, Qizhi Qiu¹, Yihao Zhang¹, Yuming Cheng¹, Lilin Yi¹, Weisheng Hu¹, Qunbi Zhuge¹; ¹*Shanghai Jiao Tong Univ., China*. We design and demonstrate the first field trial of LLM-powered AI Agent for ADON. Three operation modes of the Agent are proposed for network lifecycle management to process wavelength add/drop, soft/hard failures, and power optimizations.

Th1A.3 • 09:15

Field Trial of Multi-Datacenter Distributed Training for LLM Based on Bandwidth Convergence and Two Parallel Strategies Over 120km High-Reliability 800Gbit/s C+L OTN, Yuyang Liu¹, Anxu Zhang¹, Xishuo Wang¹, Lipeng Feng¹, Kai Lv¹, Hao liu¹, Xia Sheng¹, Xiaoli Huo¹, Junjie Li¹; ¹*China Telecom Research Inst., China*. We have conducted 175 billion parameters, 1024 GPUs large language model training with up to 99.41% (Pipeline parallel, PP) and 98.95% (Data parallel, DP) training efficiency in two distributed datacenters with an interconnection distance of 120km carried by 800Gbit/s C plus L WDM in the field-deployed high-reliability optical transport network.

Th1A.4 • 09:30 (Invited)

Large Language Model for Optical Network Automation: Prospects and Challenges, Danshi Wang¹, Yao Zhang¹, Yuchen Song¹, Xiaotian Jiang¹, Yidi Wang¹, Yue

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Pang¹, Min Zhang¹; ¹*Beijing Univ. of Posts & Telecom, China*. We reviewed capabilities and limitations of applying large language models (LLMs) to optical network, evaluating their potential contributions towards the advancement of intelligent solutions in optical network automation.

08:00 -- 10:00

Rooms 205-206

Th1C • Optical Computing

Presider: Adonis Bogris; Univ. of West Attica, Greece

Th1C.1 • 08:00 (Tutorial)

Optical Computing: Principles, Examples, and Prospects, Peter L. McMahon¹; ¹*Cornell Univ., USA*. In this talk I will discuss how optics could in principle be used to perform some computations faster or more energy efficiently than is possible with electronics, as well as the caveats and challenges.

Th1C.2 • 09:00 (Top-Scored)

TOPS-Speed Optical Tensor Convolutional Accelerator for Feature Extraction and Inference Based on Micro-Comb, Yixuan Zheng¹, Shifan Chen¹, Yifu Xu¹, Shuai Wang¹, Zhihui Liu¹, Yunping Bai¹, Sai Tak Chu², Xiaotian Zhu², Brent E. Little³, Roberto Morandotti⁴, David J. Moss⁵, Xingyuan Xu¹, Kun Xu¹; ¹*State Key Laboratory of Information Photonics and Optical Communications, Beijing Univ. of Posts and Telecommunications, China*; ²*Department of Physics, City Univ. of Hong Kong, China*; ³*Xi'an Inst. of Optics and Precision Mechanics, Chinese Academy of Sciences, China*; ⁴*INRS-Energie, Matériaux et Télécommunications, Canada*; ⁵*Optical Sciences Centre, Swinburne Univ. of Technology, Australia*. We experimentally demonstrated an optical tensor convolution accelerator multiplexing the physical dimensions of wavelength, time, and, importantly, space to represent the image channels, achieving an operational speed exceeding 3 TOPS with low data redundancy.

Th1C.3 • 09:15

Photonic Transposed Convolution Accelerator Based on Micro-Combs, Chengzhuo Xia¹, Yifu Xu¹, Shifan Chen¹, Sirui Huang¹, Zhihui Liu¹, Yunping Bai¹, Sai Tak Chu², Xiaotian Zhu², Brent E. Little³, Roberto Morandotti⁴, David J. Moss⁵, Xingyuan Xu¹, Kun Xu¹, Yixuan Zheng¹; ¹*State Key Laboratory of Information Photonics and Optical Communications, Beijing Univ. of Posts and Telecommunications, China*; ²*Department of Physics, City Univ. of Hong Kong, Hong Kong*; ³*Xi'an Inst. of Optics and Precision Mechanics, Chinese Academy of Sciences, China*; ⁴*Energie, Matériaux et Télécommunications, INRS, Canada*; ⁵*Optical Sciences Centre, Swinburne Univ. of Technology, Australia*. We demonstrate the first photonic transposed convolution accelerator using micro-combs, achieving a mean squared error of 0.006 in image reconstruction at trillions of operations per second through customizing dimension amplification in a time-wavelength interleaved system.

Th1C.4 • 09:30

GAN-Generated AI Leveraging High-Speed Thin-Film Lithium Niobate Time-Wavelength Interleaved Block, Lin Wang¹, Yang Gao¹, Wenting Jiao¹, Lei Zhang¹, Kun Yin¹, Hui Yu¹; ¹*Zhejiang Lab, China*. Based on high-speed thin-film lithium niobate modulators, we present a monolithically integrated optical computing block for GAN-generated AI. We have

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demonstrated that the system achieves high-quality image generation at various rates.

Th1C.5 • 09:45

Arrays of Non-Volatile III-v/Si Micro-Ring Lasers for Memory Search Applications, Stanley Cheung^{2,1}, Yanir London², Yuan Yuan², Bassem Tossoun², Yiwei Peng², Yingtao Hu², Thomas V. Vaerenbergh², Chong Zhang³, Geza Kurczveil², Di Liang⁴, Raymond G. Beausoleil²; ¹*North Carolina State Univ., USA*; ²*Hewlett Packard Enterprise, USA*; ³*Nexus Photonics, USA*; ⁴*Department of Electrical and Computer Engineering, Univ. of Michigan, USA*. We explore the use of non-volatile III-V/Si ring lasers as storage elements in wavelength-division multiplexed (WDM) optical ternary content-addressable memory (O-TCAM) search. This provides new opportunity for photonic memory applications in non-volatile photonic systems.

08:00 -- 10:00

Rooms 209-210

Th1F • Photonic Advancements for Scalable and Secured Networks

Presider: Odile Liboiron-Ladouceur; McGill Univ., Canada

Th1F.1 • 08:00 (Invited)

Advancing PIC Development Using Machine Learning: From Design to Fabrication to Optical Characterization, Dan-Xia Xu¹; ¹*National Research Council Canada, Canada*. This work leverages machine learning to accelerate PIC development in design, fabrication, and optical characterization, enabling efficient design exploration, precise fabrication corrections for structural fidelity, and high-resolution optical metrology to enhance process monitoring.

Th1F.2 • 08:30

Chip-to-Chip Photonic Connectivity in Multi-Accelerator Servers for ML, Abhishek Vijaya Kumar¹, Arjun Devraj¹, Darius Bunandar², Rachee Singh¹; ¹*Cornell Univ., USA*; ²*Lightmatter, USA*. We present a rack-scale compute architecture for ML using multi-accelerator servers connected via chip-to-chip silicon photonic components. Our architecture achieves (1) multi-tenanted resource slicing without fragmentation, (2) 74% faster rack-scale collective communication and, (3) 1.7X speedup in end-to-end ML training throughput.

Th1F.3 • 08:45

A 50 Gb/s WDM Silicon Photonic Ternary Content Addressable Memory Cell, Theodoros Moschos¹, Christos Pappas¹, Stefanos Kovaivos¹, Ioannis Roumpos², Antonios Prapas¹, Apostolis Tsakyridis¹, Miltiadis M. Pegios¹, Chris Vagionas¹, Yanir London³, Thomas V. Vaerenbergh³, Bassem Tossoun³, Nikos Pleros¹; ¹*Aristotle Univ. of Thessalonikis, Greece*; ²*Celestial AI, USA Minor Outlying Islands*; ³*Hewlett Packard Labs, USA Minor Outlying Islands*. We experimentally demonstrate a silicon integrated WDM ternary content addressable memory cell, capable of performing matchline operations at record-high speeds of 50 Gb/s, with an energy efficiency of just 38 fJ/bit.

Th1F.4 • 09:00

Neuromorphic Physical Unclonable Function and Self-Coherent Receiver Based on a Reconfigurable Photonic Circuit, George Sarantoglou¹, Francesco Da Ros², Kostas Sozos³, Metodi P. Yankov², Dimitris Dermanis¹, Adonis Bogris³, Charis Mesaritakis¹; ¹*Biomedical Engineering, Univ. of West Attica, Greece*; ²*Dept of Electrical and Photonics Engineering,*

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Technical Univ. of Denmark, Denmark; ³*Informatics and Computer Engineering, Univ. of West Attica, Greece.* We experimentally investigate a neuromorphic receiver which addresses impairments of a 32 Gbaud self-coherent QPSK transmission and simultaneously generates unclonable responses with an equal error below 10^{-9} suitable for security in the physical layer.

Th1F.5 • 09:15 (Invited)

Chiplet Solutions to Enable AI Scaling, Tony Chan Carusone^{1,2}; ¹*Alphawave Semi, Canada;* ²*Electrical and Computer Engineering, Univ. of Toronto, Canada.* Chiplet technology is driving sustainable AI scaling by offering lower cost and accelerating the development of new, bespoke hardware. This talk explores the evolving chiplet ecosystem for high-speed connectivity, underwritten by dense die-to-die interfaces.

08:00 -- 10:00

Rooms 211-212

Th1G • Low Loss Passives

Presider: Mario Dagenais; Univ. of Maryland at College Park, USA

Th1G.1 • 08:00

Integrated Glass Waveguide Circuit for Co-Packaged Optics in Radio-Access Networks, Lars Brusberg¹, Alessandra Bigongiari², Lucas W. Yeary¹, Jason R. Grenier¹, Binan Nisic³, Stefano Stracca², Chad C. Terwilliger¹, Jeffrey S. Clark¹; ¹*Corning Inc., USA;* ²*Ericsson Research, Italy;* ³*Ericsson AB, Sweden.* We report an integrated optical glass waveguide shuffle with standard fiber connectors to connect six optical transceivers and one shared external laser source module with transmission link loss of ≤ 3 dB.

Th1G.2 • 08:15

Low-Loss High-Uniformity Silicon Nitride Optical Building Blocks Integrated on Silicon Photonics Platform, Hau-Yan Lu¹; ¹*tsmc, Taiwan.* We introduce low optical loss and highly uniform passive silicon nitride optical building blocks including straight waveguides, bends, tapers, 1-by-2 MMI, silicon nitride-to-silicon transitions and edge couplers on TSMC's silicon photonics platform with CMOS-compatible process.

Th1G.3 • 08:30 (Invited)

High Performance Passives for Quantum Photonics, Eric Dudley¹, Josep Fargas¹, Bryan Park¹, Donggyu Sohn¹, Jin Lee¹, Mehdi Jadidi¹, Maryam Khodami¹, Vimal Kamineni¹, Mihai Vidrighin¹, Mark Thompson¹; ¹*PsiQuantum, USA.* Fault tolerance thresholds for photonic quantum computers require extremely low world-line photon loss. Herein, we show waveguide losses below 1dB/m, as well as waveguide bends, beam splitter, and waveguide crossing losses below 0.001 dB.

Th1G.4 • 09:00 (Top-Scored)

Photonic Integrated 4-Meter-Coil Resonator Critically Coupled From 900 nm to 1600 nm, Andrew S. Hunter¹, Kaikai Liu¹, Meiting Song¹, Mark W. Harrington¹, Andrei Isichenko¹, Karl Nelson², Daniel J. Blumenthal¹; ¹*Univ. of California at Santa Barbara, USA;* ²*Honeywell Aerospace Technologies, USA.* We demonstrate a silicon nitride photonic-integrated two-point-coupled 4-meter-coil-resonator capable of tunable critical coupling over a 700 nm range, 910 -

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1610 nm, with 48 - 77 million intrinsic Q.

Th1G.5 • 09:15

Accessing Octave-Spanning Kerr Soliton Based on Thermally Controlled

Microresonators, Huilan Tu¹, Haizhong Weng², Qiaoyin Lu¹, Lirong Huang¹, John F. Donegan², Weihua Guo¹; ¹*Huazhong Univ. of Science and Techn, China*; ²*School of Physics, CRANN and AMBER, Trinity College Dublin, Ireland*. The Si₃N₄ microresonator integrated thermal electrodes. Tuning the thermal power can adjust the mode spacing from 280 pm to 95 pm and access the octave-spanning Kerr soliton ranges from 125 THz to 250 THz.

Th1G.6 • 09:30 (Invited)

Integrated Photonic Gyroscopes, Mario J. Paniccia¹; ¹*Anello Photonics, USA*. We discuss ANELLO Photonics advances in navigation solutions based on its silicon chip technology called SiPhOG™ (Silicon Photonics Optical Gyro) and performance in real use cases as well as present low loss SiN platform.

08:00 -- 10:00

Rooms 213-214

Th1H • Multiband Optical Networks

Presider: Nicola Sambo; Scuola Superiore Sant'Anna, Italy

Th1H.1 • 08:00 (Top-Scored)

Hybrid Quantum-Classical Computing Mechanism for Dynamic QoT-Aware Resource

Allocation in Multi-Band Flexible Optical Network, Miao Zhu¹, Rentao Gu¹, Jiangshan Dong¹, Lin Bai¹, Hui Li¹, Yuefeng Ji¹; ¹*Beijing Univ. of Posts and Telecommunications, China*. We propose a hybrid quantum-classical computing mechanism with Coherent Ising Machine for dynamic QoT-aware RMSA in MB-FONs. The solution time is reduced from nearly 2 sec to 323 μs compared with the auxiliary graph method.

Th1H.2 • 08:15

Applying Auxiliary Graph for Multi-Band Network Planning Based on Hierarchical Optical

Cross-Connects, Saki Sakurai¹, Katsuaki Higashimori¹, Takuya Ohara¹; ¹*NTT Corporation, Japan*. A multi-band network planning method based on hierarchical optical cross-connects is developed. The proposed algorithm demonstrates cost efficiency by reducing more than 70% of the wavelength selective switches and incorporating a band-dependent cost model.

Th1H.3 • 08:30

GSNR-Aware Transmission Optimization in Dynamic Programmable Raman Amplifier-

Enabled Multi-Band Optical Systems, Xinyi Liu¹, Rentao Gu¹, Xiaoxuan Gao¹, Junshi Gao², Yingchun Wang², Zheng He², Yuefeng Ji¹; ¹*State Key Lab of Information Photonics and Optical Communications, Beijing Univ. of Posts and Telecommunications (BUPT), China*; ²*China Mobile Group Design Inst. Co., Ltd., China*. We propose a GSNR-aware model with an optimization method based on it for multi-band transmission system, improving mean value and flatness of GSNR by 1.08 dB and 40.02 % across dynamic transmission scenarios.

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Th1H.4 • 08:45

Autonomous Service Provisioning and Self-Healing in Multi-Band Multi-Domain IPoWDM Networks, Hussein Zaid¹, Abdelrahmane Moawad¹, Behnam Shariati¹, Robert Emmerich¹, Alessio Giorgetti^{2,13}, Ramon Casellas³, Carsten Schmidt-Langhorst¹, Enrique Fernandez⁴, Pablo Pavon-Marino^{4,5}, Filippo Cugini², Vignesh Karunakaran⁶, Emilio Riccardi⁷, Roberto Morro⁷, Rui Bian⁸, Chris Matrakidis⁹, Caio Santos^{1,10}, Pol Gonzalez¹¹, Luis Velasco¹¹, Achim Autenrieth⁶, Colja Schubert¹, Johannes K. Fischer¹, Ronald Freund^{1,12}; ¹*Fraunhofer Inst. for Telecommunicati, Germany*; ²*CNIT, Italy*; ³*CTTC-CERCA, Spain*; ⁴*E-lighthouse Network Solutions, Spain*; ⁵*Universidad Politecnica Cartagena, Spain*; ⁶*Adtran Networks SE, Germany*; ⁷*TIM, Italy*; ⁸*pureLiFi Ltd, UK*; ⁹*OpenLightComm, Czechia*; ¹⁰*Infinera, Germany*; ¹¹*UPC, Spain*; ¹²*Technical Univ. of Berlin, Germany*; ¹³*Univ. of Pisa, Italy*. We report on a large-scale demonstration across access, metro, and core networks, using commercial and prototype of multi-band components, achieving significantly reduced provisioning time for live video traffic through seamless IP and optical layer orchestration.

Th1H.5 • 09:00 (Invited)

Channel Power Pre-Equalization for Photonic Exchange Node in Heterogeneous Multi-Band Transmission Networks, Takeshi Seki¹, Haruka Minami¹, Rie Hayashi¹, Takeshi Kuwahara¹; ¹*NTT Corp., Japan*. We describe a method to pre-equalize transmission line input power on the basis of only basic optical fiber parameters for reducing the effects of inter-channel stimulated Raman scattering in multi-band transmission.

Th1H.6 • 09:30

Performance Analysis of Single Band and Multi-Band Transponders for CD-ROADM Based S-, C-, L-Band WDM Networks, Varsha Lohani¹, Ramon Casellas¹, Raul Muñoz¹; ¹*Centre Tecnològic de Telecomunicacions d, India*. This paper compares single-band and multi-band transponders for CD-ROADM nodes in UWB-WDM Networks, covering the S, C, and L bands. We also consider various add/drop configurations with WSS of different sizes.

Th1H.7 • 09:45

Performance and Transient-Resiliency of S- and E-Band Upgrades of a C+L-Band System, Andre Souza¹, Nelson Costa¹, Joao Pedro¹; ¹*Infinera UNIPESSOAL LDA, NIF 510553079, Portugal*. This work analyses two possible band upgrades to a C+L-band system: S- or E-band. The systems (with and without Raman amplification) are compared regarding performance and the magnitude of power transients generated by link faults.

10:30 -- 12:30

Room 303

Th2A • Posters Session II

Th2A.1

A Reconfigurable 4- λ \times 25-Gb/s/ λ Silicon Ring-Resonator-Based WDM Receiver with Fast Wavelength Calibration, Jae-Ho Lee¹, Yongjin Ji¹, Hyun-Kyu Kim², Woo-Young Choi¹; ¹*Yonsei Univ., Korea (the Republic of)*; ²*Samsung Electronics, Korea (the Republic of)*. We present a reconfigurable 4- λ \times 25-Gb/s/ λ Si ring-resonator-based WDM receiver and, using it, demonstrate a new wavelength calibration technique that provides ring resonators with desired

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resonance wavelengths and maintains them against external temperature variation.

Th2A.2

T-Band 155.7Gbit/s net Data-Rate DMT Signal Transmission Over 3km NANF-HCF With Simple VFFE, Xinkuo Yu¹, Peng Li², Lu Dai², Li Jianping¹, Maomao Wu¹, Yingcao Zhuo¹, Jianbo Zhang¹, Ou Xu¹, Songnian Fu¹, Yuwen Qin¹; ¹*Guangdong Univ. of Technology, China*; ²*Yangtze Optical Fiber and Cable Joint Stock Limited Company, China*. We experimentally demonstrate the net-data-rate of 155.7Gbit/s DMT signal transmission over 3km NANF-HCF at the thousand-band with 1064nm wavelength using simple VFFE, which shows the potential for future amplifier-less multiband large-capacity low-latency short-reach optical interconnection.

Th2A.3

The Performance of Hybrid Pruning as Nonlinear Impairment Mitigation in Dispersionless Optical Links, Beni Widhianto¹, Jyehong Chen¹; ¹*National Yang Ming Chiao Tung Univ., Taiwan*. This study proposes a Hybrid Pruned VNLE (HP-VNLE), combining structured and unstructured kernel reduction, significantly lowering complexity while improving BER performance. Better results than full VNLE were achieved by combining the above HP-VNLE with DFE.

Th2A.4

FPGA Implementation of Low-Power Multiplierless Pre-Processing Free Chromatic Dispersion Equalizer, Geraldo Gomes¹, Pedro J. Freire¹, Jaroslaw E. Prilepsky¹, Sergei K. Turitsyn¹; ¹*Aston Univ., UK*. We present a novel time-domain chromatic dispersion equalizer, implemented on FPGA, eliminating pre-processing and multipliers, achieving up to 54.3% energy savings over 80–1280 km with a simple, low-power design.

Th2A.5

Weight-Clustered Neural Networks for Low-Complexity Nonlinear Equalization in Digital Subcarrier Multiplexing Systems, Sasipim Srivallapanondh¹, Pedro Freire¹, Giuseppe Parisi², Mariano Devigili³, Nelson Costa⁴, Bernhard Spinnler², Antonio Napoli², Jaroslaw E. Prilepsky¹, Sergei K. Turitsyn¹; ¹*Aston Univ., UK*; ²*Infinera, Germany*; ³*Universitat Politècnica de Catalunya, Spain*; ⁴*Infinera, Portugal*. We propose a low-complexity weight-clustered NN-based equalizer for digital subcarrier multiplexing systems. Our approach achieved a 91% complexity reduction compared to the perturbation-based model in previous literature and 93% relative to a non-clustered NN.

Th2A.6

DM-Structure-Aided Low-Complexity Soft-Decision Decoder for Improving Performance-Complexity Tradeoffs in Short-Block Length Codes, Takeshi Kakizaki¹, Shuto Yamamoto¹, Masanori Nakamura¹, Etsushi Yamazaki¹; ¹*NTT Corporation, Japan*. We propose a low-complexity soft-decision decoder using bit-sequence constrain of distribution matcher to efficiently search for codewords, improving an SNR by >0.1-dB or reducing a >50%-complexity, at the same complexity or SNR, respectively.

Th2A.7

End-to-End Optimization of the Pulse Shaper for Enhanced Residual Phase Noise Resilience, Manuel Neves¹, Paulo Monteiro¹, Fernando P. Guiomar¹; ¹*Instituto De Telecomunicacoes, Portugal*. We leverage an autoencoder to optimize the pulse shaper and

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matched filter under residual phase noise (RPN) influence. The learned filters effectively cancel the distortions caused by RPN, enhancing the robustness of the transmitted constellation.

Th2A.8

Nyquist Filtering Based on Fermat Number Transform, JingPeng Liu¹, Sheng Cui¹, Ming Tang¹, Menghong Xu¹, Kangyue Shen¹, Jianfeng Han¹, Jing Dai²; ¹*Huazhong Univ of Science and Technology, China*; ²*FiberHome Telecommunication Technologies, China*. The Fermat number transform is innovatively applied to Nyquist filtering, reducing hardware complexity by ~80% when the ROF=0.01, while maintaining equivalent performance compared with conventional frequency- and time- domain Nyquist filters.

Th2A.9

An Optical Noise Model for low Power Microcomb Communications, Jorge G. Acosta¹, Yonghang Sun¹, Bill P. Corcoran¹; ¹*Monash Univ., Australia*. We suggest and experimentally validate a novel channel model for low power optical sources such as microcombs. We show that noise added before modulation appears as a multiplicative term, and not as additive noise.

Th2A.10

Designing Hierarchical Distribution Matcher Through Semi-Analytical Rate Loss Minimization for Probabilistic Constellation Shaped Systems., Pantea Nadimi Goki^{1,2}, Luca Poti^{2,3}; ¹*Scuola Superiore Sant'Anna, Italy*; ²*CNIT, Italy*; ³*Universitas Mercatorum, Italy*. We propose a new design procedure for hierarchical distribution matchers in a probabilistic constellation-shaped system based on a semi-analytical rate loss minimization. The technique allows optimizing block length, memory, and the number of layers.

Th2A.11

Analysis of Differential Group Delay on 800G LR4 With Partial Response Equalization and MLSE Decoder, Jiahao Zhou¹, Jing Zhang¹, Shaohua Hu¹, Zhaopeng Xu², Bo Xu¹, Kun Qiu¹; ¹*Univ of Electronic Science & Tech. China, China*; ²*Peng Cheng Laboratory, China*. We analyze the influence of DGD on beyond 200-Gb/s PAM-4 transmissions. We find the precoding and a joint PRE with MLSE have a better DGD tolerance among various equalizers, achieving 1.9-dB gain compared with MLSE.

Th2A.12

Net 1.15-Tb/s/ λ Transmission of PS-256 QAM Signal Using a 7.6-MHz Linewidth DFB Laser and Linear Equalization, Xueyang Li¹, Qibing Wang¹, Hui Chen¹; ¹*Peng Cheng Laboratory, China*. We propose a carrier-leakage coherent transmitter that effectively enhances laser phase noise tolerance and demonstrate the transmission of single-wavelength net 1.15 Tb/s PS-256QAM signals over 80 km using a DFB laser with 7.6 MHz linewidth.

Th2A.13

Precise Localization of Rapid Instantaneous State of Polarization Fluctuations Over FPGA, Yusuke Sasaki¹, Masaki Sato¹, Hidemi Noguchi¹, Kohei Hosokawa¹, Wakako Maeda¹; ¹*NEC corporation, Japan*. We demonstrate an improved method employing an optical supervisory channel over FPGA, achieving precise localization of state of polarization variations across a wide frequency range with an accuracy of less than 300 meters.

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Th2A.14

Performance Analysis of Lower Raman Gain Coefficient G.654.E Fiber with Distributed Raman Amplifiers, Viacheslav V. Ivanov¹, Lidia Galdino², John D. Downie³; ¹*Corning Scientific Center, Finland*; ²*Corning Optical Communications, UK*; ³*Corning Research and Development Corporation, USA*. The performance benefits of G.654.E fiber relative to G.652 fiber in hybrid Raman/EDFA transmission systems are investigated. Despite lower Raman gain coefficient, the G.654.E fiber has 2.6 dB higher GSNR under practical pump power constraints.

Th2A.15

High-Performance Noise Whitening Filter for 112-Gbps PAM-4 IMDD Transmission with Severe Bandwidth Limitation, Fei Xie¹, Xiaoqian Huang¹, Chenglin Bai², Hengying Xu², Yaojun Qiao¹; ¹*Beijing Univ. of Posts and Telecomm, China*; ²*Liaocheng Univ., China*. We propose a high-performance scale-enhanced noise whitening filter (SE-NWF) to suppress colored noise, which achieves a 99.2% reduction in complexity while improving receiver sensitivity by 1.4 dB compared to the conventional NWF in experiments.

Th2A.16

Spatially Disaggregated Approach to Cross-Channel Interference in Dispersion-Managed Optical Links, Emanuele E. Virgillito¹, Rosario Ietro¹, Santosh C. Ramesh⁴, Sai Kishore Bhyri³, Antonio Napoli², Gabriele M. Galimberti³, Siddharth Varughese⁵, Walid Wakim³, Vittorio Curri¹; ¹*Politecnico di Torino, Italy*; ²*Infinera GmbH, Germany*; ³*Infinera Corporation, USA*; ⁴*Sri Sathya Sai Inst. of Higher Learning (SSSIHL), India*; ⁵*Infinera Corporation, USA*. We propose a spatially disaggregated approach to observe and model the XCI coherent accumulation when routing coherent channels through dispersion-managed optical multiplex section enabling real-time digital twin and large capacity gains on legacy deployed infrastructure.

Th2A.17

Capacity Analysis of Submarine Cable System with Hollow Core Fiber, Jiang Lin¹, Yanpu Wang¹, Quanying Wen¹, Bangtian Xu¹, Jianping Li¹; ¹*HMN TECH, China*. This paper analyzes the maximum capacity of hollow core fiber in submarine system with limited power supply. In comparison to the high performance submarine fiber G.654.D, the capacity is increased by maximum about 54.4% within 10000km.

Th2A.18

Enabling Gain-Clamped SOA in Point-to-Multipoint Digital Subcarrier Coherent Transmission System, Lulu Chen¹, Weihao Li¹, Mingming Zhang¹, Jianfeng Han¹, Zihe Hu¹, Shengming Shi¹, Ming Tang¹; ¹*Huazhong Univ. of Science and Techn, China*. We implement SOA into DSCM-based coherent P2MP systems for low-cost amplification. Clamped by the round-trip LO, 15-dB gain is achieved without signal distortions. The power budget of 31.12 dB is demonstrated experimentally.

Th2A.19

Meta-Learning Nonlinear Equalizer for Hyperparameters Tuning for 206.9Tbps PCS-WDM Optical Transmission, Zicai Cao¹, Yaqin Wang², Ziheng Zhang¹, Shuchang Yao², Qingyu He³, Wenhai Yu², Jing Dai², Ming Luo³, Hongguang Zhang⁴, Xi Xiao^{3,4}, Qi Yang¹, Mengfan Cheng¹, Deming Liu¹, Lei Deng¹; ¹*Huazhong Univ. of Science and Techn, China*; ²*Fiberhome Telecommunication Technologies Co., LTD, China*; ³*China Information and Communication Technologies Group Corporation (CICT), China*; ⁴*National Information Optoelectronics*

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Innovation Center, China. A meta-learning-based nonlinear equalizer architecture is proposed for hyperparameters tuning and experimentally demonstrated in a S+C+L-band PCS128QAM coherent optical transmission over 150km-G654.E, achieving an AIR of 206.9Tbps while significantly reducing additional training cost by 80.2%.

Th2A.20

Adaptive Step-Size Digital Back-Propagation for Ultra-High Baud Unrepeated Systems with Raman Amplification, Zhiyuan Yang¹, Mengfan Fu¹, Xi Chen¹, Lilin Yi¹, Weisheng Hu¹, Qunbi Zhuge¹; ¹*Shanghai Jiao Tong Univ., China.* We propose an adaptive step-size subcarrier-multiplexing digital back-propagation (AS-SCM-DBP) which achieves 2.06 dB and 0.99 dB SNR gains compared to linear compensation and SCM-DBP in single-channel 300 GBd 8-subcarrier unrepeated SCM systems with Raman amplification.

Th2A.21

Experimental Verification of an Analytical Model of Filtering Impact on Coherent Digital Subcarriers Systems, Pablo Torres-Ferrera¹, Giuseppe Parisi¹, Jacqueline Sime¹, Carlos Castro¹, Roberto Gaudino², Giuseppe Rizzelli Martella², Federico Peverè³, Sezer Erkilinc³, Thomas Duthel¹, Chris R. Fludger¹, Antonio Napoli¹; ¹*Infinera GmbH, Germany*; ²*Politecnico di Torino, Italy*; ³*Infinera, Sweden.* We present the experimental verification of a developed analytical model to estimate the filtering penalty in digital subcarrier coherent systems, reporting a high model accuracy with a maximum error in sensitivity penalty of 0.4 dB.

Th2A.22

Experimental Demonstration of Ultra-Low-Attenuation Antiresonant Hollow Core Fiber Transmission in S Band Based on Homemade BDFAs, Lei Shen², Bing Han¹, Guofeng Yan¹, Shuo Xu², Li Zhang², Lei Zhang², Jun Chu², Jie Luo², Jian Wang¹; ¹*Hust, China*; ²*YOFC, China.* We demonstrated the 600-km ultra-low-loss NANF transmission of 25 Gbaud QPSK signals in S band based on a solely NANF recirculating loop system and high-performance BDFAs.

Th2A.23

Photonic THz Sensing-Assisted Multipath Channel Estimation for ISAC, Zhidong Lyu^{1,2}, Lu Zhang¹, Mingzheng Lei³, Qiuzhuo Deng¹, Zuomin Yang¹, Xing Fang¹, Oskars Ozolins^{5,4}, Guangyi Liu⁶, Min Zhu³, Xiaodan Pang^{1,5}, Xianbin Yu¹; ¹*Zhejiang Univ., China*; ²*KTH Royal Inst. of Technology, Sweden*; ³*Purple Mountain Laboratories, China*; ⁴*RISE Research Inst.s of Sweden, Sweden*; ⁵*Riga Technical Univ., Latvia*; ⁶*China Mobile Communication Research Inst., China.* We present a sensing-assisted multipath channel estimation method for photonic terahertz integrated sensing and communication systems, achieving ~8 dB compensation gain in a 20 Gbps over 20 m multipath 124 GHz wireless communication link.

Th2A.24

Underwater Acoustic OFDM Transmission Over Optical Fiber with Distributed Acoustic Sensing, Wataru Kohno¹, Jian Fang¹, Shuji Murakami¹, Giovanni Milione¹, Ting Wang¹; ¹*NEC Laboratories America, Inc, USA.* We demonstrate fiber-optic acoustic data transmission using distributed acoustic sensing technology in an underwater environment. An acoustic orthogonal frequency-division multiplexing (OFDM) signal transmitted through a fiber-optic cable deployed in a standard 40-meter-scale underwater testbed.

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Th2A.25

Ultra-Short Period, Wideband, and Uninterrupted Microwave Photonic Frequency-Hopping Communication, Xiaoyang Liu¹, Qichao Lu², Tong Cheng², Renjie Li², Mengfan Cheng¹, Deming Liu¹, Lei Deng¹; ¹*Huazhong Univ. of Science and Technology, China*; ²*China Ship Development and Design Centre, China*. We proposed an ultra-short period, wideband microwave photonic frequency-hopping (FH) communication based on I/Q modulation, and experimentally demonstrated 5ns-period and 10GHz-range QPSK/16QAM multi-frequency-point FH microwave signal transmission without communication interruption caused by frequency switching.

Th2A.26

Overwater Low-Altitude Source Localization by Underwater Distributed Hydrophone, Shuolong Zhu¹, Ke Ai¹, Junfeng Chen¹, Cunzheng Fan¹, Hao Li¹, Zhijun Yan^{1,2}, Qizhen Sun^{1,2}; ¹*Huazhong Univ. of Science and Technology, China*; ²*Jinyinhu Laboratory, China*. We propose a method to locate the overwater low-altitude source by the underwater distributed hydrophone with spectral subtraction preprocessing. The strongest external noise component is reduced by 10.2dB and maximum localization error is (7.8°, 0.3444m).

Th2A.27

Photonics-Aided THz ISAC System Based on a Spectral Overlapping Multi-Carrier 16QAM-LFM Waveform, Mingzheng Lei¹, Qingzhi Zhou², Junhao Zhang², Hao Li², Bingchang Hua¹, Yuancheng Cai¹, Jiao Zhang¹, Xingyu Chen¹, Junjie Ding¹, Hongjia Liu², Zewei Zhang², Sha Zhu³, Bo Liu⁴, Jianjun Yu⁵, Min Zhu²; ¹*Purple Mountain Laboratories, China*; ²*National Mobile Communications Research Laboratory, Southeast Univ., China*; ³*Inst. of Intelligent Photonics, Nankai Univ., China*; ⁴*Nanjing Univ. of Information Science & Technology, China*; ⁵*Key Laboratory for Information Science of Electromagnetic Waves, Fudan Univ., China*. We design a spectral overlapping multi-carrier 16QAM-LFM waveform. A photonics-assisted THz integrated sensing and communication (ISAC) system with simultaneous 52-Gbps data rate and 1.2-cm radial resolution is realized using the proposed spectrally efficient multi-carrier waveform.

Th2A.28

Optical QAM Neural Networks for Efficient AI Accelerators, Marc G. Bacvanski¹, Sri K. Vadlamani¹, Kfir Sulimany¹, Dirk R. Englund¹; ¹*Massachusetts Inst. of Technology, USA*. Analog optical neural networks are a promising paradigm for low power AI accelerators, but analog modulation even at low bit precision is energy intensive. Inspired by telecom's QAM, QAM ONNs leverage light's complex amplitude to boost accuracy and efficiency, creating new opportunities for hardware constrained AI applications.

Th2A.29

Native and Reconfigurable Distributed Acoustic Sensing Integrated with Single-Carrier 64QAM Transmission Signal, Zihe Hu¹, Can Zhao¹, Mingming Zhang¹, Junda Chen¹, Ming Tang¹; ¹*Huazhong Univ. of Science and Technology, China*. We propose a native and reconfigurable ISAC scheme to extract DAS directly from 64QAM transmission signal, realizing flexible spatial resolutions ranging from 1.6m to 8m, with corresponding phase noise floors from -64.5dB to -48.9dB rad²/Hz.

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Th2A.30

High-Fidelity Discrete Fractional Fourier Transform in Integrated Optics, Guangsong Yuan¹, Hongxiang Guo¹, Shunxin Song¹, Suping Jiao¹, Jian Wu¹; ¹*Beijing University of Posts and Communi, China*. We present an inverse-designed integrated optics device achieving a $\pi/4$ -order discrete fractional Fourier transform (DFrFT) with fidelities of 0.995 (simulation) and 0.899 (experiment). This scalable design enables the implementation of higher-order DFrFTs through additivity.

Th2A.31

Real-Time FBG Wavelength Shift Sensing System Using a Gain Switched Dual Comb, Minghao Wei^{2,1}, Conor McArdle², Aleksandra Kaszubowska-Anandarajah^{1,2}, Alejandro Rosado^{2,1}, Davide Janner³, Malhar Nagar³, Prince M. Anandarajah^{2,1}; ¹*CONNECT Research Centre, Dunlop Oriel House, Trinity College Dublin, Ireland*; ²*Photonics Systems and Sensing Lab, School of Electronic Engineering, Dublin City Univ., Ireland*; ³*Inst. of Materials Physics and Engineering, DISAT - Politecnico di Torino, Italy*. Real-time FBG wavelength shift tracking system using an injected gain-switched dual comb and a custom signal processing solution is demonstrated. High accuracy and sensing resolution of 0.855 pm at 43 Hz capture rate is achieved.

Th2A.32

Reconfigurable Photonic-Assisted Interrupted-Sampling Repetitive Repeater Jamming System, Senyu Zhang^{1,2}, Yiqiang Ou^{1,2}, Hao Lin³, Yunlong Li^{1,2}, Shuang Zheng^{1,2}, Minming Zhang^{1,2}; ¹*School of Optical and Electronic Information, Huazhong Univ. of Science and Technology, China*; ²*National Engineering Research Center for Next Generation Internet Access System, China*; ³*Qingdao Univ., China*. We report the first reconfigurable photonic-assisted interrupted-sampling repetitive repeater jamming system utilizing multi-path optical delay, achieving 22 false targets against an 18 GHz linear frequency-modulated signal and 4 against phase-coded signal using four delay paths.

Th2A.33

Strain Accumulation Rate in Fiber Spools in the Presence of Ambient Acoustic Noise in Laser Phase Interferometry, Yue-Kai Huang¹, Ezra Ip¹, Junqiang Hu¹, Shuji Murakami¹, Yoshiaki Aono², Koji Asahi²; ¹*NEC Laboratories America Inc., USA*; ²*NEC Corporation, Japan*. We investigate the growth rate of phase power spectral density in fiber spools in the presence of ambient acoustic noise, observing a complex interplay between spool geometry, shielding effects, and phase cancellation at high acoustic frequencies.

Th2A.34

A Three-Terminal Nanophotonic Integrator for Deep Neural Networks, Saamil Bandyopadhyay^{2,1}, Kfir Sulimany², Alexander Sludds², Ryan Hamerly^{2,1}, Keren Bergman³, Dirk R. Englund²; ¹*Physics and Informatics Laboratories, NTT Research, Inc., USA*; ²*Research Laboratory of Electronics, Massachusetts Inst. of Technology, USA*; ³*Department of Electrical Engineering, Columbia Univ., USA*. We demonstrate a nanophotonic integrator, fabricated in a silicon photonic process, that directly accumulates optical signals at 6.25 GSa/s in the optical domain without digitization and applies an inline nonlinearity for deep neural networks.

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Th2A.35

An Optoelectronic Neuromorphic Accelerator with Over 1 TOPS for Real-Valued and Over 3 TOPS for Complex-Valued Vectors, Ying Zhu¹, Kailai Liu^{1,2}, Yuhan Gong², Qingyu He², Ziyue Dang¹, Chao Yang², Ming Luo², Hongguang Zhang¹, Daigao Chen¹, Xi Xiao^{1,3}; ¹*National Optoelectronics Innovation Center, China*; ²*State Key Laboratory of Optical Communication Technologies and Networks, China*; ³*Peng Cheng Laboratory, China*. A scalable and integrable optoelectronic neuromorphic accelerator is demonstrated, achieving computing speeds of 1.024×10^3 TOPS and 3.072×10^3 TOPS for real-valued and complex-valued convolutions, respectively. It yields competitive accuracies in processing both real-valued and complex-valued convolution neural networks.

Th2A.36

Sub-Terahertz Signal Demultiplexing and Downconversion Using Photonic Technology, Pham Tien Dat¹, Yuya Yamaguchi¹, Yuki Yoshida¹, Atsushi Kanno², Naokatsu Yamamoto¹, Tetsuya Kawanishi³, Kouichi Akahane¹; ¹*NICT Network System Research Inst., Japan*; ²*Nagoya Inst. of Technology, Japan*; ³*Waseda Univ., Japan*. We propose a new method for sub-THz signal demultiplexing and downconverting using photonic technology. We demonstrated demultiplexing and downconversion of three multiplexed signals with a total capacity of 150 Gb/s in the W band to prove the proposed method.

Th2A.37

Experimental Demonstration of Integrated Remote Sensing and SDM Fiber-Optic Communications Through a 50-km 4-Core Fiber, Guofeng Yan¹, Ziyi Tang¹, Bing Han¹, Lei Shen², Shuo Xu², Li Zhang², Lei Zhang², Jun Chu², Jie Luo², Jian Wang¹; ¹*HUST, China*; ²*YOFC, China*. We first propose and demonstrate the integrated sensing and SDM communication system for simultaneous 100 Gbaud 16QAM signals transmission and remote rotational speed measurement.

Th2A.38

A Novel Photonic Instantaneous Frequency Measurement Technique Using Binary Deduction, Sreeraj S J¹, Mandeep Singh¹, Joydip Dutta¹, Pavitra Varsha¹, Deepa Venkitesh¹; ¹*IIT Madras, India*. This paper presents a novel photonic instantaneous frequency measurement (IFM) system based on sub-Nyquist sampling, utilizing a binary deduction algorithm. The proof of concept is demonstrated with two experiments.

Th2A.39

Localising State-of-Polarisation Perturbation on a Repeated Link Using Wavelength Dispersion Delay Walk-Off, Kristina Shizuka Yamase Skarvang¹, Daniel J. Elson², Shohei Beppu², Daiki Soma², Steinar Bjørnstad³, Dag Roar Hjelme¹, Yuta Wakayama²; ¹*NTNU, Norway*; ²*KDDI Research, Japan*; ³*Tampnet, Norway*. Localisation of state-of-polarisation transient events using group delay difference between two wavelengths is investigated for field-type conditions, assuming varying initial states in an amplified 80-km system. A spatial resolution of 5.4 km is achieved.

Th2A.40

All-Optical Multi-Frequency Conversion 5G NR Analog-Radio-Over-Fiber Fronthaul With Enhanced Performance Over Digitised Implementations, Vicente Fito¹, Maria Morant¹, Roberto Llorente¹; ¹*Nanophotonics Technology Center, Universitat Politècnica de València*,

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Spain. This work demonstrates all-optical frequency conversion for 5G NR by heterodyning two lines of an optical comb transmitted in multicore fiber, which outperforms conventional digital fronthaul systems considering SNR, and achieves long-range 58.8 km reach.

Th2A.41

2D Wide Field-of-View (FOV) Metalens Focal Plane Array (FPA) Based Silicon Photonic Beam Steering for Optical Wireless Communication (OWC), Pin-Cheng Kuo¹, Chung-Yu Hsu¹, Ping-Yen Hsieh¹, Yuan-Zeng Lin¹, You-Chia Chang¹, Chi-Wai Chow¹; ¹*National Yang Ming Chiao Tung Univ., Taiwan.* We demonstrate a 2D silicon-photonic beam steerer based on a metalens focal plane array with a field-of-view of 51.4°x6.12°. Data rates of 75.83-Gbit/s and 70.34-Gbit/s at center and side channels, respectively, are achieved.

Th2A.42

60 Gb/s SSB-FBMC Signals Wireless Transmission at 0.1THz Based on Simplified Parallel KK Receiver, Long Zhang¹, Jianjun Yu^{1,2}, Xiongwei Yang¹, Yikai Wang^{2,3}, Chengzhen Bian¹, Wen Zhou¹, Jiao Zhang^{2,3}, Min Zhu^{2,3}, Yi Wei¹, Qitong Zhang¹, Kaihui Wang¹; ¹*Fudan Univ., China;* ²*Purple Mountain Laboratories, China;* ³*Southeast Univ., China.* We proposed and experimentally demonstrated a simplified parallel Kramers–Kronig (KK) receiver for single-sideband (SSB) filter bank multi-carrier (FBMC) signals wireless transmission at 0.1THz utilizing envelope detection. After 10-km wire and 3-m wireless transmission, a net rate of 63.1 Gbit/s 16QAM-SSB-FBMC signals transmission is achieved.

Th2A.43

Side-Emitting Fiber-Based Optical Camera Communication Under Fog Conditions, Klara Eollos Jarosikova¹, Carlos Guerra-Yanez¹, Stanislav Zvanovec¹, Matej Komanec¹; ¹*Czech Technical Univ. in Prague, Czechia.* We demonstrate the resilience of a side-emitting fiber-based optical camera communication (OCC) channel under severe fog conditions. For visibility of only 6.2 m, the link provides reliable communication vital for outdoor emergency services.

Th2A.44

Highly-Accurate Real-Time Instantaneous Frequency Estimation of a Fast-Chirped Laser and Its Application for FMCW LiDAR Nonlinearity Correction, Xuebing Zhang², Javier P. Santacruz², Jac Romme², Amir A. Kashi², Gijs Elzakk², Marcus Dahlem¹, Dongjae Shin², Ruud Oldenbeuving²; ¹*IMEC, Netherlands;* ²*IMEC-NL, Netherlands.* A novel real-time optical instantaneous frequency estimator for fast-chirped lasers is introduced, offering higher accuracy, reduced algorithm complexity, and shorter time delay than the traditional Hilbert transform-based approach. An application for FMCW LiDAR nonlinearity correction is demonstrated using a 0.25-m fiber.

Th2A.45

Beam Divergence and Atmospheric Turbulence Resiliency Enhancement in Free Space Optical Communication with Multiple Receivers and Maximal-Ratio Combining Algorithm, Shin-Yu Lee¹, Yin-He Jian¹, Tzu-Chieh Wei¹, Chi-Wai Chow¹; ¹*National Yang Ming Chiao Tung Univ., Taiwan.* We demonstrate a free-space-optical-communication (FSOC) using multiple receivers (Rxs) processed with maximal-ratio-combining. Results show that multiple Rxs perform not only as well as a large aperture Rx, but also improve the atmospheric turbulence performance.

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Th2A.46

Demonstration of Distance-Dependent Data Channel Recovery in a 40-Gbit/s QPSK 2-Channel Mode-Multiplexed FSO Link by Varying the Longitudinal Wavenumbers of Structured Light, Ruoyu Zeng¹, Yingning Wang¹, Abdulrahman Alhaddad¹, Huibin Zhou¹, Hongkun Lian¹, Yuxiang Duan¹, Muralekrishnan Ramakrishnan¹, Zile Jiang¹, Yue Zuo¹, Wing Ko¹, Xinzhou Su¹, Mo Mojahedi², Moshe Tur³, Alan Willner¹; ¹*Univ. of Southern California, USA*; ²*Univ. of Toronto, Canada*; ³*Tel Aviv Univ., Israel*. We experimentally demonstrate tunable distance-dependent data channel recovery in a 40-Gbit/s QPSK MDM FSO link by varying the longitudinal wavenumbers of structured beams. Data channel privacy is enhanced by a >25dB power difference between the received signals at the intended and undesired locations.

Th2A.47

Bidirectional High-Speed Beam-Steered Optical Wireless Communication Assisted by LCoS Based 7-Core Fiber, Jin Tao¹, Mian Wu¹, Yuhan Gong¹, Chao Yang¹, Lin Wu¹, Ming Luo¹, Zhen Li¹, Xi Xiao², Zhixue He³, Shaohua Yu³; ¹*China Information Communication Technologies Group Corporation (CICT), China*; ²*National Information Optoelectronics Innovation Center, China*; ³*Pengcheng Laboratory, China*. Supported by LCoS based 7-core fiber and multichannel transmitter, we experimentally demonstrate a 120Gb/s/λ intelligent bidirectional high-speed beam-steering optical wireless communication system with field-of-view of 7.0°×7.2° over 3.2 m within SD-FEC limit of 2.4 ×10⁻².

Th2A.48

End-to-End Learning-Based Autoencoder Framework for Faster-Than-Nyquist Optical Wireless Transmission, Yuan Wei¹, Chaoxu Chen¹, Wentao Sun¹, Chao Shen¹, Ziwei Li¹, Yingjun Zhou¹, Junwen Zhang¹, Nan Chi¹, Jianyang Shi¹; ¹*Key Laboratory for Information Science of Electromagnetic Waves (MoE), Fudan Univ., China*. We propose a novel autoencoder framework for FTN transmission to jointly optimize the ISI caused by FTN signaling and the impairments of the physical channel. The feasibility of the framework is experimentally demonstrated in a practical optical wireless communication system, achieving the lowest spectrum compression ratio of 0.68.

Th2A.49

Dual-Domain Feature Learning for Anomaly Detection and Localization in Free-Space Optical Systems, Song Song^{2,1}, Jiaqing Jia^{2,1}, Xiangyu Liu³, Yejun Liu^{2,1}, Lun Zhao^{2,1}, Tingwei Wu^{2,1}, Lei Guo⁴; ¹*Inst. of Intelligent Communications and Network Security, Chongqing Univ. of Posts and Telecommunications, China*; ²*School of Communications and Information Engineering, Chongqing Univ. of Posts and Telecommunications, China*; ³*School of Information Science and Engineering, Shenyang Ligong Univ., China*; ⁴*Inst. of Information and Communications, Chongqing Univ. of Posts and Telecommunications, China*. To enhance reliability of FSO system, we offer a novel approach and propose Dual-Domain Feature Multitask Network (DFMT-Net) for anomaly detection and localization, achieving 99.42% detection accuracy and 98.03% localization accuracy.

Th2A.50

20.1-km D-Band Wireless Transmission Enabled by CVMSO NN Equalizer in Photonics-Aided Coherent MMW Systems, Sicong Xu¹, Wen Zhou¹, Qihang Wang¹, Yi Wei¹, Xiongwei Yang¹, Mingxu Wang¹, Xin Lu¹, Jie Zhang¹, Jingtao Ge¹, Jingwen Lin¹, Yuan Ma¹, Si q. Wang¹,

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Zhihang Ou¹, Jianjun Yu^{1,2}; ¹*Fudan Univ., China*; ²*Purple Mountain Laboratories, China*. We demonstrate D-band 2-GBaud QPSK signal transmission over a 20.1-km wireless link at 125-GHz in a photonics-assisted millimeter wave coherent communication system using complexed-valued multi-symbol output (CVMSO) neural network (NN) nonlinear equalizer with 1.8-dB gain.

Th2A.51

Optical Phased Array Beam Steering Utilizing Phase Modulation Characteristics Derived From on-Chip Phase Monitor, Makoto Nakai¹, Hiroyuki Matsubara¹, Atsutaka Miyamichi¹, Tatsuya Yamashita¹, Masashige Sato², Shotaro Miyawaki², Koichi Oyama²; ¹*Toyota Central R&D Labs Inc, Japan*; ²*MIRISE Technologies Corporation, Japan*. The phase modulation characteristics of the modulator in a 32-channel silicon photonics optical phased array was derived with an on-chip phase monitor. With the derived characteristics, beam forming is demonstrated within 40 degrees Field-of-View.

Th2A.52

Fiber Coupling: A Path to Eye-Safe and Reliable FSO Communications, Vitor D. Correia¹, Manuel José M. de Freitas¹, Paulo Monteiro¹, Fernando Guiomar¹, Gil Fernandes¹; ¹*Instituto de Telecomunicações, Portugal*. We use MCF coupling to implement a multi-aperture FSO communication system relaxing eye-safety and enhancing reliability. Experimental validation at 200 Gbps in a turbulence chamber shows 20% reliability gains compared to a single-aperture system.

Th2A.53

Bit-Rate Adaptive Optical Attocell Networks With λ -Tunable Beam Steering Under Physical Impairments, Takahiro Kodama^{1,2}, Kiichiro Kuwahara¹, Mikolaj Wolny², Eduward Tangdiongga²; ¹*Kagawa Univ., Japan*; ²*Electro-Optical Communication Systems Group, Eindhoven Univ. of Technology, Netherlands*. We demonstrated maximizing transmission capacity and defining discrete and continuous coverage boundaries in an optical attocell network, utilizing bit-rate adaptation. This approach accounts for beam profile and aberration-induced coupling losses in wavelength-tunable beam steering.

Th2A.54

BER-Analysis Based Resource Allocation Algorithm in SDN-Controlled Multi-User NOMA-OFDM VLC System, Chengju Hu¹, Jianhang Li¹, Yongxin Wang¹, Yang Hong², Jian Zhao¹; ¹*South China Univ. of Technology, China*; ²*Nokia Bell Labs, France*. We propose a novel BER-analysis based resource allocation algorithm for multi-user NOMA-OFDM and demonstrate in an SDN-controlled VLC system with real-time transmitter that it outperforms conventional algorithms under varying user demand, distances and receiving angles.

Th2A.55

Field Demonstration of Cell-Free Massive MIMO System Utilizing Analog IFoF-Based Fronthaul Link, Shinji Nimura¹, Yu Tsukamoto¹, Takahide Murakami¹, Kazuki Tanaka¹, Kamy Y. Yazdandoost¹, Hiroyuki Shinbo¹, Yoshiaki Amano¹, Ryo Inohara¹; ¹*KDDI Research, Japan*. Cell-Free massive MIMO, which requires phase accuracy of 15°, was successfully demonstrated with analog-IFoF fronthaul link at outdoor environment. Precise phase stability of < 1.41° and successful MIMO operation were confirmed for 48 hours experiment.

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Th2A.56

Achieving High-Efficiency Error-Correcting Transmission of Qutrits with on-Chip Quantum Autoencoder, Denghui Wang¹, Haoran Ma¹, Donghui Chen¹, Liao Ye¹, Fanjie Ruan¹, Yuehai Wang¹, Jianyi Yang¹; ¹*Zhejiang Univ., China*. We designed a programmable quantum autoencoder on a silicon photonic chip with nearly no compression loss, which enabled us to propose and implement a new highly efficient error-correcting transmission protocol for qutrits.

Th2A.57

Silicon Photonic Generation and Measurement of Multi-Channel Energy-Time Entangled Photons Distributed Over 40km Single Mode Fiber, Yue Qin¹, Hongnan Xu¹, Hon Ki Tsang¹; ¹*Chinese Univ. of Hong Kong, Hong Kong*. Here we report on a monolithic integrated silicon system that enables the multi-channel energy-time entanglement up to 40 km single mode fiber distribution with visibility over 96%.

Th2A.58

Integrated Frequency-Agile 780 nm PZT Silicon Nitride Ring Modulator and Application to Sub-Doppler Atom Cooling, Andrei Isichenko¹, Nick Montifiore¹, Jiawei Wang¹, Nitesh Chauhan¹, Mark W. Harrington¹, Iain Kierzewski², Ryan Q. Rudy², Daniel J. Blumenthal¹; ¹*ECE, UC Santa Barbara, USA*; ²*U.S. Army Research Laboratory, USA*. We demonstrate a 780 nm PZT-on-Si₃N₄ stress-optic ring modulator with 2.8 million Q, 11 MHz modulation bandwidth, and 1 GHz/V static tuning. The modulator enables precise laser frequency control for sub-Doppler cooling of rubidium atoms.

Th2A.59

High-Q and Low Mode Volume Photonic Crystal Nanobeam Cavities on a Commercial 300 mm Silicon Photonic Platform, Skylar Deckoff-Jones¹, Angela Donis¹, Ana Elias¹, Jayson Briscoe², Gerald Leake², Daniel Coleman², Michael Fanto³, Robert Pettit¹, Ananthesh Sundaresh¹, Shobhit Gupta¹, Manish Kumar Singh¹, Sean Sullivan¹; ¹*memQ Inc, USA*; ²*AIM Photonics, USA*; ³*Air Force Research Laboratory, USA*. We fabricate photonic crystal nanobeam cavities quality factors in excess of 150,000 on AIM Photonics's 300mm silicon photonic platform. We use the cavities to demonstrate enhancement of Er³⁺ ion emission with Purcell factors >100.

Th2A.60

Adaptively Optimized Detection of Bright Pico-Second Twin Beams Generated in Fiber, Hongyi Yan¹, Wen Zhao¹, Xueshi Guo¹, Xiaoying Li¹; ¹*College of Precision Instrument and Opto-Electronics Engineering, Key Laboratory of Opto-Electronics Information Technology, Ministry of Education, Tianjin Univ., China*. We demonstrate an adaptive electrical gain optimized detection scheme for pulsed twin beams in optical fiber. Intensity difference squeezing level of -7.5 dB has been measured without the need of accurately calibrating channel losses.

Th2A.61

Characterizing a Metropolitan Fiber Link with Heralded Single Photons from an Electronic-Photonic Chip, Anirudh Ramesh¹, Ely M. Eastman¹, Danielius Kramnik², Imbert Wang³, Dorde Gluhovic³, Milos Popovic², Vladimir Stojanovic², Prem Kumar¹; ¹*Northwestern Univ., USA*; ²*UC Berkeley, USA*; ³*Boston Univ., USA*. We characterize single photon transmission through a ~ 48 km underground fiber link. Using an integrated source, we

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measure delay variations in the timing correlations between the photon-pairs of 40 ps over 90 minutes, compared to 200 ps in a 50 km spool kept in the laboratory, showing the suitability of buried fiber for quantum networks.

Th2A.62

Integrated High-Performance LDPC Decoder for Continuous-Variable Quantum Key Distribution System, Chuang Zhou¹, Yang Li¹, Li Ma¹, Yujie Luo¹, Wei Huang¹, Jie Yang¹, Bingjie Xu¹; ¹*Inst. of Southwestern Communication, China*. The throughput of the error correction decoding is one of the major bottlenecks of high-speed continuous-variable quantum key distribution (CV-QKD) systems and an integrated decoder with Gbps decoding throughput is implemented in this work.

Th2A.63

Demonstration of 400G Optical Interoperability in IP Over WDM Network Scenarios Over Single Span WDM System with and Without Optical Amplifiers, Yu Rong Zhou¹, Adrian Smith¹, Michael Phelan¹, Russell Davey¹, John Keens², Martyn Allen², Anuj Malik², Nikolay Manolov³, Julian Lucek³, Leonard Luna³; ¹*BT Group plc, UK*; ²*Cisco Systems Inc, USA*; ³*Juniper Networks Inc, USA*. We show successful demonstration of 400G optical interoperability in IP over WDM investigating 400G ZR and high power ZR+ performance over single span amplified and passive WDM system with streaming telemetry for multi-vendor routers

14:00 -- 16:00

Room 207

Th3D • Point to Multipoint and Satellite Networks

Presider: Daniel Kilper; Univ. of Dublin Trinity College, Ireland

Th3D.1 • 14:00

On the Synergy Between Flexible Ethernet and Point-to-Multipoint Optical Networks, Meihan Wu¹, Xiaoliang Chen¹, Francesco Musumeci², Ruoxing Li¹, Yuxiao Zhang¹, Qian Lv¹, Zuqing Zhu¹; ¹*Univ. of Science and Technology of China, China*; ²*Politecnico di Milano, Italy*. We present the first comparative study on the synergistic benefits between flexible Ethernet and point-to-multipoint optical networks. Simulations confirm that by combining the two techniques adaptively, service provisioning can be achieved with significantly higher cost-effectiveness.

Th3D.2 • 14:15

QoS-Aware Resource Allocation in Point to Multipoint (P2MP) Metro Aggregation Networks, Polizois Soumplis^{1,2}, Konstantinos Christodouloupoulos^{2,3}, Konstantinos Yiannopoulos^{2,4}, Emmanuel Varvarigos^{1,2}; ¹*School of Electrical and Computer Engineering, National Technical Univ. of Athens, Greece*; ²*Inst. of Communication and Computer Systems,, Greece*; ³*Department of Informatics and Telecommunications, National and Kapodistrian Univ. of Athens, Greece*; ⁴*Department of Informatics and Telecommunications, Univ. of the Peloponnese, Greece*. We examine dynamic resource allocation using Coherent Point-to-Multipoint (P2MP) transceivers for metro aggregation. Dynamic scheduling improves resource utilization, ensuring high-priority traffic capacity and adaptability, while reducing transceiver needs and costs compared to static methods.

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Th3D.3 • 14:30 (Invited)

Point-to-Multipoint Coherent Optics in ROADM-Based Networks: Opportunities and Challenges, Nina Skorin-Kapov¹, Pablo Pavon-Marino^{2,3}, Antonio Ginés Buendía López^{2,3}, Joao Pedro⁴; ¹*Centro Universitario de la Defensa, San Javier Air Force Base, Spain*; ²*Universidad Politécnica de Cartagena, Spain*; ³*E-lighthouse Network Solutions, Spain*; ⁴*Infinera Unipessoal Lda, Portugal*. This paper discusses potential benefits and challenges in introducing point-to-multipoint (P2MP) digital subcarrier-based transceivers in ROADM-based networks. An analysis of different ROADM architectures to support P2MP connections is presented, including costs, insertion losses and functionality.

Th3D.4 • 15:00

Resource Allocation with Service Level Constraints in Point-to-Multipoint Metro-Core Networks, Konstantinos (Kostas) Christodoulopoulos^{1,2}, Polizois Soumplis², Panagiotis Kokkinos², Antonio Napoli³, Mohammad Hosseini³, Konstantinos Yiannopoulos², Emmanuel Varvarigos²; ¹*Univ. of Athens, Greece*; ²*Inst. of Communication and Computer Systems, Greece*; ³*Infinera, Germany*. We analyze the cost-effectiveness of a point-to-multipoint metro-core (P2MP) architecture in scenarios where service-level requirements allow for dynamic allocation and sharing of spectrum. Significant cost savings are demonstrated compared to utilizing point-to-point (P2P) transceivers.

Th3D.5 • 15:15

Multi-Layer Orbit-Weave Optical Satellite Networks with Cross-Layer Routing for Stable Service Delivery, Hua Wang², Yongli Zhao¹, Massimo Tornatore³, Wei Wang¹, Jie Zhang¹; ¹*Beijing Univ. of Posts & Telecom, China*; ²*Nanjing Tech Univ., China*; ³*Politecnico di Milano, Italy*. We propose a multi-layer constellation for optical satellite networks and a cross-layer path-aggregation routing strategy to establish persistent links. Our proposal reduces blocking probability (12.6%) and link utilization (10.2%) with respect to a state-of-the-art single-orbit solution.

Th3D.6 • 15:30

Sub-Nanosecond Time Synchronization Method by Quasi-Dual-Frequency Distributed Time Synchronization in Time-Varying Optical Satellite Network, Kangqi Zhu^{2,1}, Nan Hua^{2,1}, Xiaoping Zheng^{2,1}; ¹*Department of Electronic Engineering, Tsinghua Univ., China*; ²*Beijing National Research Center for Information Science and Technology (BNRist), China*. We propose a cost-effective quasi-dual-frequency time synchronization method for time-varying optical satellite networks. The experimental results demonstrate that the prototype system can achieve 0.536-ns synchronization accuracy, which is 2 orders higher than the clock resolution.

14:00 -- 16:00

Room 208

Th3E • Photo-Detector and Integration

President: Patrick Runge; Fraunhofer HHI, Germany

Th3E.1 • 14:00

High-Power Germanium-Silicon Photodetector Integrated with On-Chip Antenna for Millimeter-Wave Wireless Communication, Xiangyu Guo¹, De Zhou¹, Zhizhou Zhou¹, Xinliang

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Zhang¹, Yu Yu¹; ¹*Huazhong Univ. of Science and Techn, China*. We demonstrate a fiber-to-millimeter-wave wireless transmitter chip by integrating a high-power germanium-silicon photodiode and a bowtie antenna, achieving 600 Mbps wireless communication at a carrier of 26 GHz.

Th3E.2 • 14:15

16 a/W, DC–200 GHz Ultra-Broadband Photoreceiver Module for High Baud Rate Small Signal Detection, Toshimasa Umezawa¹, Shinya Nakajima¹, Atsushi Matsumoto¹, Kouichi Akahane¹, Atsushi Kanno^{2,1}, Naokatsu Yamamoto¹; ¹*National Inst of Information & Comm Tech, Japan*; ²*Nagoya Inst. of Technology, Japan*. We designed and fabricated a 16 A/W high-responsivity, ultra-broadband uni-travelling carrier photodetector module covering DC-200 GHz (3 dB bandwidth), which was integrated with a semiconductor optical amplifier to enhance responsivity.

Th3E.3 • 14:30 (Invited)

InP-Based Photonic Crystal Surface Emitting Lasers for Optical Communication and LiDAR Applications, Yuhki Itoh^{1,2}, Takeshi Aoki^{1,2}, Makoto Ogasawara^{1,2}, Kosuke Fujii¹, Yusuke Sawada^{1,2}, Rei Tanaka¹, Shun Kimura¹, Hiroyuki Yoshinaga^{1,2}, Naoki Fujiwara^{1,2}, Hideki Yagi¹, Masaki Yanagisawa¹, Masahiro Yoshida², Takuya Inoue², Menaka De Zoysa², Kenji Ishizaki², Susumu Noda²; ¹*Sumitomo Electric Industries Ltd, Japan*; ²*Department of Electronic Science and Engineering, Kyoto Univ., Japan*. We report InP-based photonic-crystal surface-emitting lasers for C-band and O-band. Single-mode CW operation with high output exceeding 300 mW, narrow linewidth, and high beam quality is demonstrated utilizing large-area coherent resonance with 2D photonic crystal.

Th3E.4 • 15:00

Towards 200 GBaud Line Rates with Waveguide-Integrated Plasmonic Graphene Photodetectors, Daniel D. Rieben¹, Tobias Blatter¹, Stefan M. Koepfli¹, Laurenz Kulmer¹, Yannik Horst¹, David Moor¹, Shadi Nashashibi¹, Marina Homs¹, Dominik Bisang¹, Michael Baumann¹, Yuriy Fedoryshyn¹, Juerg Leuthold¹; ¹*ETH Zurich, Switzerland*. We introduce a new waveguide-integrated graphene photodetector using plasmonic resonant enhancement. With the proposed architecture a record-high symbol rate for graphene photodetectors of 192 GBaud was achieved in an all-plasmonic transmission system.

Th3E.5 • 15:15

Planar Tandem APD Arrays with a Large Window Size, High-Responsivity and High-Speed Performance, Pei-Syuan Lin¹, Chao-Chuan Kuo¹, You-Chia Chang², Jin-Wei Shi¹; ¹*Electrical Engineering, National Central Univ., Taiwan*; ²*Department of Photonics, National Yang Ming Chiao Tung Univ., Taiwan*. Novel APD arrays are demonstrated to relax trade-offs between size and gain-bandwidth-product (GBP). With 0.12mm window sizes, high-responsivity (1.2A/W), wide-bandwidth (6GHz), and large GBP (150GHz) can be simultaneously achieved with these flip-chip packaged 3x3 arrays.

Th3E.6 • 15:30

Monolithically Integrated High-Performance Ge-on-Si PIN Photodetectors With Nearly 60 GHz EO Bandwidth, 0.95 a/W Responsivity, <30 nA Dark Current and -36 dB Optical Return Loss Enabled by Ge Shape Optimization, Yusheng Bian¹; ¹*GLOBALFOUNDRIES, USA*. We present optimized Ge shaping techniques that significantly reduce the back reflection

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of O-band Ge-on-Si photodetectors, achieving an optical return loss of -36dB in conjunction with ~60GHz 3-dB-EO-bandwidth, 0.95A/W responsivity and average dark current <30nA.

Th3E.7 • 15:45

High-Gain Ge/Si Avalanche Photodetector Enhanced by Distributed Structure, Zhujun Wei¹, Qiang Zhang², Qikai Huang¹, Shengyu Fang¹, Xingyi Jiang¹, Shuyue Zhang¹, Yuchen Shi¹, Yuehai Wang¹, Gangqiang Zhou², Jianyi Yang¹, Hui Yu²; ¹Zhejiang Univ., China; ²Zhejiang Lab, China. We demonstrate a Ge/Si distributed avalanche photodetector. By implementing 4-stage/8-stage APD scheme, the avalanche gain is enhanced from 11 to 30/55. Furthermore, the corresponding gain-bandwidth product is improved from 102 GHz to 233/577 GHz.

14:00 -- 16:00

Room 215

Th3I • Free-Space Optical QKD, QRNG, and Classical Techniques

Presider: Rui Wang; Univ. of Bristol, UK

Th3I.1 • 14:00

Evaluation of Time-Bin Encoded Reference Frame Independent Quantum Key Distribution from Low-Earth Orbit Satellites, Costantino Agnesi¹, Francesco Piccariello¹, Giuseppe Vallone¹, Paolo Villorosi¹; ¹Universita degli Studi di Padova, Italy. Kinematic phase shift compensation is a major technical challenge for Time-Bin encoded Quantum Key Distribution, which could be solved by exploiting a Reference Frame Independent protocol. Here we present simulation results evaluating different operational scenarios.

Th3I.2 • 14:15

Bidirectional Fiber-Wireless-Fiber QKD Transmission Over 2x8.8Km Field-Deployed Single Feeder Link and 100m FSO Link, Konstantinos Tsimvradakis¹, Persefoni Konteli¹, Argiris Ntanos², Aristeidis Stathis², Nikolaos Makris¹, Panagiotis Kourelis², Alkinoos Papageorgopoulos¹, Giannis Giannoulis², Ilias Papastamatiou³, Petros Papapetropoulos³, Hercules Avramopoulos², George T. Kanellos¹, Dimitris Syvridis¹; ¹NKUA, Dept. of Inf. and Tel., Greece; ²National Technical Univ. of Athens (NTUA), Greece; ³GRNET S.A. – National Infrastructures for Research and Technology, Greece. We report on a bidirectional Fiber-Wireless-Fiber QKD system operating on a single feeder field-deployed fiber link with a 100m outdoor free-space optic segment. The QKD system performance is analyzed with and without the free-space link.

Th3I.3 • 14:30

FPA Beamforming for Alignment-Tolerant FSO QKD Links, Florian Honz¹, Winfried Boxleitner¹, Michael Hentschel¹, Philip Walther², Hannes Hübel¹, Bernhard Schrenk¹; ¹AIT, Austria; ²Univ. of Vienna, Austria. We demonstrate focal plane array beamforming for semi-blind deployments of free-space optical QKD links. We accomplish a secure-key rate of 1.2 kb/s at a QBER of 9.1% over a 63-m outdoor link during full sunshine.

Th3I.4 • 14:45 (Top-Scored)

Photonic Integrated Chip-Based Reference Frame Independent Quantum Key Distribution Transmitter, Kyongchun Lim¹, Byung-Seok Choi¹, Ju Hee Baek¹, Minchul Kim¹, Joong-Seon Choe¹, Kap-Joong Kim¹, Dong Churl Kim¹, Junsang Oh¹, Chun Ju Youn¹; ¹ETRI, Korea (the

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Republic of). For the first time, we present a photonic integrated chip-based RFI QKD transmitter, modularized in CFP2 form factor. The transmitter's capability is demonstrated through free-space QKD experiments, highlighting its potential for secure quantum communication.

Th3I.5 • 15:00

Experimental Demonstration of Quantum Nearest Centroid Classification Algorithm

Using Orbital Angular Momentum of Photons, Dawei Lyu^{1,2}, Qianke Wang^{1,2}, Jun Liu^{1,2}, Jian Wang^{1,2}; ¹Wuhan National Laboratory for Optoelectronics and School of Optical and Electronic Information, Huazhong Univ. of Science and Technology, China; ²Optics Valley Laboratory, China. We experimentally demonstrate a classical simulation of the quantum nearest centroid classification algorithm using orbital angular momentum (OAM) modes of photons, achieving an impressive classification accuracy of 86.7% on the Iris dataset.

Th3I.6 • 15:15 (Invited)

High-Speed on-Chip Real-Time QRNG, Cédric Bruynsteen¹; ¹IMEC, Belgium. Quantum random number generators harness the inherent unpredictability of quantum entropy sources to produce truly random numbers. This talk explores how integration enables high-speed, real-time generation of these numbers for use in secure communication.

14:00 -- 16:00

Room 301

Th3J • Device Applications for Wireless Communications

Presider: Maria Morant; Universitat Politècnica de València, Spain

Th3J.1 • 14:00 (Top-Scored)

Demonstration of Mid-Wavelength Infrared IM/DD Communications Using Air-Suspended Thin-Film Lithium Niobate Intensity Modulator, Xinzhou Su¹, Chun-ho Lee¹, Xinyi Ren¹, Zile Jiang¹, Huibin Zhou¹, Yue Zuo¹, Shaoyuan Ou¹, Reshma Kopparapu¹, Yue Yu¹, Adam Heiniger², Moshe Tur³, Zaijun Chen¹, Mengjie Yu¹, Alan Willner¹; ¹Univ. of Southern California, USA; ²TOPTICA Photonics Inc., USA; ³Tel Aviv Univ., Israel. We demonstrate an air-suspended thin-film-lithium-niobate Mach-Zehnder intensity modulator for mid-infrared communications. Data channels of various modulation formats are achieved, including 1.5-Gbaud OOK, 1.5-Gbaud PAM-4, 0.5-Gbaud PAM-6, and 0.5-Gbaud PAM-8.

Th3J.2 • 14:15

Generation of High-Extinction-Ratio PPM Signals Using a Single IQ Modulator, Jihoon Lee¹, Hoon Kim¹; ¹KAIST, Korea (the Republic of). We propose a novel method to generate a pulse-position modulation (PPM) signal having a high extinction ratio (ER) using an IQ modulator. We achieve a 40-dB ER for 64-PPM signals in our experimental demonstration.

Th3J.3 • 14:30 (Invited)

Optomechanical Cavities for All-Optical Microwave Signal Processing, Laura Mercade^{1,2}, Roberto Llorente², Alejandro Martínez²; ¹Department of Applied Physics, Escuela Politécnica Superior de Alcoy, Spain; ²Nanophotonics Technology Center, Universitat Politècnica de València, Spain. All-optical microwave signal processing using optomechanical cavities on silicon chips in the optical domain is demonstrated. Demonstrations include low phase noise

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generation, frequency conversion, and enhanced stability, showing promise for next-generation wireless and satellite communications.

Th3J.4 • 15:00 (Top-Scored)

Silicon-Based Optical Phased Array Enabled Non-Line-of-Sight Optical Wireless Communication, Yingzhi Li¹, Baisong Chen¹, Xuotong Li¹, Huan Qu¹, Heming Hu¹, Jie Li¹, Weipeng Wang¹, Quanxin Na², Qijie Xie², Lei Wang², Junfeng Song^{1,2}; ¹*Jilin Univ., China*; ²*Peng Cheng Laboratory, China*. We propose and demonstrate an optical wireless communication (OWC) system with the silicon-based optical phased arrays (OPAs) transceiver. The system achieved full-duplex data transmission covering 120° steering range and 220-Gbps non-line-of-sight signal transmission.

Th3J.5 • 15:15

All-Plasmonic sub-Terahertz Wireless Link, Laurenz Kulmer¹, Tobias Blatter¹, Amane Zuerrer¹, Stefan M. Koepfli¹, Samuel Hess¹, Yannik Horst¹, Marcel Destraz², Jasmin Smajic¹, Yuriy Fedoryshyn¹, Juerg Leuthold¹; ¹*ETH Zurich, Switzerland*; ²*Polariton Technologies AG, Switzerland*. We offer a highest bandwidth, low-footprint, scalable and low-cost solution for sub-THz wireless communication links. We employ a plasmonic-graphene approach. The solution is tested for transmission of 120 Gbit/s at a carrier-frequency of 285 GHz.

Th3J.6 • 15:30

A 15-25GHz RF Photonic Front-End With 22nm CMOS Dual-Differential Driver and Silicon Traveling-Wave Mach-Zehnder Modulator, Yu-Lun Luo¹, Dharma Paladugu¹, Christi Madsen¹, Kamran Entesari¹, Samuel Palermo¹; ¹*Electrical and Computer Engineering, Texas A&M Univ., USA*. A RF photonic front-end using dual-differential driving scheme is reported with a 22nm CMOS FD-SOI driver co-integrated with a silicon traveling-wave Mach-Zehnder modulator. The proposed front-end achieves 15-25GHz bandwidth with 2dBm IIP3 and consumes 448mW.

Th3J.7 • 15:45

High-Extinction-Ratio PCSEL-Based on-off-Keyed Signal Generation for Fiber-Amplifier-Free Space Optical Communications, Shota Ishimura¹, Takuya Inoue², Shin Fukuhara¹, Ryohei Morita³, Hidenori Takahashi¹, Takehiro Tsuritani¹, Menaka De Zoysa², Kenji Ishizaki², Masatoshi Suzuki⁴, Susumu Noda^{2,3}; ¹*KDDI Research Inc., Japan*; ²*Photonics and Electronics Science and Engineering Center, Kyoto Univ., Japan*; ³*Department of Electronic Science and Engineering, Kyoto Univ., Japan*; ⁴*Chitose Inst. of Science and Technology, Japan*. We demonstrate PCSEL-based on-off-keyed signal generation with high extinction ratios using a 1-bit delay interferometer. We show that this approach enhances receiver sensitivity by >10 dB.

14:00 -- 16:00

Room 304

Th3K • Coherent DSP

Presider: Chen Zhu; Baidu Inc., China

Th3K.1 • 14:00 (Invited)

Low-Power DSP for Next-Generation Interoperable 1.6T Coherent Pluggables Employing Digital Subcarriers, Mohamed Osman¹, Han Sun¹, Chris R. Fludger¹, Harald Bock¹, Robert Maher¹; ¹*Infinera Corp., Canada*. We emphasize the need for digital subcarrier multiplexed

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(DSCM) signals for next-generation 1.6T coherent pluggables to alleviate the impact of EEPN. We review the DSP stack for the DSCM system and highlight operational implications relative to today's interoperable single carrier signals.

Th3K.2 • 14:30

Transmitter Impairment Mitigation by 8X4 Phase-Dependent Frequency-Domain Equalizer, Pengpeng Wei¹, Xuemeng Hu², Zepeng Gong², Xu Zhang², Qingyu He³, Ming Luo³, Tianye Huang², Xiang Li², Xiaobin Hong¹, Yan Li¹, Jian Wu¹; ¹*State Key Laboratory of Informatics and Optical Communications, Beijing Univ. of Posts and Telecom(Beijing), China*; ²*School of Mechanical Engineering and Electronic Information, China Univ. of Geosciences (Wuhan), China*; ³*National Laboratory of Optical Communication Technologies and Networks, China Information and Communication Technologies Group Corporation (CICT), China*. In this paper, we propose to mitigate the transmitter IQ impairments by introducing phase-dependent decision-directed least mean squares algorithm in a 8X4 channel equalizer in frequency domain with low computational complexity characteristics.

Th3K.3 • 14:45

A Novel Blind Adaptive Filter Based on Subband Decomposition and Synthesis for Optical Coherent Systems, Wanzhen Guo¹, Zhaoquan Fan¹, Jiating Luo², Bofang Zheng², Yi Cai³, Jian Zhao¹; ¹*South China Univ. of Technology, China*; ²*Huawei Technologies Co. Ltd., China*; ³*Soochow Univ., China*. We propose a novel subband-based blind adaptive filter and show that the proposed method exhibits faster convergence speed, higher tolerance to optical filtering, loop delay and RSOP speed, and lower complexity than conventional fullband filter.

Th3K.4 • 15:00

Optimized Sparsification Algorithm for Low-Complexity Adaptive Equalizers in Short-Reach Coherent Transmission, Xiangyong Dong^{2,1}, Yu Zhenming^{2,1}, Hongyu Huang^{2,1}, Kaixuan Sun^{2,1}, Kun Xu^{2,1}; ¹*Shenzhen Research Inst., Beijing Univ. of Posts and Telecommunications, China*; ²*State Key Laboratory of Information Photonics and Optical Communications, Beijing Univ. of Posts and Telecommunications, China*. We propose and experimentally demonstrate an optimized sparsification algorithm for low-complexity adaptive equalizers in short-reach coherent transmission, reducing complexity by over 50%, with a maximum of 71.5%, while preserving performance and robustness to IQ imbalance.

Th3K.5 • 15:15

Baud-Rate Finite Field Adaptive Equalization for 400G/800G-ZR Transmission, JingPeng Liu¹, Kangyue Shen¹, Sheng Cui¹, Ming Tang¹, Menghong Xu¹, Tianhang Yao¹, Jing Dai²; ¹*Huazhong Univ of Science and Technology, China*; ²*FiberHome Telecommunication Technologies, China*. A novel baud-rate sampling finite field AEQ is proposed for 400G/800G-ZR transmission, which reduces hardware complexity by >67% compared with the existing FD-AEQs, without compromising the performance.

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Th3K.6 • 15:30

Baud-Rate Clock Recovery for Coherent Receivers and its FPGA

Implementation, Menghong Xu¹, Chengbo Li¹, Sheng Cui¹, Ming Tang¹, JingPeng Liu¹, Jianfeng Han¹, Jing Dai¹; ¹*Huazhong Univ of Science and Technology, China*. Baud-rate clock recovery for coherent receivers is realized on a FPGA based real-time DSP platform using a modified Mueller and Müller timing error detector which is multiplication-free and resilient to distortions.

Th3K.7 • 15:45

A Robust Baud-Rate Timing Recovery for Short-Reach Coherent Optical

Interconnections, Siyu Gong¹, Yanfu Yang¹, Qian Xiang¹, Yongchao Jin¹, Linsheng Fan¹, Chen Cheng¹, Jianwei Tang¹; ¹*Harbin Inst. of Technology, shenzhen, China*. A novel baud-rate timing recovery scheme is experimentally demonstrated in a 118 GBaud PDM 16QAM system. The proposed method exhibits robustness against polarization crosstalk and lower jitter, leading to superior BER performance compared to traditional schemes.

14:00 -- 16:00

Rooms 201-202

Th3A • Frontiers of Optical Network Architecture Summit – Network Architecture Evolution in the Age of AI

Presider: Vincent Chan; Massachusetts Inst. of Technology, USA

Th3A.1 • 14:00 (Invited)

Evolution of Optical Network for Ubiquitous AI, Xiang Liu¹; ¹*Huawei Technologies, Hong Kong*. We review the emerging optical network evolution trends to support ubiquitous AI by providing sufficient capacity, latency, flexibility, scalability and reliability, while maximally reusing modern network architectures such as C-RAN and OXC-based 3D mesh connection.

Th3A.2 • 14:30 (Invited)

Scaling ML Workloads with Google's Evolving Datacenter Network Architecture, Anny Zheng¹, Remy Chang¹, Leon Poutievski¹; ¹*Google LLC, USA*. We discuss the challenges posed by growing machine learning workloads on datacenter networks and present how Google's Jupiter datacenter network fabrics effectively support diverse traffic.

Th3A.3 • 15:00 (Invited)

Title to be Announced, Young Jung¹; ¹*Amazon Web Services, USA*. Abstract not available.

Th3A.4 • 15:30 (Invited)

Title to be Announced, Arman Rezaee¹; ¹*CISCO, USA*. Abstract not available.

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14:00 -- 16:00

Rooms 205-206

Th3C • Ultra-Wideband Transmission

Presider: Ruben Luis; NICT, Japan

Th3C.1 • 14:00

First Field Demonstration of Real-Time Sub-100-Tb/s Transmission with Net 1.2-Tb/s Channels Over 12-THz-Wide Super C+L Band Along 305-km G.652.D Fiber, Mingqing Zuo¹, Dechao Zhang¹, Dong Wang¹, Hongqiang Zou², Da Liu², Baoluo Yan³, Hu Shi³, Han Li¹; ¹*China Mobile Research Inst., China*; ²*China Mobile Communications Corporation Group Co., China*; ³*ZTE Corporation, China*. We demonstrate a record of real-time 96-Tb/s (80×1.2-Tb/s) DP-64QAM-PCS field transmission covering 12-THz-wide super C+L band over 305-km terrestrial G.652.D fiber, which is repeated by pure Erbium-doped-fiber-based amplification.

Th3C.2 • 14:15 (Top-Scored)

Net 107.7-Tb/s Triple-Band WDM Transmission Over 1200-km Single-Mode Fiber with Forward- and Backward-Pumped Distributed Raman Amplifiers, Fukutaro Hamaoka¹, Kosuke Kimura¹, Masanori Nakamura¹, Takeo Sasai¹, Takayuki Kobayashi¹, Yutaka Miyamoto¹, Etsushi Yamazaki¹; ¹*NTT Network Innovation Laboratories, Japan*. We demonstrate a net 107.7-Tb/s S+C+L-band long-haul transmission over 1200 km with the WDM-launch and the forward and backward Raman-pump powers optimized by a closed-form GN model and by experimental evaluation of the RIN transfer.

Th3C.3 • 14:30

214-Tb/s Transmission Over 2×75-km in the S+C+L Band With >1-Tb/s/λ Signals Using Only Doped Fiber Amplifiers, Yuqian Zhang¹, Mingqing Zuo¹, Qiang Qiu², Dawei Ge¹, Dong Wang¹, Huan Chen², Baoluo Yan², Hu Shi², Jun Wu³, Hongyan Zhou³, Dechao Zhang¹, Han Li¹; ¹*Department of Fundamental Network Technology, China Mobile Research Inst., Beijing 100053, China, China*; ²*WDM System Department of ZTE Corporation, Shenzhen 518055, China, China*; ³*Yangtze Optical Fibre and Cable Joint Stock Limited Company, Wuhan, Hubei, China, 430073, China*. We demonstrate a 214-Tb/s S+C+L band optical signal over 2×75-km G.654 transmission in an 18.7-THz bandwidth using only DFAs. The net bit rate per wavelength exceeds 1 Tb/s for each of the 204 channels.

Th3C.4 • 14:45 (Tutorial)

Transmission System Technologies for Large-Scale Multiplexing in Wavelength and Space, Benjamin J. Puttnam^{2,1}; ¹*NICT, NICT, Japan*; ²*Microsoft Azure Fiber, UK*. This tutorial discusses research progress on high-capacity optical transmission systems utilizing large-scale multiplexing either through space-division multiplexing (SDM) or through multi-band wavelength-division multiplexing (WDM). We report the achievable data-rates, use cases and design constraints for both approaches.

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14:00 -- 16:00

Rooms 209-210

Th3F • Fiber Sensing and Characterization

Presider: Mikael Mazur; Nokia Bell Labs, USA

Th3F.1 • 14:00

Microwave Frequency Fiber Interferometry in Submarine Deployed Telecommunication

Cables, Adonis Bogris¹, Christos Simos², Iraklis Simos¹, Yuhan Wang³, Andreas Fichtner³, Stavros Deligiannidis¹, Nikos S. Melis⁴, Charis Mesaritakis¹; ¹*Univ. of West Attica, Greece*; ²*Univ. of Thessaly, Greece*; ³*ETH Zurich, Switzerland*; ⁴*National Observatory of Athens, Greece*. We operated a microwave frequency fiber interferometer in a telecommunication cable in the Ionian Sea, Greece, for two months. The capability of detecting undersea micro earthquakes (magnitude~1.5), tides and ocean waves is reported

Th3F.2 • 14:15

300-km Unrepeated Φ -OTDR With High Spatial Resolution Based on Fractional Fourier Transform and Hybrid Amplification, Zichen Qian¹, Mingming Zhang¹, Zihe Hu¹, Youmin Zhang¹, Can Zhao¹, Ming Tang¹; ¹*Huazhong Univ of Science and Technology, China*. We

demonstrate a 300-km unrepeated Φ -OTDR with 1-meter-high spatial resolution, achieving a record of 300000 effective sensing points through fractional Fourier transform for pulse compression and hybrid amplification using EDF and Raman pumping.

Th3F.3 • 14:30 (Invited)

SMART Subsea Cables: Joint Task Force and the Future of Ocean Monitoring, Charlotte Rowe¹, Bruce Howe³, Ceci Rodriguez-Cruz²; ¹*Los Alamos National Laboratory, USA*; ³*Univ. of Hawaii, USA*. Science Monitoring and Reliable Telecommunications (SMART) Cables will equip transoceanic telecommunications cables to monitor ocean heat, circulation and sea level rise, provide earthquake and tsunami early warning, and offer sensing for enhanced cable security.

Th3F.4 • 15:00 (Top-Scored)

527.8km Ultra-Long Single Span Distributed Optical Sensing With Co-Propagating

400Gb/s Optical Transmission, Xu Jian^{2,1}, Ming Li¹, William Shieh³, Qi Yang², Dajun Long⁴, Qianggao Hu¹, Jiekui Yu¹, Chen Liu², Zhenyu Zhu¹, Xiaoyu Wang¹, Mingxiong Duan¹, Guangli Pan⁴, Mingchao Nie¹, Jianjun Wu¹, Tian Qiu¹, Jiale Liu², Zhen Tong², Hao Chen⁵; ¹*ACCELINK, China*; ²*School of Optical and Electronic Information, Huazhong Univ. of Science and Technology, China*; ³*College of Information Science and Electronic Engineering, Westlake Univ., China*; ⁴*China Yangtze Power Co., Ltd, China*; ⁵*Corning Corporation Inc, USA*. The longest span of 527.8km distributed sensing of temperature and vibration measurement with 400Gb/s data transmission is reported, based on bidirectional sensing configuration and ROPA technology. Removing the communication signal, the distance can be further extended to 551.1km

Th3F.5 • 15:15 (Top-Scored)

Multi-Event Forward-Transmission Vibration Sensing with Dual-Sensor Adaptive

Beamforming, Jian Fang¹, Yaowen Li¹, Wataru Kohno¹, Ting Wang¹; ¹*NEC Laboratories America, USA*. We present adaptive beamforming techniques to forward-transmission multi-event vibration sensing in environments with interference and jamming. Experimental validation over 100km fiber demonstrates significant improvements on signal reconstruction, noise

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reduction, and interference rejection from other locations.

Th3F.6 • 15:30

Observation of Polarization Pulses in Aerial Fiber with Slew Rates Exceeding 10 Megaradians per Second, Robert M. Jopson¹, Mikael Mazur¹, Roland Ryf¹, Ellsworth Burrows¹; ¹*Nokia Bell Labs, USA*. Polarization was monitored of probe signals transmitted over the optical ground wires of a high-voltage power transmission line. Multiple lightning-induced polarization pulses with slew rates that would challenge current receivers were observed over five months.

Th3F.7 • 15:45

First Demonstration of Distributed Characterization Over 100 km Anti-Resonant Hollow-Core Fiber in Real-Time Widened C+L-Band WDM Transmission, Xia Gao¹, Qian Zhang², Lipeng Feng¹, Anxu Zhang¹, Peng Li¹, Lei Zhang³, Jie Luo¹, Zhengyu Liu¹, Xin Qin¹, Xiaoli Huo¹, Xiaobin Hong², Jian Wu², Junjie Li¹, Chengliang Zhang¹, Zhisheng Yang²; ¹*China Telecom Research Inst., State Key Laboratory of Optical Fiber and Cable Manufacture Technology, China*; ²*Beijing Univ. of Posts and Telecommunications, China*; ³*State Key Laboratory of Optical Fiber & Cable Manufacture technology, China*. We demonstrate real-time monitoring of 80×800-Gb/s PCS-16QAM widened C+L-band WDM transmission over 100 km HCF using a specifically-designed on-line FDM-OTDR, achieving a 40-dB dynamic range, 30-s measurement time, and 870-m spatial resolution without BER penalty.

14:00 -- 16:00

Rooms 211-212

Th3G • Enabling Techniques for PON

Presider: Yanni Ou; Beijing Univ. of Posts & Telecom, China

Th3G.1 • 14:00 (Invited)

High Power Emitters for Beyond 50G-PON, Ricardo Rosales¹, Xin Chen², Samir Rihani², Daniel Drysdale², Richard Cronin², Thomas Tilbury², Haibo Wang², Pantelis Aivaliotis², Giuseppe Talli¹, Maxim Kuschnerov¹; ¹*Huawei Technologies Duesseldorf GmbH, Germany*; ²*Huawei Technologies Research and Development Ltd., Ipswich Research Centre, UK*. Transmitter technologies and requirements for very high speed PON using IM/DD will be analyzed, with a focus on high power electro-absorption-modulator-laser-based emitters for potentially compact and cost-effective implementations.

Th3G.2 • 14:30 (Invited)

Advances in High-Speed Opto-Electronic Circuits and Transmitter/Receiver Subsystems for Optical Access Networks, Peter Ossieur¹, Gertjan Coudyzer¹, Cheng Wang¹, Jakob Declercq¹, Xin Wang¹, Shengpu Niu¹, Bruno Govaerts¹, Warre Geeroms¹, Johan Bauwelinck¹, Guy Torfs¹, Xin Yin¹; ¹*IDLab, Ghent Univ., IMEC, Belgium*. An overview of opto-electronic integrated circuits intended for upcoming optical access network systems is provided. Photonic integrated circuits for access applications and associated front-end electronics are addressed. DSP for enabling higher baudrates is discussed.

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Th3G.3 • 15:00

First Demonstration of 200G Bi-Direction Self-Coherent PON Based on Pre-Amplified Stokes Vector Direct Detection, Yuhao Fang¹, Haojie Zhu¹, Weiqi Lu¹, Puzhen Yuan¹, Honglin Ji², William Shieh¹; ¹*Westlake Univ., China*; ²*peng cheng lab, China*. We propose bidirectional self-coherent PON (SC-PON) architecture based on pre-amplified SVDD using semiconductor optical amplifiers (SOA) in the transceiver of ONUs and experimentally demonstrate the first 200G bidirectional SC-PON. We achieve 30.5 and 31.5-dB power budget for the downstream and upstream transmission over a 20-km SMF respectively.

Th3G.4 • 15:15

First Demonstration of Joint NOMA-PCS Coherent Passive Optical Networks Supporting Fixed-Rate and Flexible Fine-Grained Access, Chen Ding¹, Qiarong Xiao¹, Zijian Li¹, Zixian Wei², Chaoran Huang¹, Chester Shu¹; ¹*CUHK, Hong Kong*; ²*Tsinghua Univ., China*. We demonstrate joint non-orthogonal multiple access probabilistic constellation shaping coherent passive optical network with 160-Gbps peak rate, supporting fixed-rate and flexible fine-grained access, while reducing 62.5% complexity in carrier phase recovery by a 2-stage method.

Th3G.5 • 15:30

Experimental Demonstration of Alamouti Coded 200-Gbps/λ Coherent PON Transmission Enabled by Polar Coded Truncated Probabilistic Shaped 64-QAM, Xiaoshuo Jia¹, Junwei Li¹, Ning Wang¹, Dongxu Zhang², Kaibin Zhang², Xiaofeng Hu², Xiaoan Huang², Mingyang Lv³, Dechao Zhang¹; ¹*China Mobile Research Inst., Department of Fundamental Network Technology, China*; ²*Nokia Bell Labs, China*; ³*Nokia Shanghai Bell, China*. An Alamouti coded 200-Gbps/λ coherent PON downstream is achieved with 32-dB and 29-dB power budget under optical-back-to-back and 20-km cases respectively enabled by polar coded truncated probabilistic shaped 64-QAM scheme with 40-GHz signal bandwidth.

Th3G.6 • 15:45

Real-Time Demonstration of Softwarized 4-Port 10G-EPON PCS for Fully Virtualized Access Systems, Takahiro Suzuki¹, Kim Sang-Yuep¹, Junichi Kani¹, Tomoaki Yoshida¹; ¹*NTT Corporation, Japan*. This paper demonstrates real-time 4-port 10G-EPON physical coding sublayer (PCS) softwarization by proposing and implementing multi-port polling. The previous throughput of 8.7 Gb/s is increased to 4 x 8.7 Gb/s while maintaining code performance.

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14:00 -- 16:00

Rooms 213-214

Th3H • Packaging and Coupling Techniques

Presider: Antonio Tartaglia; Ericsson, Italy

Th3H.1 • 14:00

High-Density Evanescent Chip Coupling with Detachable Fiber Connector for Co-Packaged Optics, Lars Brusberg¹, Jorge A. Holguin-Lerma¹, Janderson R. Rodrigues¹, Betsy J. Johnson¹, Jason R. Grenier¹, Marissa Granados-Baez¹, Robin M. Force¹, Aramais Zakharian¹, Chad C. Terwilliger¹, Katerina Rousseva¹; ¹*Corning Inc., USA*. A glass interconnect for fiber-to-chip coupling with integrated pitch conversion and detachable fiber array connector for CPO is reported. The minimum evanescent coupling loss is 0.38 dB at 1337 nm for flip-chip assembled SiN chip.

Th3H.2 • 14:15

Connectorized Optical I/O Chiplet with v-Groove for AI and High Performance Computing, Chong Zhang¹, Chip Greely¹, Jianhua Li¹, Li-Fan Yang¹, Annie Hsieh¹, Haiwei Lu¹, Neil Sapra¹, John Fini¹, Vishal Chandrasekar¹, Lakshmikant Bhupathi¹, Vladimir Stojanovic¹, Chen Sun¹, Pooya Tadayon¹, Mark Wade¹; ¹*Ayar Labs, USA*. This paper presents connectorized in-package optical I/O chiplets with V-groove for passive fiber attach, enabling robust and scalable connectivity solutions for AI and high-performance compute. We demonstrate a process for ensuring known good chiplets using Ayar Labs' TeraPHY™ optical I/O chiplet.

Th3H.3 • 14:30 (Invited)

DARPA HAPPI: New Dimensions in Photonics, Anna Tauke-Pedretti¹, Radoslav Bogoslovov², Amil Patel³, Chelsea Haughn³; ¹*Defense Advanced Res Projects Agency, USA*; ²*Bogoslovov Consulting, USA*; ³*Booz Allen Hamilton, USA*. The device and link density of today's photonic integrated circuits limit the functionality of optical microsystems. The DARPA Heterogenous Adaptively Produced Photonic Interfaces (HAPPI) program aims to break these limits and scale photonic circuits by moving from planar to 3D photonic architectures.

Th3H.4 • 15:00

Photonic Modules with High Density Polymer Waveguide Interface, Jean Benoit Heroux², Adrian Paz Ramos², Francois Arguin², Yan Thibodeau², Badr Terjani², Hidetoshi Numata¹, Chinami Marushima¹, Sayuri Kohara¹, Akihiro Horibe¹, Hiroyuki Mori¹, Yoichi Taira¹, Hsianghan Hsu³, Neng Liu³, Daniel Kuchta⁴, Mark Schultz⁴, John Knickerbocker⁴; ¹*IBM Japan, Japan*; ²*IBM Canada, Canada*; ³*IBM Research- Albany, USA*; ⁴*IBM Research - Yorktown Heights, USA*. We report on the design and fabrication of optical modules in which a polymer waveguide interface is integrated for low loss, high density optical data transfer with very low space requirements on the photonic die.

Th3H.5 • 15:15 (Invited)

Latest Advanced Packaging Solutions for AI, Chih-Pin Hung¹; ¹*ASE Group, Taiwan*. Abstract not available